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VOLUME LX.—NO. 228. FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1901—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPORTED ENGAGED TO RICHEST BACHELOR.

MRS. FREDERICK GEBHARD

If there is anything in Newport gossip, the engagement of Mrs. Frederick Gebhard to James Henry Smith, the wealthiest bachelor in America, will soon be announced. Mrs. Gebhard, before her marriage a few years ago, was the leader of Baltimore's smart set, and came into some note for being unconventional things. One of these was to wade into a public fountain on a dare from a member of a party with which she was returning from a ball. Mr. Smith inherited $50,000,000 from his uncle, George ("Chicago") Smith, who died in London last year. Because of his taciturnity he is known as "Silent" Smith.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; fresh northeast winds. Sun rises 5:08; sun sets, 7; moon sets, 7:53. FRIDAY, Aug. 16, 1901.

LOCAL:—
Chief O'Neill prepared formal charges against Joyce, Tracy, and Cramer of the Detective department, and will file them today with the Civil Service board. Others may be involved.

United Irish Societies passed resolutions to join the reorganized land league. Roused to enthusiasm by Michael Davitt. O'Donovan Rossa addressed Nationalists.

George H. Phillips company placed in the hands of a receiver at the request of Mr. Phillips to head off scheme of creditors to have concern declared bankrupt.

Soldiers at Fort Sheridan, who was put in guardhouse for striking small boy, threatened with hanging as a joke by his comrades. Victim thoroughly frightened.

B. W. Allerton explained to the Board of Reviewers how his personal property assessment should be cut $500,000 because of investments in real estate.

Taunts and insults hurled by amateur Fort Sheridan actors against her fiancé caused Mrs. Mary Berberick to faint in a vaudeville show.

W. A. Cohover, a lawyer, made offer for street car franchises on basis of giving city excess of earnings above 5 per cent.

Four gas companies and the Armour Glue and Soap works sued for defiling the river. Drainage board back of action.

Civil Service board displeased at the light punishment of Policeman Walsh, who terrorized the Victoria Hotel.

Illinois Telephone and Telegraph company arranged for funds with which to complete its underground plant.

Hornets in police patrol box at Granville and Evanston avenues prevent police reporting.

Unsanitary condition of Nineteenth Ward streets blamed for typhoid fever in the district.

DOMESTIC:—
Tidal wave on the gulf coast flooded New Orleans and Mobile and did great damage at other places. Many ships destroyed and a heavy loss of life feared. Lower Mississippi delta inundated.

Arch Rock, in San Francisco Bay, blown up by thirty tons of nitrogelatin. Rocks and debris hurled 1,000 feet in the air by the explosion and many fish killed.

Northern Pacific official invented method of sending telephone and telegraph messages over same wire.

Former State Insurance Commissioner Van Cleave arrested at Springfield, charged with obstructing State papers.

Destroyers Whipple, Truxton, and Worden launched at Baltimore ship yards.

FOREIGN:—
British steamer brought news to Kingston of heavy fighting between government troops and rebels near Colon. Foreigners fleeing to escape proscription.

President Castro of Venezuela believed to design seizure of Isthmus of Panama in order to make the United States pay well for a canal concession.

Wreck of the missing ship Manchester found on one of the desert islands of the Marshall group. No traces of the crew found.

Ministers of the various powers signed the Chinese protocol. American missionaries celebrated anniversary of relief of Pekin.

Sir William Harcourt in an acrimonious debate in the House of Commons attacked Secretary Chamberlain's Boer policy.

British ministry admitted that unofficial negotiations for a new canal treaty with the United States are in progress.

Chamberlain denied General Kitchener would be superseded in command of South African troops.

Shamrock II. went into dry dock, when its lines are found to be much like those of Columbia.

Lieutenant Grant of Sixth Cavalry captured Colonel Calerera in Batangas Province.

Automobiles used to carry coffin and mourners at a funeral at Coventry, England.

Government to aid in establishing several big sugar factories in Jamaica.

Philippine commission named civil rulers for Province of La Union.

LABOR:—
Joliet employés of the Illinois Steel company, after a stormy meeting of six hours, decided to strike at 6 o'clock this morning. Six thousand men affected by this decision. Strike will force closing American steel and wire plant.

Officials of the Amalgamated association considering a proposal to be submitted to the steel manufacturers to settle the strike.

PAGES.
1 Disastrous Floods Along the Gulf. Receiver for Phillips Company. To Sift Police Scandal. Woman Robbed in a Tunnel. Joliet Workers Decide to Strike.
2 General News of New York. Arch Rock Is Destroyed. Ignore Bryan in Pennsylvania.
3 Bring Suits for Defiling River. Put Noose Round Comrade's Neck. Soldier Insulted; Fiancee Faints. R. W. Allerton Before Reviewers.
4 Crescens Distances The Abbot. Leo Newell Wins Harlem Stake. Remnants Beat St. Louis, 4 to 2. Golf Matches at Exmoor.
5 Plot to Seize Panama. Hint of New Canal Treaty. Liberal Attack on Chamberlain. Envoys at Pekin Sign Protocol.
6 Editorial Comment.
7 Chicago Irishmen at Two Picnics. Fontenoy Letter. Society News. Short Story of the Day.
8 In the Commercial Markets. Record of the Courts.
9 Financial News of the World. Submits a Novel Traction Plan. Cash for Tunnel Telephones. General News of Railroads. Insurance Affairs. Lake Marine.
12 General News from Washington. Schley Meets Counsel Today.

NEW YORK:—
J. C. Raymond, who entered into negotiation to buy an apartment house at 9 West Ninety-first street, disappeared after swindling the tenants out of two months' rent.

Mill owners at Fall River charged with announcing 15 per cent reduction in wages purposely to cause a strike.

Will of circus man Seth B. Howe disclosed fact he had a daughter, hitherto unknown to his closest friends.

General F. D. Grant charged what he considered excessive duties on his return from Europe.

WASHINGTON:—
Attorney General rendered opinion that the government is responsible for mail matter lost through negligence or dishonesty of postal employés.

Admiral Schley to hold conference in Washington today with his counsel, J. M. Wilson, Isidor Rayner, and Captain Parker.

E. P. Thompson, former postmaster at Havana, convicted of defrauding the government.

Commissioner of Immigration to urge more stringent Chinese exclusion law.

POLITICAL:—
Democratic State convention of Pennsylvania adopted a platform made up wholly of State issues. Bryan and free silver ignored. Harmon Yerkes nominated for Supreme Court Judge.

Virginia Democrats after a long argument in the State convention adopted platform praising Bryan.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—
Great Northern, Northern Pacific, and Burlington roads planning to consolidate their freight and passenger agencies at important business centers.

President Hays of the Southern Pacific reported to have resigned because of curtailment of powers.

Bethlehem iron works sold to the Bethlehem Steel company for $7,500,000.

SPORTING:—
First rounds in the Exmoor women's golf tournament were played yesterday, Misses Anthony and Carpenter being among the winners.

National league: Chicago 4, St. Louis 2; Boston 3, New York 2; Boston 5, New York 5.

State Auditor revoked license of bookmakers at Delmar track, St. Louis.

American league: Philadelphia 6, Milwaukee 4; Cleveland P. Baltimore 5.

Otto Cribb killed by a blow in a prize fight at Sydney, Australia.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ANTWERP		Pennland.
BOSTON	Saxonia	
GLASGOW		Siberian.
LIVERPOOL	Westernland	Commonwealth
NEW YORK		Aug. Victoria.
NEW YORK		La Bretagne.
NEW YORK		Konigin Louise.
QUEENST'WN	Germanic	Rhynland.
QUEENST'WN		Teutonic.
ROTTERDAM		Rotterdam.
SAN FR'NCISCO	Philadelphia	

TIDAL WAVE ON THE GULF COAST.

New Orleans and Mobile Are Flooded; Great Damage to Other Towns by Tropical Storm.

MANY SHIPS DESTROYED.

Heavy Loss of Life and Property Feared; All Wires Down and Railroads Can Run No Trains.

LOWER DELTA IS INUNDATED

Port Eads Suffers Severely—Rice Crop in Western Louisiana Ruined—Mississippi River Flows Backward.

WRECKS CRESCENT CITY SUBURBS

New Orleans, La., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Mobile and New Orleans are flooded, the Mississippi Delta devastated, the lower parishes of Louisiana west of the river covered with water, Biloxi, Mississippi City, Ocean Springs, Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian, and other gulf towns damaged and the entire east gulf coast cut off from the world as the result of the tropical storm which has been raging along the coast for the last three days.

Only meager reports, gathered mostly from refugees, can be had, but it is feared the loss to life and property will be as great as that done by the great storm of 1893. It is known many vessels were lost and that the shipping in many ports suffered. The wires are down everywhere. No trains are running along the coast because of washouts. When the last connection was broken with Mobile the operator reported three feet of water in the telegraph office at Mobile, saying the business portion of the city was deserted.

Port Eads, with the quarantine station, probably has been swept away. Refugees from the lower delta report that a tidal wave carried everything before it. The residents fled to the higher lands.

More than a dozen ships due in New Orleans are missing. Not a boat has come up the river since Tuesday.

Scores of piers and bathhouses have been wrecked along the Mississippi coast between New Orleans and Mobile, many handsome yachts have been capsised or blown ashore, and the lumber shipping industry seriously interfered with. Several thousand New Orleans business-men who have summer homes along Mississippi Sound could not get to their offices.

Great Damage to Rice.

In Louisiana the damage has been great. Large areas of rice lands have been inundated by salt water blown up by the heavy winds and the rice crops completely ruined. Thousands of orange trees have been uprooted and destroyed, and many buildings blown down or washed away.

The Mississippi River rose over seven feet in forty-eight hours, the sea water rushing in so fast that the current ran up stream over six miles an hour.

New Orleans Flooded by Sea.

Tonight nearly half of this city is covered by a salt water lake ranging in depth from one to five feet. The wind coming from the northeast drove great volumes of water from Lake Pontchatrain up the navigation canals, breaking the levees and flooding a district fully ten miles in area.

The lower floors of thousands of residences and stores have been covered with water all day, and in one street the rush of water was so great that horse hitched to a post was rescued from drowning only by prompt aid. All traffic has been suspended in the submerged district, and cannot be resumed until the breaks in the levees are repaired and the water pumped back into the lake by the drainage machines.

People are living in second stories, or have moved out in skiffs or on rafts.

Vessels Lost Off Delta.

The greatest fears are entertained for the safety of the people living at Port Eads, which is at the mouth of the Mississippi River, and for the ships that started for sea just before the storm began. The wires to Port Eads have been prostrated since Tuesday night.

A refugee from Port Eads who is at Buras, sixty miles down the river, describes the storm as a tidal wave, similar to the one which resulted in such awful loss of life in 1893. He says all the people living on the east bank of the river have moved up to the "jump," which is fifteen miles from the mouth of the river. The house of a man named Cobden was swept away, and the fifteen members of the family, including nine children, were drowned. The quarantine buildings were badly damaged. The big towboat Chamberlain was driven high and dry in the marsh, but its crew is safe. The government boat General Reese is believed to have been lost.

Captain O'Brien's house was swept away, but he was on the boat which was believed to be outside. The pile driver at Port Eads was sunk. The steamboat Buras was driven ashore near the lighthouse.

Think Twenty Are Drowned.

The tugboat Velasco went down to Pass L'Outre, which is the eastern mouth of the river, with two barges. When last seen its decks were awash, and it is believed to have gone down and twenty people drowned.

All the steamers which started for the sea on Tuesday remained inside the passes until Wednesday evening, and then went out safely, among the number being the Crowell liner Proteus and the British transport Mechanician, which was dynamited while in port a few days ago. Not a single vessel has passed up the river since the storm began, and great fears are entertained for the ones which are expected.

There is serious apprehension concerning the Cheniere, Caminada, and Grand Isle sections, on the south Louisiana coast, west of the Mississippi River, where two thousand lives were lost in 1893. Up to this time no word has been received from that section, which is largely inhabited by fishermen, mostly Chinese and Malays.

Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian, Biloxi, Mississippi City, and Ocean Springs have not been heard from since last midnight. The

(Continued on second page.)

RECEIVER FOR CORN KING.

COURTS TAKE A HAND IN AFFAIRS OF BROKER PHILLIPS.

Head of the Firm Himself Is the One to Ask That the Action Be Taken—Move to Forestall Creditors Who Had Asked That the Concern Be Declared Bankrupt—Books Said to Be in a "Chaotic Condition Still—Lawyer Takes Hopeful View.

The George H. Phillips company was placed in the hands of a receiver yesterday afternoon on the application of Mr. Phillips himself as a large creditor of the concern.

His request for the appointment of the Chicago Title and Trust company was granted by Referee in Bankruptcy Eastman, to whom the matter was referred in the absence of Judge Kohlsaat from the city.

The plunge into a receivership was taken because several creditors of the Phillips company, becoming distrustful of repeated assurances that the books would be straightened out and the company be ready to meet its obligations in a few days and resume business, filed a petition in the United States District Court earlier in the afternoon to have the company declared an involuntary bankrupt.

No Checks Inclosed.

The receivership was a surprise on the Board of Trade, though the company had, on the admission of its own officials, lost $350,000 in overpayments to customers of the May corn pool and in reckless extension of credits to other customers who lost money in unsuccessful speculation. Efforts to collect have met with promises to pay in some cases, but no checks were inclosed.

The petition sets forth the familiar facts of the organization of the company, the rapid growth of its business, and the carelessness in its conduct which made possible the prodigious losses. The petitioner declares he is a creditor of the company to a large amount, and that for the best interests of the creditors it is necessary to have a receiver appointed to collect the debts owing the corporation and to take charge of the books, which are represented to be still in a "chaotic condition."

Phillips' Attorney Talks.

Attorney Goodwin, for Mr. Phillips, said: "In my judgment this step was wholly unnecessary at this time, but, of course, the creditors are entitled to their own opinion. The work of checking the books was practically completed last night, and I understand that it shows liabilities of about $200,000 and assets of about $250,000. These assets should be increased by voluntary repayments by customers to whom the company paid 1¼ cents per bushel too much on the May corn deal, the total repayments due being approximately $100,000.

"If the company is permitted to go ahead it can earn enough in the next two months to take care of all of its liabilities. Its earnings during the months of June and July were over $75,000 cash.

"I would not be at all surprised if this step leads to the immediate reorganization of the company, the creditors taking stock in the reorganization. It is certainly a feasible method, and the company, properly handled, can pay 50 per cent dividends on half a million of capital."

"For the Benefit of All."

"Mr. Phillips has taken this action," said Attorney Ringer, "for the benefit of all the creditors. He wants to have it appear that he is a large creditor, but he proposes to relinquish all his claims against the company. When overdrafts at the bank began to come in he dumped all he had, about $60,000, including trust deeds to some real estate."

"The company owes $210,000, and at least $100,000 of the assets are probably worthless," said Mr. Phillips. "But the books are so involved it is still impossible to say where the company stands."

Something was said of a reorganization which would place Mr. Phillips in charge of the business as manager at a salary of $2,500 a year.

"I could live on $2,500 a year," said Mr. Phillips, "and any money that we might make could be applied to the debts."

FAMILY AWAY FOR SUMMER; HOUSE LOOTED BY THIEVES.

Residence of J. A. Hinckley Entered and Ransacked in Search of Plunder—Remove Panel from Rear Door.

Profiting by the absence of the family, burglars early yesterday morning entered and ransacked the residence of J. A. Hinckley at 3602 Prairie avenue. Trunks, bureau drawers, and closets were searched and their contents strewn about. The interior of the building was in a state of chaos. The burglars had cut a panel from one of the rear doors. The robbery was reported to the Stanton avenue police. Mr. Hinckley, whose wife is an invalid, is in Blue Island for the summer. He was notified of the robbery and will return today to estimate his loss. Considerable jewelry and clothing was in the house when the family went away several weeks ago.

DIVORCED WIFE OF JAMES O'NEILL LOST FROM HOME.

Indiana Farmer Asks the Chicago Police to Aid in Search for His Missing Cousin and Offers a Reward.

Edwin Walsh, a wealthy farmer from South Bend, Ind., came to Chicago yesterday and asked the police to assist him in his search for his cousin, Nettie Walsh, formerly Mrs. James O'Neill, wife of the actor, who disappeared from South Bend three weeks ago. Mr. Walsh told the police that he was willing to give $500 for information leading to the finding of the woman. The woman, Walsh says, was married to James O'Neill in 1888. After living with him for three years they separated and she resumed her maiden name of Nettie Walsh.

About three weeks ago the woman told her cousin she was going for a buggy ride, and that was the last seen of her in South Bend. The horse and buggy were found later, near the creek, with the woman's parasol in the buggy, but no trace of her could be found.

SUFFERS A WEEK AND DIES WITHOUT TELLING HIS NAME.

Man Who Is Stricken with Paralysis Unable to Reveal His Identity When Taken to the County Hospital.

For seven days an unidentified man laid on a cot at the County Hospital. Yesterday he died. The man, paralyzed and unable to speak, was found on the morning of Aug. 8 lying on a sidewalk at Ashland avenue and Augusta street. Five dollars was found in the man's pockets, but there was nothing in the nature of papers which would lead to his identification. The man is described as between 55 and 60 years old, 5 feet 8 inches tall, and of light complexion. He was fairly well dressed.

POLICE SCANDAL CHARGES TODAY.

Chief O'Neill Prepares to Make Formal Complaint Against Joyce, Tracy, and Cramer.

COLLERAN ORDERED HOME

Peremptory Note Is Sent to the Captain of Detectives by Acting Mayor Walker.

SEEK TO PROVE A FORGERY.

Events are moving rapidly toward a climax in the Detective bureau scandal.

Chief of Police O'Neill is exerting every effort to be able to file with the Civil Service commission today formal charges against Lieutenant Peter Joyce and Detective Sergeants John J. Tracy and John Cramer, implicating all three in the handling of the fictitious expense account by which $75 was collected for bringing Prisoner Joseph Larkin back to Chicago from Cleveland when no special trip for this man was made.

Immediately following the filing of charges Acting Mayor Walker is prepared to order Joyce's suspension pending trial.

Colleran Is Ordered Home.

The Acting Mayor yesterday sent a peremptory order to Chief of Detectives Luke P. Colleran to return to Chicago by Monday and face the charges which now involve his department. Colleran, it has developed, was ordered not to leave the city when he did, but to remain here and be ready to meet the investigation that threatens to shake the Detective bureau from end to end.

Colleran disobeyed instructions, however, and went East with Robert E. Burke, head of the Democratic political machine. The two are now together at Coney Island.

Seek Possible Forgery.

Assistant State's Attorney Barnes expects to receive today from Secretary of State Rose the original petition for the requisition on which Larkin was brought back to Chicago. Then it will be settled as to whether or not State's Attorney Deneen's name, as has been charged, was forged to this document. If it is found that a forgery was committed preparation will be made at once to have the September grand jury look into the methods of the Detective bureau and its chief. Colleran himself would be a leading witness in this event.

There were charges and countercharges made yesterday. Lieutenant Joyce charges that he is being made the victim of a conspiracy on the part of a clique at the Central Station. Detectives Cramer and Tracy insist that they are being made scapegoats to protect men of higher rank.

Joyce says the men arrayed against him are William Luthardt, chief clerk of the bureau, who made out the Larkin papers; Lieutenant McWeeney, Detective Sergeant Gallagher, who really brought back Larkin, having been in Cleveland at the time to get another prisoner; and Detectives Tracy and Cramer.

Many Other Cases.

Police officials in authority assert that the Larkin requisition is but one of many on which the State has been made to pay expenses for bringing back fugitives from justice when no trips were made by central detectives. The State's Attorney's office is seeking to find just how many other requisitions were not recorded in that office.

"I have read repeatedly in the newspapers of fugitives being brought back," said an Assistant State's Attorney last night, "when we had signed petitions for no requisitions and there were no entries of such cases in our office. It is to be presumed that 'expenses' were collected from the State just as in the Larkin case. Now we propose to see just how far this has gone."

Detectives in Revolt.

The scandal has brought on a revolt on the part of many of the 120 detectives now on duty under Colleran. There is no pretense at maintaining discipline. There are a half-dozen men who threaten to "tell all they know." They assert, too, that if they take this step startling results should follow. One charge they make is that from $4,000 to $5,000 is split up each year between Central Station favorites as the proceeds of expenses collected from the State on the pretense of bringing back fugitives from justice.

"Fixing up requisition papers for one man and then letting another detective who happens to be in the city where the wanted man is held bring back the prisoner isn't the only way this money is secured," said one official. "Say a detective is sent to New York to bring back a prisoner. He goes to the railroad people and gets a pass. It's ten to one he gets also a pass to bring back the prisoner on.

"Once back in Chicago the detective fixes up his expense account. He gets 12 cents a mile for the first 200 miles traveled, 10 cents a mile for the next 300 miles, 8 cents a mile for the next 500, and then 5 cents a mile for every mile over 1,000. Well, it's counted 900 miles to New York. Just figure that up! You'll find $86 on mileage down there and $56 on the trip back for the detective himself."

More Trouble Brewing.

Chief O'Neill is extending his inquiry, and more of Colleran's men may have to face charges. The Chief has been seeking diligently to drive "con" men from the city.

On Sunday night four well-known members of this thieving fraternity, all old-time offenders from New York City, operated in Chicago's streets. They piled their tricks at Washington and Clark streets, not 200 feet away from Colleran's office.

Their names are in Chief O'Neill's notes now, and it is said that Central Station detectives are the men who, for money, "touted" them that it was safe to visit Chicago.

Chief O'Neill spent the greater part of the day in conference with Acting Mayor Walker. The drafting of the charges against Joyce, Tracy, and Cramer was considered.

"This matter will be investigated to the end," said Mr. Walker. "There will be no loopholes in the charges."

Mayor Is Well Informed.

Mayor Harrison is kept informed as to every turn, but he has not been asked to come home and take charge of the scandal inquiry. Mr. Walker wrote him at length during the day. He asserted that immediate action was necessitated, but that the executive need not worry and to prolong his vacation as much as he pleased.

ROB WOMAN IN A TUNNEL.

THREE THIEVES SECURE $49; ESCAPE IN WAGON.

Mrs. Edward Hughes Attacked in Subway at Sixty-sixth Street While Returning Home and Her Purse Is Stolen After a Struggle in Which She Is Roughly Handled—Staggers Home, Tells Her Story, and Faints—Police Pursuit Is Vain.

Mrs. Edward Hughes of 310 Sixty-sixth place was held up by three men under the Illinois Central subway at Sixty-sixth street last evening and robbed of a purse containing $49. The robbers escaped in a wagon, driving west to Cottage Grove avenue.

Mrs. Hughes was returning home after visiting friends on the South Side, when she noticed a colored man in an express wagon near the railroad subway with two companions standing on the sidewalk. She paid little attention to them and walked west through the subway. She had not gone far before one of the men ran up behind her, seizing her around the neck and held her while his companion grabbed her pocketbook containing $49, which she carried in her hand.

The two men then ran to their companion in the express wagon, and the three galloped down Sixty-sixth street. Mrs. Hughes screamed for help, but nobody came to her assistance.

Exhausted and nearly overcome by her experience she made her way home. She fainted as she reached the door, and when she revived she informed the neighbors that she had been robbed by three negroes. The Woodlawn police were notified by telephone and a patrol wagon filled with policemen was sent to the scene of the robbery to search for the robbers. The police followed the trail of the express wagon, which carried the men as far as Cottage Grove avenue. There all trace of the robbers was lost.

RICH NORTH DAKOTA MAN GOES TO PRISON FOR LIFE.

William Barry Convicted of Murder of a Man Whom He First Tried to Hang Single-Handed and Alone.

Langdon, N. D., Aug. 15.—The jury in the case of William Barry, who has been on trial for the murder of Andrew Mellem, tonight rendered a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree and ordered him sentenced to life imprisonment.

Barry is a wealthy farmer residing near Milton, N. D., and Mellem was his hired man. According to Barry's own story his unmarried sister had promised to marry Mellem, but the latter had jilted her. The girl became insane from brooding over the matter.

On the day of the murder Barry went to the barn where Mellem was and told him that he had come to kill him. He had a rope in his hands, and this he placed around the hired man's neck and tried to hang him. Mellem made such a struggle that Barry failed. Barry then pulled out his watch and told Mellem that he had but five minutes to live. Mellem knelt and prayed. At the expiration of the allotted time Barry stabbed him to death. Barry's sister was afterwards taken to an asylum, where she died.

MORGAN'S CO-OPERATIVE PLAN.

Will Set Aside Several Millions of Steel Stock to Be Purchased at Inside Figures by Employes.

New York, Aug. 15.—J. Pierpont Morgan has planned the greatest labor union of the age, a union of labor and labor's ally—capital. According to his plans stock of the United States Steel corporation valued at several millions of dollars at par has been set aside for the purchase at inside figures by the 165,000 men employed by the companies that make up the great steel trust.

The plan was conceived before the strike was thought of, and then it was expected that it might be put in operation in two years. It required time to formulate the details of such a tremendous undertaking. For this reason announcement was withheld.

At a recent conference, however, between the Executive board of the Amalgamated association and Charles M. Schwab, the President of the United States Steel corporation, it came out that Schwab, under the direction of Morgan, had formulated a profit-sharing scheme whereby it was proposed to make every employé of the steel corporation a coöperator in the business.

The plan contemplated by the steel corporation is nothing more than a high development of the scheme that has prevailed in the Carnegie plants since 1892. After studying the success attained by Carnegie it is said that Morgan and his associates in the management of the steel corporation determined that it would be wise to extend the scheme.

DROWNED AT NORTH SIDE BEACH

Unknown Man Rents Suit and Does Not Return for Clothing—Suicide Theory Entertained.

A man supposed to have been Joseph Schneider, a traveling salesman for a New York jewelry firm, is thought to have been drowned at the Devon avenue bathing beach last night. At midnight the owner of the bathing-houses took the man's clothing to the Summerdale Police Station and reported the disappearance of the bather. No one has been found who heard cries for help and it is thought that the man committed suicide. In his clothing was found $12, a gold watch and chain, and several diamonds. The police will drag for the body this morning.

SAVES GIRL IN PARK LAGOON.

Policeman Rescues a Woman Who Fell Overboard from the Gang Plank of a Yacht.

Policeman W. T. Doherty of Lincoln Park plunged into the park lagoon last evening and saved Miss Hattie Green from drowning. Miss Green and Miss Helen Jonas of 758 Arlington place went to the lagoon last evening to call on Charles Hamilton, owner of the yacht "Ollie." The two women were walking the gang plank when Miss Green made a misstep and fell into the water. Without stopping to remove his coat the policeman dived into the water and carried Miss Green to the bank.

WANTS RIDE IN PATROL WAGON.

Evanston Dog Owner Arrested for Not Paying Taxes Has to Walk Home from Station.

Mathew Watkins of 836 Wesley avenue, Evanston, insisted that he should be taken home in the patrol wagon last night after he had been brought to the station in the vehicle to pay his dog taxes. Watkins refused to go voluntarily to the station, and when arrested refused to walk. The policeman then called the wagon. Watkins arrived at the station and paid his taxes, and then insisted that he be driven home again. He made a disturbance, but walked home.

VOTE TO STRIKE IN JOLIET MILLS.

Illinois Steel Employes Decide Unanimously After a Long and Lively Meeting.

ORDER IN EFFECT TODAY.

Eagerness of Young Men and Tighe's Threats Override the Conservatism of Older Heads.

"LET 'EM GO!" SAYS FOOTE.

Half the 6,000 Workers Affected Toil for Wire Combine, Which Must Have Its Supply of Rods.

NEXT MOVE AT BAY VIEW PLANT.

TIGHE'S MESSAGE TO SHAFFER.
Joliet, Ill., Aug. 15.—Joliet all right. Order to strike unanimous. M. F. TIGHE.

NUMBER OF MEN INVOLVED BY STRIKE.

Illinois Steel employes on strike	3,000
Wire employes (affected)	3,000
Total	6,000

Information from Pittsburg last night was to the effect that owing to a provision of the constitution of the Amalgamated association Mr. Tighe cannot revoke the charter of a lodge of that association. It can only be done by a board of investigation after a trial.

Joliet employés of the Illinois Steel company decided last night to strike at 6 o'clock this morning.

The decision was reached after a stormy meeting lasting six and one-half hours. Michael J. Tighe, the representative of President Shaffer, and District Vice President Davis of South Chicago made addresses, in which threats were mingled with pleadings before the final vote was taken.

It was a fight between the old men and the young men, and the young men won, rolling up the needed two-thirds majority. Then the vote was made unanimous.

Six thousand men are affected by the decision. Half the number are employés of the Illinois Steel company. The other half work for the American Steel and Wire company. As the former furnishes rods to the latter company, the wire concern cannot continue operating its mills when the supply of raw material is shut off.

Foote in Defiant Mood.

"Well, let 'em strike!"

This was the comment made by First Vice President Charles H. Foote of the Illinois Steel company, when informed at his home in Chicago of the action of the employés of the Joliet plant. Mr. Foote apparently cared more for sleep than for news that the men had decided to strike.

"Well, what do you want?" he demanded, when asked for his opinion a few moments before 10 o'clock.

"The men at Joliet have voted to strike and will quit work in the morning," he was told, "and——"

"Well, let 'em strike!" he said in a loud voice. "Who cares? Let 'em strike! Good night!"

When the news of the decision to strike in Joliet reached South Chicago, where a previous opposite decision had been affirmed the night before, the workmen received the information in silence.

Hundreds Await Decision.

For hours hundreds of people waited around Trades and Labor Hall in Joliet during the afternoon and evening for the result of the meeting. It was a question of strike or not to strike, and 3,000 people looked for the result, because they knew their positions depended upon it. In addition to the workmen who expected their position to be placed in jeopardy, the merchants, clergy, and men about town expressed interest.

The mills had been closed down at the request of the employés until 6 o'clock. All the steel workers wanted an opportunity to vote on the question of reconsidering the secret decision not to strike reached on Sunday night. The revoking of the charters of the South Chicago lodges apparently had set the men to thinking.

Michael J. Tighe, assistant secretary of President Shaffer, accompanied by District Vice President Davis of South Chicago, arrived at 11 a. m. They went direct to the Trades and Labor Hall, where Mr. Tighe addressed the striking tin workers of Swansea Lodge.

Talks to Tent Dwellers.

For more than two hours he talked to them, congratulating them on the stand they had taken, and promising them all the aid the association could give. Many of these men now are living in tents, spending as little money as possible, because they have little enough on which to live. They were out all last year and had only been at work ten weeks when the strike order was sent out by President Shaffer. Regardless of this, they left their work and began what seemed a hopeless struggle. Mr. Tighe contrasted their action with that of the South Chicago steel workers, of whom he spoke bitterly.

At the conclusion of the meeting of Swansea Lodge, Mr. Tighe and Mr. Davis had a brief conference with the officials of the four Joliet organizations.

At 2 o'clock the men began to gather for the mass-meeting. All the mills, with the exception of the factory and the furnaces, had been closed down. Mr. Tighe spoke first, telling the men in strong terms of the action of South Chicago workers and how he had revoked their charters. He said he was authorized to deal as severely with the Joliet lodges unless they voted to strike. He did not believe it necessary there, because he thought the union sentiment stronger than in South Chicago.

Long Battle of Oratory.

Mr. Tighe spoke until 4 o'clock, when the men took a vote on whether or not they would return to work at 6 o'clock. By a majority of ten it was decided to finish the debate and not to go to work at 6 p. m. Word was sent to Superintendent Norton, waiting below, that the men would not be back at 6, and the battle of speeches continued.

At 4:30 cheering was heard, indicating that the anti-strike speechmaking had begun. From that until 6 o'clock there was no let up or indication that the meeting would soon

adjourn. The old men were fighting the strike, it was said, while the young men were urging a reconsideration of the vote taken on Sunday not to strike.

Six, 7, 8, 9 o'clock came, yet there was no result. The men had not paused for supper or even to get a sandwich.

Finally Vote to Strike.

The agreement to order a strike was reached by the four lodges at 9 o'clock, after it had been decided to reconsider the action of Sunday not to strike. Then a secret ballot on the motion to strike was taken, and the necessary two-thirds majority to call the strike was obtained. Then the action was made unanimous, the result being cheered heartily by the men.

Down on the street the result was received with doleful looks by the business-men. While the town was filled with unionists, there were many who would have preferred to see the men remain at work. The striking tin workers were jubilant and celebrated in their tents with songs and congratulatory speeches.

Tighe Praises the Men.

"I found men with strong hearts in Joliet," said Mr. Tighe, "and they were true to their pledges. The session was long, but the delay was due to the desire of the men to explain why they had not struck when the order was first issued. They excuse themselves by charging their action to the ambiguity of President Shaffer's order. I am perfectly satisfied with their action. It is an encouragement to the cause of unionism to find such men as these."

"I am not the lone striker in this district now," said Vice President Davis. "The Joliet men have the right kind of hearts, and we will know in the future where to find them. I will make Joliet my headquarters during the strike."

Split at Bay View.

Assistant Secretary Tighe will go to the Illinois steel mills at Bay View, near Milwaukee, today, where he will try to persuade the men there to follow the example of the Joliet employés and strike. When he arrives he will find that there is danger of a split in the Milwaukee lodge of the Amalgamated association. There are a number of young men in the lodge who, like the young men in Joliet, are in favor of declaring a strike. So far they have been held in line by the older men, but there is considerable dissatisfaction among them.

CANNOT REVOKE CHARTER.

Constitution and By-laws of Amalgamated Association Prohibit Summary Action by Official.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—The constitution and by-laws of the Amalgamated association specifically prohibit the revocation of a branch lodge's charter, as was done today in Chicago, by any individual. It is provided that when any violations of the laws occur they shall be reported in writing to the Vice President of the district, who will investigate, and, if warranted, bring the accused lodge before the national body for trial.

Once more there are efforts afoot to settle the strike being waged against the United States Steel corporation by the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel, and Tin Workers, but their success is problematical. Neither side will admit that there has been a single step toward bringing about a settlement or that there is any prospect of an exchange of peace proposals.

B. M. Caldwell, formerly a mill owner of Mingo Junction, is known to have conferred with the strike leaders with a view to sketching a basis of settlement which he plans to place before the officials of the steel corporation. He is believed to be the mysterious man who conferred with President Shaffer for more than two hours at the strike headquarters today, although the latter said later that he had not seen Mr. Caldwell for months, but it is known positively that the plan is under consideration. Mr. Caldwell is acting independently and does not represent either the manufacturers or the men.

No expression from him was obtained, and no line on the terms that have been considered can be obtained.

President Shaffer in a statement made at noon today said that personally he was for peace and that he was fighting only because he was on the defensive and forced to fight.

BETHLEHEM IRON WORKS SOLD.

Big Ordnance Plant Transferred to Bethlehem Steel Company for $7,500,000—May Go to Crampe.

Bethlehem, Pa., Aug. 15.—The stockholders of the Bethlehem Iron company today voted almost unanimously to accept the price of $7,500,000 offered by the Bethlehem Steel company for the big steel and ordnance works here, and an hour later the directors closed the deal. The steel company, it is said, has a purchaser for the plant, and it is generally believed that this purchaser is Charles M. Schwab, President of the United States Steel corporation, and it is also believed that he will buy the property for the Vickers-Maxim company and the Cramp Shipbuilding company. The works employ 4,000 skilled mechanics.

MOORE'S BOOKS ARE IN LIMBO.

Chicago Public Library Stigmatizes "Esther Waters" as Among Books Unfit for General Readers.

George Moore can find "Esther Waters" and all his other books in the Chicago Public Library, but he will find that all of them are hidden away in the vaults, their names not mentioned in the printed lists, and their perusal a thing deemed undesirable.

It is no easy task to get at Moore's works. One must go to the card catalogue on the fourth floor, interview the young woman in charge there, and, if she deems the solicitor of strong enough moral caliber, she gives over the volume asked. If she does not he must have a talk with Librarian Frederick Hild, who questions and cross-questions, and usually refuses.

STEAMER HAS NARROW ESCAPE.

Strikes Obstruction in Detroit River and Brings Away Bowlder Firmly Imbedded in Hull.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 15.—The steamer W. H. Wolf struck on an obstruction in the main channel near Ballard's Reef, Detroit River, on the trip up, and brought away a bowlder imbedded firmly in the planking of the hull. Had the rock dropped out while the steamer was in deep water it might have foundered. The Wolf will go to South Chicago to have the damage repaired.

OBITUARY.

COLONEL JOHN D. ELLIOTT, a prominent ex-Confederate soldier, is dead at his country home near Fort Logan, Colo. Colonel Elliott was Acting Governor of Mississippi in 1859, and was a political leader in Texas in later years, residing at Benham. He published newspapers in Mississippi, Louisiana, and Texas. Dropsy of the heart was the cause of his death. His wife and one son, J. F. C. Elliott of Luling, Tex., survive him.

LEE WELLS, a well-known lumberman, died yesterday at Minneapolis. He will be buried at Moline, his former home.

DR. E. H. COOPER, formerly United States army surgeon, is dead at Galesburg, Ill.

Cadets Camp at Exposition.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Nearly 500 cadets from West Point arrived here this evening and went into camp within the Pan-American Exposition grounds. Colonel Charles G. Treat was in command. The cadets are divided into five companies, with company officers.

The West Point Cadets

Will be at the Pan-American Exposition Aug. 15 and 29. General Miles will be there, and the military drills and exhibitions will be of unusual interest. Don't forget that the Michigan Central is "the Niagara Falls Route," and the Pan-American Special the finest train.

For folders, tickets, and information, apply to City Ticket Office, 119 Adams street.

BUYS HOUSE TO FLEECE TENANTS.

New Landlord Collects Rents in Advance on Promises and Disappears.

WANT WORKERS TO QUIT.

Fall River Capitalist Says the Mill-Owners Are Trying to Force Their Men Out.

GENERAL NEW YORK NEWS

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Aug. 15.

Landlord Gets Rent in Advance and Is Missing.

Tenants of the large apartment-house at 9 West Ninety-first street are anxiously awaiting the reappearance of J. Carlyle Raymond, who recently purchased the premises. After collecting several months' rent he disappeared. The house was owned by Edwin H. Brown, a lawyer, until April, when Raymond appeared and bought the premises. The building is six stories and accommodates twelve families.

Raymond paid $5,000 cash when he purchased the house, and Mr. Brown, for the balance of the purchase price, took a mortgage. The new owner proved a pearl of a landlord. He called on the different tenants, inquiring whether everything was satisfactory, asked whether they wished any alterations made, and wound up by promising to repaint and repaper the entire house from top to bottom.

The tenants were highly pleased with their new landlord, and the latter, seeing he had gained their confidence, began to operate. He called upon them early in July and collected two months' rent in advance from all the tenants. As a bonus for their kindness Raymond gave a written promise to reduce the rents for the following year and to make no charge for August of 1902. Then Raymond notified the janitor he had decided not to keep the house and that he would transfer it back to Mr. Brown.

Nothing has been seen of Raymond since. Investigation showed he had not only failed to pay the janitor and the help in the house, but had not paid any bills incidental to the running of the house, and the electric light company cut off the current in the premises and the electric elevators stopped.

Mr. Brown, upon learning the particulars, ordered foreclosure proceedings to be begun at once against Raymond. It is not known as yet how much Raymond cleared above the $5,000 invested in the cash payment.

When the matter was brought to the attention of the police it was learned that Raymond had been guilty of swindles, and that he had on one occasion served time for one of these.

Clinton and Russell, architects, have filed plans for the eighteen-story brick office building to be built at the southeast corner of Broadway and Maiden Lane. Stewart Browne, President of the Broadway Building company, is the owner. The estimated cost is $1,200,000.

Think Owners Want Strike at Fall River Mills.

Matthew C. D. Borden, who is regarded as the most important single owner of print cloth mills in Fall River, was asked today something in regard to the prospective strike among the 30,000 operatives employed in the eighty-seven mills manufacturing cotton goods in New England. The operatives have been threatened by the Textile Manufacturers' association with a 15 per cent cut in wages, and a strike seems likely. Mr. Borden is an independent manufacturer.

Mr. Borden said the mill owners of Fall River had announced the proposed reduction in wages for the purpose of precipitating a strike, which would afford them an opportunity to dispose of a surplus of goods that is at present choking up the mills.

"What the mill-owners of Fall River should do if they have an overabundance of goods," he said, "is to make fewer goods for a while. The operatives, I know, are perfectly willing to be laid off temporarily. The mill-owners have proceeded in a somewhat unusual manner, by announcing far in advance a proposed cut in wages. The object, it seems to me, is to produce a strike, and in that manner accomplish a curtailment of goods.

"I don't approve of this way of doing business. It would be far better, more businesslike, and manly to meet the issue squarely, lay the case before the men and explain the necessity for a temporary lay-off."

The City and Suburban Homes company are to build another model tenement house at 213 and 215 West Sixty-second, the plans for which were filed yesterday with the Buildings department. The estimated cost is $52,000.

A gold neck chain belonging to Mrs. W. E. D. Stokes is in the possession of Collector Bidwell at the custom-house, and will be held until Saturday. The chain was taken from Mrs. Stokes by Special Treasury Agent Theobald, when she landed from the Oceanic on Wednesday. Mrs. Stokes said the chain had been given to her by her husband, W. E. D. Stokes, from whom she is now divorced, and she was unable to swear that it had been bought in the United States. Under the law the article had to be seized, and Collector Bidwell must hold it until proof of its purchase is forthcoming.

Rich Woman's Chain Held at Custom-House.

Mrs. Stokes declared she had purchased jewelry worth $6,870 while abroad, and that in her handbag she had $50,000 worth of jewelry which she had taken with her from this side of the ocean. The neck chain for which Mrs. Stokes was unable to satisfactorily account was among the jewels in the handbag. Mrs. Stokes paid nearly $3,000 duty.

Fred Grant Displeased with Customs Duties.

General Frederick D. Grant, who arrived today from Bremen aboard the steamship Lahn, was not pleased with the way the customs inspectors searched his trunks after he had declared everything dutiable in his possession. He paid $33 duty on $63 worth of articles, which he thought somewhat excessive. The officials, he said, were courteous, and he had no fault to find with them, but he could not help remarking that in all the ports he had been in on his trip through Russia and eastern Germany his baggage never was examined. He said the feeling of upper and middle class Russians was distinctly favorable to the United States.

Professor Michael Pupin, inventor of the submarine telephone, whose house was entered by burglars this week, returned to Yonkers this evening. He had just received word of the robbery, and came home to see what was missing. After an examination of the house he stated that nothing was gone. All of his papers, drawings, and data, he says, are in a safe deposit vault in New York, and none were left in the house.

Newport to Have Another Wedding.

Newport is likely to have another fashionable wedding this season, as the announcement was made today of the engagement of Miss Phyllis Langhorne to Reginald Brooks. Miss Langhorne is the daughter of C. G. Langhorne of Greenwood, Va. Miss Langhorne is a handsome young woman. She is the sister of Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson and Mrs. Robert Shaw. Mr. Brooks is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Mortimer Brooks of Newport and New York. He is prominent in athletics, and is considered one of the best amateur yachtsmen in the country. No date has been announced for the wedding.

Big stores which have been giving free shoe shines are to abolish the practice. The proprietors think they are shining too many shoes not bought at their stores.

May Have to Crow in Court.

Alfred Gardner of 374 Bainbridge street, Brooklyn, has secured a summons requiring Robson Dalton of 372 Bainbridge street to appear in the Gates avenue police court on Aug. 23 and show cause why he should not be compelled to dispose of a rooster which the petitioner alleges disturbs his sleep and injures his health.

Gardner says the rooster is a source of much trouble in the neighborhood, and that it is not proper to maintain such a nuisance in a thickly populated part of a city.

Dalton says he is a vaudeville artist, that his specialty is to imitate a chanticleer, and that he must practice to prepare for the coming season. He denies he is the owner of a rooster, but says he practices crowing. The chances are Dalton will have to do some crowing in court.

William Zeigler, who is the financial backer of Explorer Baldwin, now on his way to seek the pole, has returned from England. "I had to bid Mr. Baldwin farewell in London," said he, "because of the illness of my little son. I do not expect to hear from him again before next July. Then I may journey to the east coast of Greenland to meet him."

Elopers Overtaken and Girl Returned Home.

Arthur McDavitt, a dentist, of Bloomingdale, N. J., though manacled, escaped from a hotel in Sparta, Sussex County, N. J., but Miss May Francisco, with whom he eloped, was captured and returned to her parents.

Miss Francisco is in her seventeenth year. She is a member of the Methodist Church and the Epworth league. W. A. Tintle called on her last Monday evening and remained at the house until nearly midnight. When he was going home he noticed a carriage standing under a tree some distance from the house. The next morning Miss Francisco was missing.

At 5 o'clock Tuesday morning McDavitt drove into the village. He was in bed all day, while the girl's father and some friends were searching for her. A watch was kept on McDavitt on Tuesday night. At 2 o'clock yesterday he harnessed his horse and drove toward Sussex County. Mr. Francisco and several friends followed him. At 10 o'clock last night McDavitt and Miss Francisco drove up to the Sparta Hotel. Two constables seized McDavitt. The girl fled to an adjoining corn field. She was caught in the Sparta Cemetery.

McDavitt was manacled and kept in one of the rooms of the hotel until the father and the party of pursuers could come up, as the constables had no warrant for the arrest of the dentist or the girl. Before the party arrived the dentist escaped. No further effort is being made to follow McDavitt.

The will of Mrs. Sophia Froelich was filed for probate in the Surrogate's office in Brooklyn today. The estate is valued at $100,000. The testatrix cuts off her son, John D. Froelich, with $1. She disinherited her son because he took his wife's part. The estate is bequeathed in equal shares to the other children.

Remodels Her House to Fit Bedstead.

Mrs. Samuel Benton of Tintonfalls, N. J., is fond of furniture of colonial make. She recently had some guests from New York. When they returned home they sent her an antique rosewood bedstead. The bedstead was large and heavy and the family could not get it up stairs and the second story windows were not large enough to permit it to pass through, even if the sash was taken out. Carpenters were sent for and a hole was cut through the side of the house beside the stairway to admit the bedstead.

Then Mrs. Bennett found that the head of the bedstead was too tall to stand up in the room. The hole in the side of the house had been closed and the bedstead could not be taken out again without chopping out the side. Mrs. Bennett did not like the idea of doing this; besides she wanted the bedstead up-stairs. To solve the problem she decided to have part of the ceiling of the room raised. The carpenters once more went to work and the ceiling was raised about eight inches at one end of the room. Then the bedstead was set up.

Court Does Not Think 3-Year-Old Threw 5-lb. Stone.

Frank W. Coler, younger brother of Controller Coler, has brought suit in the Supreme Court at Seattle, Wash., asking a divorce from his wife, Cecilia Anderson Coler. Mr. Coler declares that his wife has an ungovernable temper, and that he cannot live with her.

Arthur Mostyn, the 3-year-old son of Arthur N. Mostyn of Jersey City, was summoned before Police Justice Murphy in the second Criminal Court today to explain why he threw a stone through a $2.50 window in the house of a neighbor. The diminutive prisoner, who has not reached the trousser stage, said he didn't do it, and the magistrate believed him after inspecting the stone. The stone weighed five pounds, and the court concluded that the boy would have to grow a good deal before he would be able to lift it. The woman who made the complaint was advised to sue for damages in a civil court, and little Arthur was taken home in his father's arms.

James B. Fielder, one of the executors of the estate of the late Pierre Lorillard, said that he knew of no negotiations for the purchase of the Rancocas farm. He knew of no proposition of the heirs to buy the place of Mrs. Allen.

Will Indict More Police Officials.

Police Captain Watson Vredenburgh of the Oak Street Station and John F. Flood of the "tenderloin" precinct, together with Acting Captain Shields and "Wardman" Dwyer of the latter precinct, will in all probability be indicted for neglect of duty next week by the grand jury as a result of Justice Jerome's secret inquiry in the case of "The People of the State of New York and Others."

Practically no corroboration of Edgar A. Whitney's confession, implicating Glennon and many others in a conspiracy to notify poolrooms of prospective raids, and mentioning Deputy Commissioner Devery's name in the same connection, has been obtained.

As a matter of fact the fire of the investigators—Justice Jerome, Frank Moss, and Assistant District Attorneys Schurman and Gavan—has been withdrawn from Devery because it could not be made to reach him with legal effect.

Devery conducted the regular police trials today.

It is estimated that 30,000 girls will be involved in a strike movement to begin in the flannel waist and women and children's wear industries in and near this city next week. Increase in wages and a uniform working day are desired.

SHERIFF DEFIES A MOB; SAVES PRISONER'S LIFE.

Angry Citizens of Tuscaloosa, Ala., Try to Lynch a Negro, but Are Thwarted by Officer's Nerve.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., Aug. 15.—A mob of fifty men entered the jail before daylight this morning, determined to lynch Henry Pratt, colored.

Sheriff Kyle had suspected no danger and was sleeping in the jail. The mob entered his room and slipped a pistol from beneath his head. Then they awakened him and demanded the keys. The Sheriff insisted that the keys were locked up in the safe.

After some parleying the Sheriff, who had arisen, worked his way to a closet where he had a loaded shotgun. With a sudden spring he secured the gun and then defied the mob. In face of the loaded gun the men left the jail and dispersed. The keys were under the mattress all the time.

Jackson Miss., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—The Governor's Guards of this city were ordered to Sardis today to protect a negro from lynching. The troops arrived just in time, and the negro was brought to Jackson tonight.

ARCH ROCK, SAN FRANCISCO, BLOWN UP WITH SPECTACULAR EFFECTS.

Thirty tons of explosives were used in the destruction of the rock, which, while picturesque, was a serious obstruction to navigation. The picture shows the framework erected by the men who have been at work for some time honeycombing the rock with tunnels into which the great quantity of nitrogelatine was placed.

TIDAL WAVE ALONG GULF.

GREAT LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY ON COAST.

Tropical Storm Sweeps Towns — New Orleans and Mobile Flooded — All Wires Down and No Trains Are Running—Mississippi Delta Is Inundated —Many Ships Known to Be Lost and Fears for Others Are Entertained.

(Continued from first page.)

Louisville and Nashville railroad is blocked off beyond Chef Menteur, thirty miles from this city. The big steel bridge there is safe, but beyond there are several washouts on the road. The New Orleans and Northwestern road is also blocked by washouts, and its big trestle over Lake Pontchartrain has been shaken by the heavy seas breaking against it.

There has been much damage done at Shell Beach, a settlement on Lake Borgne. All the buildings there have been swept away, and there are reports of loss of life among the fishermen. A tidal wave swept over the land there as it did nine years ago.

At Milneburg, one of the lake resorts, the railroad pierhead was destroyed and all light buildings demolished. The steamer Neptune, tied up to this pierhead, pounded itself to pieces and sank. At West End the lake rushed over the revetment and destroyed nearly all of the buildings there. The big dancing pavilion at Lake View was pounded to pieces by wreckage which was washed up by the waves. The shell road to West End has been under three feet of water, and Bucktown, a gambling resort, was swept away.

Coal Barges Sunk.

A coal fleet of twenty-four barges belonging to the Monongahela Coal company and anchored at Coalport, nine miles above the city, had a rough experience, and every tug in the harbor was sent up there to save the barges. Six of them sank. The towboat Henry Max, belonging to the Interstate Transportation company, pounded a hole in its bottom at Gretna this morning and sank.

Mobile Is Cut Off.

At 4:30 o'clock this afternoon the Western Union office in Mobile was abandoned, the water at the time being three feet deep in the operating-room.

Two hours later communication was had for a few minutes with Mobile. The operator there made his way to the operating-room in a boat. He took up his position on top of the switchboard, several feet above the flooded office, and, detaching the wire from its place in the board, sent this message:

"Am on top of the switchboard here with a lineman. The water is over three feet deep in this room, and it is still rising. The wind is blowing at the rate of fifty miles an hour and we look for worse things tonight. The business district is deserted——" here the wire failed.

Summer Resorts Endangered.

From Mobile to Fort Morgan, a distance of thirty-five miles, and on both sides of the bay, summer resorts and summer houses are located. Those were, it is believed, in the direct path of the storm.

It is feared there has been loss of life on some of the islands in the Mississippi Sound, located just outside the bar below Fort Morgan. These islands are inhabited by French fishermen and are only about four or five feet above the water under ordinary stages, and there was great loss of life in 1893.

Rescue Brokers in Boats.

The last report from Mobile said that at 12:30 the wind was blowing at an average of forty miles an hour, with frequent spurts ten miles faster, showing great strength.

The river had overflowed the cotton wharf and Front and Commerce streets and Water street was flooded two feet deep between St. Michael and Congress streets. Rowboats were employed to bring out members of the Cotton Exchange at noon.

LIKE A SECOND HELL GATE

SAN FRANCISCO SEES DUPLICATE OF NEW YORK EXPLOSION.

Thirty Tons of Nitrogelatin Lift Two Acres of Stone Three Hundred Feet in Air—Thousands of Spectators See the Great Column of Water, Crested with Foam, Thrown High in the Sunlight with the Roar of a Tempest.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Thirty tons of nitrogelatine were exploded under Arch rock, in San Francisco bay, twelve minutes after noon today, and thousands of spectators on shore three miles away witnessed the spectacle, the greatest of its kind since the destruction of Hell Gate in 1878.

Two acres of solid rock were lifted 300 feet into the air by the mighty force of the explosion, and when the maelstrom of foam and swirling waters had subsided Arch rock, always a menace to the lives of men and ships, had disappeared from view forever.

As an engineering feat it is believed the destruction of Arch rock has been successful, although the full measure of success cannot be ascertained until tomorrow.

But as a spectacle the annihilation of the rock was a satisfying one. The thousands of persons who lined the shore three miles away, expected a heavy shock, a sudden upheaval of rock and sea, and a tremendous concussion which might possibly throw them from their feet.

Comes Without Signal.

But it was not in this way that the force of the explosion was to illustrate its intensity. The crowds expected the explosion at noon, and as the minutes slowly drifted past the hour every eye was riveted on Arch rock, plainly in view out in the bay. Twelve minutes passed, and then with no premonitory signal or shock, the smooth green waters of the bay began to rise.

There were shouts of wonder, which increased when an instant later a great bulk of milky white foam—surrounding the pyramidal base of Arch rock for several hundred feet in all directions—began to climb slowly into the air, completely hiding the rock.

There was no tossing of tons of water high into the sunlight. The great bulk of green water, capped with foam, rose almost majestically into the air—100, 200, 300 feet—and then still higher. It was like a great black and green storm cloud crested with vapor.

The cloud of water seemed to hover an instant when it had reached its greatest elevation. And it was at this instant that the tremendous force exerted by the thirty tons of nitrogelatine was seen and appreciated. For, as the mass hesitated before its fall, great pieces of rocks could be seen tumbling about in the smothering volume of water 300 feet and more above the surface of the bay.

Arch Rock Only a Memory.

Then the huge bulk settled slowly back into the bay and the spot occupied by Arch rock ever since the memory of the oldest inhabitant began was marked only by a slowly revolving mass of white foam.

It was not until the waters had sought their former level that the sound of the explosion's roar reached the people on shore.

It took many months of work, with specially invented tools to drill and cross drill the thousands of holes in the base of Arch rock, but the culmination lasted only a minute, perhaps two. The explosion is said to be the greatest blast ever set off in this country. The blowing up of Hell Gate, in the harbor of New York, in 1878, consumed a greater quantity of powder, but it was block powder, which did not have the destructive effect of the more modern explosives.

ABANDON BRYAN IN PENNSYLVANIA

Democrats Ignore Silver and National Issues in Their Platform.

SCORE CONDUCT OF STATE

Appeal to All Persons Against Corruption, Charged to Members of Both Parties.

NAME TICKET BY ACCLAIM.

For Supreme Court Judge....HARMON YERKES
For State Treasurer.....ANDREW J. PALM

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 15.—Pennsylvania Democracy today abandoned William J. Bryan and free silver, nominated a ticket, and adopted a platform with a view of making the fight entirely on State issues.

The platform, which was prepared at a conference of the party leaders which lasted until daybreak, is one of the most remarkable declarations of principles ever issued by a State convention in Pennsylvania. The Democratic Legislators who joined with the Republican majority in passing the bills condemned by the platform are left to their immediate constituents for the "infliction of political punishment."

No mention is made in the platform of the name of William J. Bryan or of free silver, imperialism, and other national issues.

Declarations of Platform.

The platform declares in part:

"Every department of our State government is honeycombed with profligacy, dishonesty, and a reckless disregard of constitutional or moral obligations. The powers of government are prostituted to the purpose of public thieves. Shamelessly and openly the votes of Legislators are bought, and so persistently and constantly that market values for Legislators have been established by settled custom.

"The selection of a United States Senator was accomplished in a carnival of corruption and bribery. The faith of the people in the sanctity of the judiciary was broken by its halting efforts to find plausible excuses for the crime. Foiled in its efforts to rob the State of millions of dollars of valuable coal deposits the Legislature proceeded to the other and greater robbery of the railroad franchises of the State worth millions to the plunderers, and stripping every city, town, and township in the commonwealth of the proper control of its streets for trolley improvements."

Judge Harmon Yerkes of Doylestown was the only avowed candidate for Supreme Court Judge, and his nomination was conceded.

The nomination for State Treasurer was tendered Captain William Hasson of Oil City by the leaders. He declined, and Andrew J. Palm of Meadville was picked out as the most likely nominee.

Judge Yerkes and State Representative Palm were unanimously nominated.

Virginians Adopt Platform.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 15.—The Democratic State convention adopted a platform late this evening after the Resolutions committee had been out over forty-eight hours. The platform expresses admiration for all the leaders of the party from Jefferson to Bryan. Silver is not discussed by the convention, notwithstanding the applause which greeted utterances against Bryan and free silver.

The ticket was completed this afternoon by the nomination of Major W. A. Anderson of Rockbridge for Attorney General over J. L. Jeffries, the favorite of Senator Thomas Martin, in one of the most bitterly fought battles ever seen in a Virginia convention.

YATES DENIES THAT TRACY HAS BEEN ASKED TO QUIT.

Friends of Governor, However, Quote Him as Stating That He Wishes Park Board to Be Political.

Governor Yates stated in Springfield last night that he had not called for the resignation of W. W. Tracy as President of the Lincoln Park board, neither had he offered the place to John M. Smyth of Chicago. The Chief Executive of the State also affirms he has not asked for the resignation of Byron Lathrop from the board. However, unless in the future the members of the board heed the wishes of the executive it is expected that resignations will be asked.

That there is trouble brewing in the Park board is well understood among the Governor's closest friends and advisers in Springfield. It is claimed that President Tracy's plan to conduct the affairs of the park on a non-political basis is not pleasing to Governor Yates, who is reported by his friends to have asserted that he was elected upon a Republican platform and that the administration of all affairs in the State must be carried on by Republicans as Republicans. Unless President Tracy accepts these sentiments of the Governor and agrees in regard to his position as offering openings to politicians who are persons grata with Governor Yates, his connection with the park may be severed by request.

DIES TO AVOID BEING ARRESTED.

Albert Ryan, Who Attempted to Murder His Wife at Litchfield, Mich., Kills Himself When Caught.

Litchfield, Mich., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Albert Ryan, who shot his wife three weeks ago, killed himself last night while awaiting arrest.

Ryan came home intoxicated on July 31 last and quarreled with his wife over some papers which he wished to get possession of. He fired three shots from a revolver at his wife, all of which took effect, but she survived, and has now nearly recovered. Ryan fled. A reward was offered for his capture.

Under Sheriff Eggleston received information three or four days ago that Ryan was hiding near the home of his niece, Mrs. George Wright. Last night at dark Eggleston saw Ed Ryan, a brother, leave the house with a quantity of food and go to the orchard fence.

Rushing upon this man, Eggleston grappled with Albert Ryan and threw him. Before striking the ground Ryan pulled a revolver and shot himself in the left temple, the ball entering the brain.

BURNEY LOSES HIS PLACE.

Indian Commissioner Dismissed for Refusing to Appraise Indian Territory Property.

Ardmore, I. T., Aug. 15.—W. E. Burney, Indian Commissioner in the matter of appraising town site property, was today dismissed from the service by Thomas Ryan, Acting Secretary of the Interior.

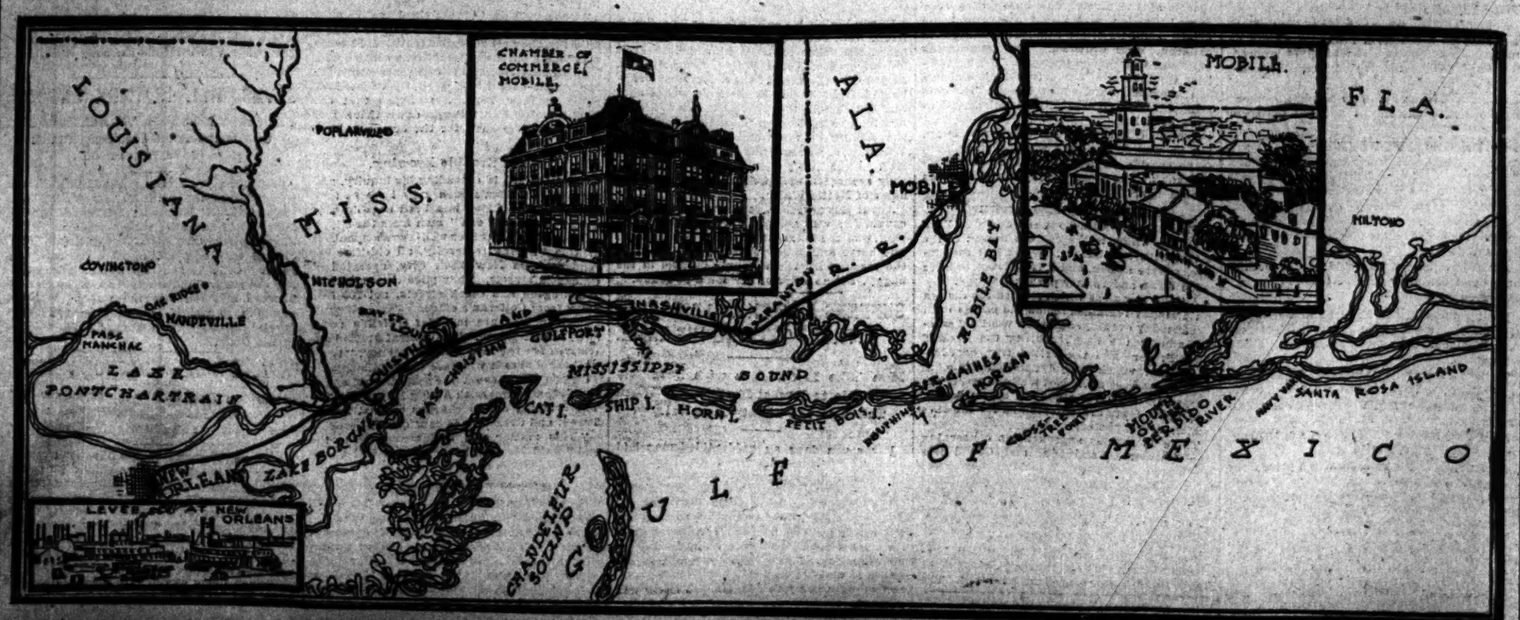
Burney refused to appraise town site property, being advised by Governor Johnston of Chickasaw Nation, not to do so, pending removal. Governor Johnston alleges a violation of the agreement entered into between the United States and the Indian governments.

A legal fight will now follow, as the governor will refuse to sign deeds to the property.

Last Train Robber Arrested.

South McAlester, Ind. T., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Bailey Lewis, the remaining Kerry train robber was arrested today. George Brown, one of the robbers, made a confession today implicating seven men now under arrest. The [illegible] tried and bound over on the 20th, and in number will, on conviction, be given life sentences.

GULF COAST AFFECTED BY DESTRUCTIVE WIND AND FLOOD STILL RAGING.



DEFILING RIVER BASIS OF SUITS.

Four Gas Companies and the Armour Glue and Soap Works Defendants.

MOVE BY DRAINAGE BOARD

Injunction Sought to Restrain Building of the Randolph Street Bridge.

PROPERTY DAMAGE ALLEGED

Charged with defiling the water of the Chicago River by coal tar, which escapes from their works, four gas companies have been summoned by the drainage trustees to appear before Justice Wolff.

The defendants and the dates of their hearing are as follows:

Union Coal Tar company, Aug. 22.
People's Gaslight and Coke company, Aug. 22.
Universal Gas company, Aug. 23.
Ogden Gas company, Aug. 26.

Representatives of Armour's glue and soap works also will be forced to appear on Aug. 26 to answer to charges of filling in the channel in violation of the statutes.

Officials of the Drainage board watched at the Division street bridge for several days, and say that on one occasion over 100 gallons of tar and other refuse was sent streaming into the river. The chemicals are said to be poisonous enough to kill all fish in the river, and it is feared the effects will spread further down the channel until fish in the Illinois River are also killed. The tar is said to form a scum on the river, and, catching the dust, makes a sticky mass, often seven and eight inches thick.

Scum Wedges in South Fork.

In the south fork of the South Branch the scum is particularly offensive, and often covers an area of 120x600 feet. With a sluggish current the floating matter remains on the surface in the same spot for days, its stench reeking to the skies. Until the intercepting sewer is completed there will not be current enough to carry the matter away, and it will remain wedged on the waters of the stagnant south fork.

Quicklime and hair pour out of a sewer box at Archer avenue direct from the rendering vats of the Armour glue factory, it is charged. The mixture sets and hardens like cement and forms a plaster on the bed of the river. Already it has choked the channel, with a filling of between five and seven feet in thickness. From the bank the fill extends out in the river about forty feet from the east dock of the works, and 300 feet up and down stream, leaving a narrow channel not wide enough for a boat with a forty-five-foot beam to pass. An attempt will be made to force the company to dredge that portion of the river at its own expense.

Seeks to Stop Bridge Building.

The Sanitary District is now called on to defend a suit filed in the Superior Court by David L. Frank asking an injunction to restrain the district from installing a bridge across the river at Randolph street under the Hoerner rolling lift bridge patents.

The objection is that the plans accepted by the district will compel the obstruction of sixty-five feet of space in the street at each approach to the bridge. This, it is declared in the complaint, will render practically valueless the property on each side of the river now occupied by manufacturing plants. The court is asked to prevent the commencement of work on the bridge under these plans by the American Bridge company, to which the contract has been let. The complaint declares that other methods of construction can be used which will do away with the necessity of using the street space for the counterbalancing weights.

The petitioner, David L. Frank, is a member of the firm of Hart & Frank, real estate dealers, 150 Washington street.

No preliminary injunction was issued by the Judge of the emergency court, but the petition is expected to be taken up in a few days.

WRECK OF MISSING SHIP IS FOUND IN SOUTH PACIFIC.

Believed Captain, His Family, and Crew of Manchester Died from Thirst —Vessel Lost on Desert Island.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—The story of a tragedy of the sea comes from the South Pacific. The wreckage of the missing ship Manchester was found three months ago on a small desert island of the Marshall group, with indications that the Captain, his wife and children and crew had been on the island and then had departed in two boats, as there was no water on the island. As no trace has been found of them, it is believed they perished of thirst before they were able to reach inhabited islands of the Marshall group.

The wreckage was found on Bikar Island, one of the most northerly of the Marshall group, which is without cocoanuts or water and is only visited by natives to secure the feathers of some rare birds that frequent it.

The native schooner Marshellon discovered the wreckage and the body of the mate, who had not been dead forty-eight hours. The natives saw marks on the beach where the boats had been launched, and judged the number of persons by the footprints. They also found the bodies of birds from which the dying sailors had sucked blood to appease their thirst.

The missing ship Manchester, Captain F. Clemens, left New York one year ago loaded with kerosene for Yokohama. After that it was never seen, and Lloyds posted it as missing last May after 90 per cent reinsurance had been paid.

MARRIAGE MILL TO BE STOPPED.

Indiana Attorney General Decides to Abolish Illegal Features of the Jeffersonville Industry.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Attorney General Taylor will take steps at once to abolish the illegal features of the "Gretna Green" or marriage industry at Jeffersonville. A secret investigation by Charles B. Lockhart, Traveling Deputy Attorney General, has been going on. Mr. Lockhart filed his report today, and the Attorney General said he had no doubt the traffic in marriages at Jeffersonville could be greatly reduced.

PEORIA MILLIONAIRE DYING.

Ex-Mayor Charles C. Clark, Head of a Big Distilling House, Is Stricken.

Peoria, Ill., Aug. 15.—Charles C. Clark, the millionaire, ex-Mayor of Peoria, and head of the great distilling house of Clark Bros. & Co., is dying at his home in this city of hemorrhage of the brain. Mr. Clark was elected Mayor of Peoria in 1890. He acquired his wealth through the extraordinary growth of his distilling interests.

Types Name District Organizer.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—The name selected from the Seventh District to the International Typographical union this afternoon was Bert Brady of Indianapolis for district organizer.

ACCUSED LIEUTENANT OF POLICE.

Lieutenant Peter Joyce is accused of being a party to the fraudulent expense account transaction. He declares that he is innocent of any wrong doing and says he is the victim of a conspiracy.

CIRCUS MAN'S LIFE SECRET

HOWE'S WILL REVEALS IDENTITY OF UNKNOWN DAUGHTER.

Former Chicago Man Who Was Once the Partner of P. T. Barnum and Who Died Last May Leaving an Estate Valued at More than One Million Dollars Now Known to Have an Heir Whose Existence Has Never Been Suspected.

New York, Aug. 15.—[Special.]—It has just been discovered Seth B. Howe, once of Chicago, whose circus once disputed P. T. Barnum's in popular affection, and who died on May 16 last, left a daughter hitherto unknown to even his most intimate friends.

The mysterious daughter is Mrs. Julia H. Boisse of 137 East Seventy-third street in New York. By her father's will she inherits a large amount of valuable property in Chicago, in Cook County, and in Putnam County, N. Y.

Howe's estate is valued at all the way from $1,000,000 to $1,500,000. He left a wife and a known daughter. The existence of another daughter was unknown until his will was read.

Then members of the family admitted that they had long known that Mr. Howe had another daughter. But they refused to say more. The provisions of the will will not be questioned, and Mrs. Boisse will get the Chicago property.

Mrs. Boisse was a daughter of Mr. Howe by a former marriage. The first Mrs. Howe died, and Julia was, with a sister, taken abroad. She lived in Paris until her marriage to Professor Louis Boisse. Then she came to New York with her husband. They reside in East Seventy-third street. The whereabouts of Mrs. Boisse's sister are unknown.

Chicago Property Involved.

In the will, which was probated on July 23 at Carmel, N. Y., Mr. Howe gives to his wife, Amy Howe, and to her heirs and assigns forever eight lots in Hyde Park, Chicago, with all improvements on them. Also all the lands in the Town of Southport, Putnam County, N. Y., purchased on Sept. 12, 1892, and including Morning Thorpe and all other buildings on the property.

His grand-nephew, Leander Townsend Howe Jr., who gets the Morning Thorpe property after Mrs. Howe's death, also gets 100 feet of property in Madison avenue, Chicago, a lot in Hyde Park, and two lots in Ridgewood, Ill. To his daughter, Mrs. R. M. Heartfield, he leaves property in Cottage Grove avenue, Chicago, and certain property in Southport.

In the third clause of the will he says:

"I give and devise unto my dear daughter, Julia H. Boisse, and to her heirs forever," certain lots which he describes, and which are situated in Chicago. "Also the residence owned by me in Southwest Center, Putnam County, N. Y., known as Stonehedge, together with all the land inclosed by the fence surrounding the same, including Stonehedge lodge and barn, and certain other lots in Cook County, Ill.

His Career as a Circus Man.

Mr. Howe named as the executors of his will his wife and his friends, Myron L. Pearce and George W. Newcomb, both of Chicago. The will was signed on July 5, 1897.

Mr. Howe was born at Southeast on Aug. 15, 1815. When he was about 15 years old a traveling circus pitched its tents near his home. It was the first show of the kind seen in the neighborhood, and it filled the boys of the village with ambition to emulate the example of the gayly dressed performers.

Young Seth learned to tumble and to ride, and when his brother, Nathan A. Howe, organized a little one-ring circus to travel through the country Seth was easily persuaded to join it.

He was afterward associated with P. T. Barnum, and, in company with him, managed Barnum's first traveling show in Europe.

In Business in Chicago.

After retiring from the ring he devoted himself to the business affairs of the show. Some years later he went to Chicago and engaged in the real estate business there, with Paul Cornell as a partner. During this period he and his partner purchased of James Crane of Southeast, then a merchant in Chicago, a tract of land in what is now known as Hyde Park. Later he invested heavily in property within the bounds of the city proper.

During a journey through England and France he met Henry Franconi, proprietor of the Great Hippodrome, and conceived the idea of bringing the show to this country. On the 1st of May, 1858, the exhibition opened here, and it was the first Roman hippodrome ever exhibited in America.

Myron L. Pearse, when seen at his residence, 2548 Prairie avenue, last night, confirmed the statement that Julia H. Boisse is a daughter of Seth B. Howe.

"Yes," said Mr. Pearse, "Julia H. Boisse is the daughter of Mr. Howe. I knew that before the will was filed. Where she is now I am unable to say."

LAUNCH 3 NEW DESTROYERS.

Whipple, Truxton, and Worden Christened as They Glide from Their Ways at Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 15.—Three additions to the United States navy were christened and launched at the shipyards of the Maryland Steel company here this afternoon. They are torpedo boat destroyers and will be known hereafter by the names of Whipple, Truxton, and Worden. The ceremonies took place at 2 o'clock in the presence of a large assemblage of handsome women and distinguished men.

When all was in readiness for the launching Miss Isabelle Truxton of Norfolk, Va., took her place at the bow of the boat of that name; Miss Elsie Pope of St. Paul, Minn., at the bow of the Whipple, and Miss Millie B. Worden at the bow of the Worden. Each held in her hand a bottle of champagne incased in silver wire and having a handle of silver, upon one side of which was a shield surmounted by an American eagle, while on the other was a plate, upon which was engraved the date, the name of the craft, and that of the young woman holding it, to be retained by them as souvenirs.

The three new boats are the largest of their type in the United States navy; they are also among the largest in any navy in the world. Wood is totally absent from the construction and fittings of the vessels.

POLICEMAN RUBS HIS CHIN AND BURGLARS RUN AWAY.

Tailor Charges That an Agent of the Law Showed No Disposition to Make the Acquaintance of Three Robbers.

If there is no mistake on the part of Carl Sederberg, a tailor who is employed at 28 Hein place, a certain policeman of the Larrabee Street Station is making no particular effort to cultivate the acquaintance of burglars.

Sederberg says that he pointed out three burglars to the policeman and asked him to arrest them. The policeman rubbed his chin thoughtfully and the robbers ran away. The agent of the law seemed to be glad when they showed their heels. Sederberg does not know the name of the policeman.

Shortly after 1 o'clock in the morning Sederberg, who sleeps in the shop, was awakened by some one attempting to force open a rear window of the store. Sederberg walked to the window and saw three men on the outside, and then he returned to his sleeping place and obtained his revolver. The men were still at work on the window when Sederberg threw open the rear door and asked them what they wanted. The burglars ran, and the clerk followed them, firing. The burglars returned the fire, and ten shots had been fired when a policeman turned the corner.

Sederberg says that he explained that the men were burglars, but that the policeman stood on the corner until the men turned south on Lincoln avenue. The policeman then walked east and disappeared.

The men are thought to have been guilty of several burglaries. Other places entered were:

S. Lundin, tailor shop, 191 Milton avenue; sixty-five vests, valued at $100, taken.
C. A. Carlson, tailor shop, 40 Wendel street; clothing valued at $150 taken.
Claus Nordine, 147 East Elm street; horse and wagon stolen from a barn.
Warnblabe & Nelson, barber shop, Oak and Sedgwick streets; supplies and razors taken.

The police believe that the men entered Nordine's barn and took the horse and wagon, and then drove around to the other places.

DISAGREE OVER WALSH CASE.

Civil Service Commission Thinks Policeman's Punishment Too Light—O'Neill Does Not.

Policeman William Walsh has become an issue between Chief O'Neill and the Civil Service board. Walsh's punishment for his revolver exhibition in the Victoria Hotel, suspension for ten days, was announced yesterday. The Civil Service commission was not satisfied. The commissioners were indignant and declared they would take a hand in the matter and try Walsh on their own account.

Just here the difference of opinion became manifest. Chief O'Neill declares the Merit board could not try Walsh unless his superior officers brought charges against him. On this point the Chief was positive. The commissioners, however, held to the contrary opinion.

"We cannot let such a man as Walsh have a revolver," said Mr. Lindblom. "He might kill several persons some time, and is dangerous. We will certainly reopen the case and revise the finding of the board."

When before the Trial board Walsh admitted that he had drank three glasses of German wine, and said that he had no recollection of what he had done. His friends set up the defense that he had been overcome by heat.

NAPHTHA LAUNCH IS BLOWN UP.

Delora, Owned by S. C. Edgar of St. Louis, Explodes on Little Traverse Bay, Injuring Occupants.

Harbor Springs, Mich., Aug. 15.—The naphtha launch Delora, owned by S. C. Edgar of St. Louis, blew up on Little Traverse Bay this afternoon. The occupants were badly burned about the hands and arms, and were rescued by the steamer Lora A. Cumming.

NOOSE IS ROUND SOLDIER'S NECK.

Prisoners in Fort Sheridan Guardhouse Frighten One of Their Number

FOR KICKING A CHILD.

Guard Rescues the Scared Private as He Prepares to Say His Prayers.

LYNCHERS CALL IT A JOKE.

In the guardhouse at Fort Sheridan is a frightened soldier, who was rescued from seven of his fellow-prisoners as a noose had been placed around his neck and the soldiers were throwing the end over a crossbeam. It is not known whether a practical joke or an actual lynching was contemplated, but as cruelty to a child was the offense which the soldiers endeavored to punish the former is generally accepted as the true inwardness of the incident.

The story which aroused these seven soldiers against Private George Campbell, Company I, Twenty-ninth Infantry, was that after a day and an evening spent in Highwood he had severely beaten Chancellor Livingstone, aged 4 years. The report was that the soldier had stumbled upon the boy, who had not been quick enough to get out of his way. Campbell ran after the boy and, overtaking him, beat and kicked the child until his screams brought help.

Soldiers Jump at Victim.

The guard rescued the boy and took charge of Campbell, who was taken to the guardhouse and placed in a cell with seven other prisoners confined for petty offenses. As soon as his comrades in the cell learned of the charge against Campbell they started to punish him.

A coil of rope was lying just outside the cell, and one of the soldiers discovered that he could reach it through the bars. He secured it and made a running noose at one end. This was thrown over Campbell's head.

Throw Idly at Crossbar.

The men made so many bad throws for the bar that Campbell should have been convinced that he was in for a scare and not a lynching if he had not been so frightened, the men say, but he thought that if he did not raise the guard he would swing. His cries finally attracted attention, but the relief could not find the key to the cell, and the soldiers kept on leisurely casting the end of the rope at the bar.

Just as the rope fell over and Campbell prepared to say his prayers the men outside broke in and rescued him. To preserve him from any further demonstrations of a suspicious nature Sergeant Emmett ordered that he be placed in solitary confinement. If the charges are proven the sentence Campbell will receive will be a dishonorable discharge, and then he will be turned over to the civil authorities. The father of the boy has sworn out a warrant against him.

RUMOR PUTS ROBERTS IN THE CONTROLLERSHIP RACE.

Director of the Mint Comes to Town and Report Soon Has Him Seeking the Place Now Held by Dawes.

Early yesterday morning Director of the Mint George E. Roberts of Washington registered at the Auditorium and asked for Senator Dolliver of Iowa. He was told that Senator Dolliver had not arrived. An hour later Senator Hansbrough of North Dakota registered at the Auditorium with former Senator P. F. Pettigrew of South Dakota. Both asked for Senator Dolliver. As all three callers asked also for James H. Eckels it gave rise to the rumor Mr. Roberts had his eye on the coming vacancy in the office of the Controller of the Currency.

BEAUTY SHOW ON NORTH SHORE

Residents Attire Themselves in Fantastic Garb and Earn Money for New Church.

Residents of the north shore dressed themselves in fantastic garb last night and attended an "international fête and beauty show" at Sheridan Park station. The North Shore Congregational Church will profit by the affair, the receipts going toward the erection of a new church building.

The beauty show brought forth quite an array. The judges discovered, however, that many of the candidates for prizes were men in women's attire. The Parisienne, with a low-cut, "straight front" gown, proved to be George Hawkins. The Gibson girl, who had been doing characteristic poses with a number of young men during the evening, was James A. Lounsbury. Percival Keane entered the contest as a Spanish beauty, Harvey Pickrell posed as an American beauty, Jay C. Hills was a German charmer, Walter Lauferman stood for the Oklahoma belle, Arthur Smith was a Norwegian, Chauncey Hulquist a Japanese, and Isadore Chave a Chinese.

The popular vote for the "prettiest girl" resulted in the election of Harvey Pickrell.

FOURTEEN-YEAR-OLD BOY WHO SAVED AND RESUSCITATED DROWNING YOUTH.

Eau Claire, Wis., Aug. 14.—[Special Correspondence.]—Buster Whidden, a 14-year-old Omaha boy, who is visiting in this city, deserves recognition at the hands of the government for his service in rescuing Fred Heming, a boy several years his junior.

Young Whidden not only pulled the boy from the Chippewa River, after he had gone down the third time, but worked over the boy unaided for more than half an hour and finally succeeded in restoring breath to the boy, who to all appearances was dead.

While fishing from a boom, which extended far into the stream, the Heming boy lost his balance and fell into the swift stream. Young Whidden happened to be walking along the shore and heard the boy's shouts. He plunged into the stream and succeeded in landing the insensible boy on shore. There was no help within calling distance, so Buster went to work with a will, rolling the apparently lifeless body.

He forced the water from the lungs of young Heming and resorted to many devices for restoring the action of the respiratory organs. Not dismayed by the failure of his efforts to bring signs of life, young Whidden kept at his work, determined not to allow a moment to escape.

Help came to the boy just as he succeeded in getting Heming's heart to respond to the brisk treatment. When asked how he came to know exactly what to do with the rescued boy, young Whidden replied:

"O, I used to watch life-savers work at the Omaha exposition, and I did exactly the way the government men did."

BUSTER WHIDDEN

EMPLOYMENT FIRMS JOIN SCALPERS IN SHARP TRICK.

Offer Made by the Railroads to Grant Free Transportation to Laborers Is Made Basis of a Large Swindle.

Employment agencies and scalpers have been playing into one another's hands for some time past, and as a consequence the railroads throughout the country find themselves at a loss for the laborers they need and out of pocket for a large proportion of the passenger receipts. Since early in the summer the dearth of laborers to work on the railroads in the Western States has been so great that several railroads entered into an agreement with the well-known employment agencies that they would grant free transportation to any laborer who should obtain the requisite credentials from them.

It was not to be expected that the scalpers would omit so favorable an opportunity to get ahead of the railroads. Hardly had the offer been made than the scalpers had made an arrangement with the employment agencies that all the people who came to them for tickets to neighborhoods where there was work to be done should be sent to the employment agencies; that they should there get the credentials and pay half price for their ticket. The proceeds were then divided between the conspirators in equal portions.

The officials of the Western Passenger association had some inkling all the summer that a trick of this kind was being performed, but not until the last two weeks, when detectives have been detailed on the case, have they supposed the loss to be so great. Railroads are more or less used to reckoning with the loss sustained by scalpers in the year's receipts, but it is long since so complete a system has been laid open. It is not healthy now for an aspiring passenger to present himself at a city ticket office with credentials from an employment agency to the effect that he is ready to work with slush scraper or on a steel gang, for his shrift will be short.

ANARCHISTS PRAISE A SLAYER.

Chicago Reds to Circulate Literature Praising the Man Who Killed King Humbert.

The awakening of the Chicago Anarchists is to be followed by the distribution of thousands of circulars which will speak in praise of the man who murdered King Humbert of Italy. The engraving of the Italian King's slayer is in a red border, with the following inscription in red: "July 29, 1900, Gaetano Bresci, who, comprehending in his heart all the tears and hatred of the mothers, wives, and children of the massacred by the royal lead in the butchery of Sicily and Milan, taught the cowards how the murderers of the people ought to be punished." The meetings of the Anarchists, held in the hall at 515 Carroll avenue, have not been so largely attended in years as they are at present.

MURDER SUSPECT IS ARRESTED.

Duluth Authorities Capture a Negro Believed to Have Killed His Landlord in Chicago.

The Chicago police were notified last night that two Duluth detectives have arrested William Smith, a negro, wanted in this city for killing William A. Turner, another colored man, at the home of the latter, 3508 Armour avenue, on the night of May 1, 1900.

FAINTS FROM STAGE SLUR

WOMAN HEARS ACTORS INSULT HER SOLDIER FIANCE.

Forced to Listen to Revilings Cast on Color Sergeant George Emmett and to the Jeers of Alleged Jealous Comrades, Mrs. Mary Berberich Collapses Physically and Is Carried to Her Home — Scene of Disorder at Sheridan Park.

Taunts by vaudeville actors hurled against Color Sergeant George Emmett of the Twenty-ninth Infantry, and jeers by comrades said to be jealous of his rapid promotion in the army, caused the sergeant's fiancée, Mrs. Mary Berberick, to faint at a performance at Fort Sheridan Park. Her condition was so serious she had to be carried to her home.

Sergeant Emmett, who also is overseer of the prison at Fort Sheridan, endured the insults silently, and he induced Mrs. Berberich to remain until the close of the entertainment, when she collapsed from the strain.

These events occurred on Wednesday evening on a small stage in the park which adjoins the military reservation, and were a continuation of many scenes of disorder at that resort since the present season opened.

The attack on Sergeant Emmett was begun by a man and a woman billed as Fox and Summers. After an exchange of repartee Fox straightened up and saluted his partner, exclaiming:

"I am a soldier."

"O-o-o, so you are a soldier? Well, who are you?" asked the other.

"Why, don't you know me?" was the reply. "I am the great, the only—yes, the original Sergeant Emmett, that famous British soldier who came to America to show the poor Yankees how we do it in the British army, doncher know."

"Humph!" was the rejoinder. "If you are Sergeant Emmett I think you are a great big slob."

Clothes His Insult in Song.

Frank Hall appeared next with a musical turn, and when he started a parody of "Home, Sweet Home," he lost no time showing his audience that the subject of his song was Sergeant Emmett. The last verse was to the effect that Sergeant Emmett had come to a home where the soldiers could have a little rest, but that he had changed all that after his arrival. Hall terminated by saying:

"Now, we all know that any puppy could do that, don't we?"

At the first attack on the sergeant, Mrs. Berberich had started from her seat as if to reply to the insults, but Emmett pulled her back and advised her to keep quiet.

As he spoke the last word Mrs. Berberich nearly fainted, and, leaning against the sergeant, begged him to take her from the place.

"That would make it the more noticeable," said the sergeant, "and I think it would be better to stay."

Mrs. Berberich consented, but each successive taunt made her more hysterical, and, unable to control herself when they reached the entrance to the park, she fainted.

Served with Lord Kitchener.

Emmett has been in the United States service only five months, but in that time has reached a position which is attained usually after only twenty-five years of service. He was born in New York, but was taken to Ireland when a boy. At the age of 12 he enlisted in the British army and remained in it until war was threatening between the Boers and English. He declared he could not fight against people who were trying to keep their rights.

He served in the Omdurman campaign with Lord Kitchener, and also in the expedition against the Ashantee tribe. He held the rank of staff sergeant when he left the British army. His appointment as color sergeant was approved of by Secretary Root on the occasion of the latter's recent visit to the fort.

Mrs. Berberich's former husband was a sergeant in the Fourth Infantry. He was killed in the Philippines three years ago.

RACE FEELING CAUSES FIGHT.

Americans and Greeks Working on Railroad Track Have Pitched Battle and Twelve Are Hurt.

Muncie, Ind., Aug. 15.—There was a pitched battle between the Greeks and the Americans employed in rebalasting the Chicago and Southeastern railway west of Muncie last evening. Ten Greeks were more or less injured and two Americans were hurt. One American knocked down four Greeks with a shovel. It was expected today that the trouble would be renewed, as both sides were prepared for battle last night. A large number of Greeks laid in a supply of ammunition. The trouble was caused by race prejudice.

MAKES DOUBLE USE OF WIRES.

Northern Pacific Official Successfully Operates Simultaneous System for Telephone and Telegraph.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 15.—C. H. Gaunt of the Northern Pacific telegraph department has invented a system for the simultaneous transmission of telephonic and telegraphic messages over the same wire. The Northern Pacific is making tests between St. Paul and White Bear Lake, and some remarkable results are being secured.

ALLERTON'S LAND CUTS SCHEDULE.

Explanation to Reviewers for Decrease of About $500,000 in Personalty.

ADDS MORTGAGE TO LIST.

Board Will Take Up Horizontal Increase in Real Estate Values Today.

HOLDS FOR NORTHWESTERN.

With a personal property schedule last year of $518,000, and only $26,000 this year, Samuel W. Allerton appeared before the Board of Review yesterday and explained that the disappearance of nearly half a million in his valuation was due to the sale of certain stock holdings and the investment of the proceeds in Nebraska lands. He reported a $25,000 mortgage, however, which he said he had overlooked in making out his schedule.

Mr. Allerton declared that with the addition of this mortgage, which was to secure the purchase price of a farm he sold in Iowa, his schedule was substantially correct. He added that he was not claiming any exemptions on account of his residence in Wisconsin, as he considered Chicago his home.

Explaining the great falling off from his schedule of last year, Mr. Allerton said that a year ago he owned stock in a tile factory in Indiana and in stock-yards in New York and Philadelphia. These holdings he had since sold and bought with the proceeds 24,000 acres of land in Nebraska, which was taxed there.

Still Has Large Blocks of Stock.

Asked how much personal property he owned in Illinois, he said about $2,000,000 worth, but it was in stock of the First National Bank, the Chicago City railway company, and the East St. Louis Stock-Yards company, which was taxed in other ways. He said he owned 200,000 bushels of corn and much stock on his farms, but that this was taxed in the counties where it was located. He had $10,000 of life insurance.

"Where is your yacht?" asked President West.

"In Lake Geneva, Wis.," answered Mr. Allerton.

"How much are your monthly rent rolls?" asked President West.

"Haven't got any. All my farm land is let out on shares," was the answer.

Asked what his income was from his Illinois stocks, Mr. Allerton replied about $24,000 a year from the First National Bank, $16,000 from the Chicago City railway company, and $34,000 from the East St. Louis company, or about $64,000 a year all told. On April 1, however, he said, he did not have a cent in bank, that his account was several thousand dollars overdrawn.

Wants Watkins' Value Reduced.

John N. Jewett appeared before the board as attorney for E. T. Watkins, who in the older days was President of the North Side Gas company as well as head of the Western Electric company and of the Merchants' Loan and Trust company. His assessment had been increased from $50,000 to $500,000, and Mr. Jewett insisted it was too much. He explained the absence of his client by saying he was an old man and not in good enough health to appear, and said $300,000 would be a generous assessment of Mr. Watkins' property.

President West said he understood Mr. Watkins' residence was worth $150,000, and argued that a man who owned a house like that must have other property, but Mr. Jewett contended it was largely in real estate and but little in personalty.

The schedules of Mr. Watkins and Mr. Allerton will be passed on later.

Takes Up Real Estate Increase Today.

Yesterday was the last day for hearing complaints, and today the board will take up the subject of a horizontal increase in all real estate values. The opinion prevalent of the board seems to be to restore the 25 per cent reduction of last year, caused by the removal of the 5 per cent limitation, and bring the real estate value on Chicago property outside the loop to the figures of 1899. Inside the loop the plan not only is to restore the figures of two years ago but to add about 10 per cent, the theory being that this inside property has increased in value at the rate of 5 per cent a year. The hope of the board is to bring the total assessment up to $400,000,000.

Assistant County Attorney Frank Shepard gave an opinion in the case of the Northwestern University property, in which he followed the Supreme Court in holding that the charter of this institution exempts its property from taxation, no matter for what purpose it is used.

Find Body of Boy in Lake.

Several small boys bathing in the lake at the foot of Twenty-sixth street yesterday afternoon found the body of a boy, apparently about 10 years old. The boys were diving from a raft when the body was discovered. It was dragged upon the raft and taken to shore. At the morgue it was found that the body was that of a boy 10 years old, slight build, and fairly well dressed. It was clothed in a suit of dark material, but without shoes or stockings.

Mistaken for Burglar and Shot.

George Clay, deck hand on the steamer Owego, while wandering in the yards of the Duffy Asphalt company, Maxwell and Canal streets, early yesterday morning, was mistaken for a burglar by George Sharp, a watchman, and shot in the right leg. He was removed to the County Hospital.

Poison Oak Poison Ivy

are among the best known of the many dangerous wild plants and shrubs. To touch or handle them quickly produces swelling and inflammation with intense itching and burning of the skin. The eruption soon disappears, the sufferer hopes forever; but almost as soon as the little blisters and pustules appeared the poison had reached the blood, and will break out at regular intervals and each time in a more aggravated form. This poison will loiter in the system for years, and every atom of it must be forced out of the blood before you can expect a perfect, permanent cure.

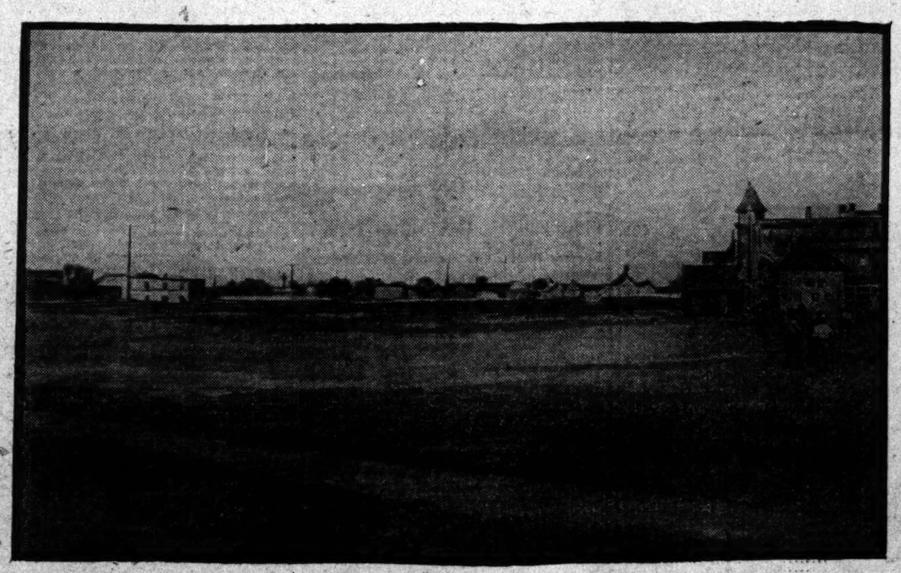
SSS Nature's Antidote FOR Nature's Poisons, is the only cure for Poison Oak, Poison Ivy, and all noxious plants. It is composed exclusively of roots and herbs. Now is the time to get the poison out of your system, as delay makes your condition worse. Don't experiment longer with salves, washes and soaps—they never cure.

Mr. S. M. Marshall, bookkeeper of the Atlanta (Ga.) Gas Light Co., was poisoned with Poison Oak. He took Sulphur, Arsenic and various other drugs, and applied externally numerous lotions and salves with no benefit. At times the swelling and inflammation was so severe he was almost blind. For eight years the poison would break out every season. His condition was much improved after taking one bottle of S. S. S., and a few bottles cleared his blood of the poison, and all evidences of the disease disappeared.

People are often poisoned without knowing when or how. Explain your case fully to our physicians, and they will cheerfully give such information and advice as you require, without charge, and we will send at the same time an interesting book on Blood and Skin Diseases.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

SITE OF PROPOSED SMALL PARK AT FIFTY-EIGHTH STREET, ENGLEWOOD.



Thirty thousand residents and property-owners of Englewood have petitioned the South Park Commissioners to establish two small parks in Englewood. The Committee on Parks and Ornamentation of the Englewood Improvement association submitted the petition, and at the same time a suggestion that one of the parks be established on the site bounded by Fifty-eighth and Fifty-ninth streets and the tracks of the Pennsylvania and Western Indiana railways. The tract is at present vacant prairie land with but an insignificant fringe of a few houses along the boundary lines. Part of the land already is owned by the city and has been offered to the Park Commissioners for the purpose of the proposed park. There are no trees on the tract. The plan will be considered by the Park Commissioners at their next meeting.

CRESCEUS ADDS TO HIS LAURELS.

Champion Stallion Distances The Abbot in Second Heat of Their Match.

MAKES NEW RACE RECORD

Time for Fastest Heat in Competition Lowered to 2:03 1-4—Great Crowd Present.

TIME TRIAL IS PECULIAR.

[BY H. T. WHITE.]

New York, Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Cresceus, champion trotter of the world, stuck a few new sprigs of laurel in his crown today when he distanced The Abbot in the second heat of their race over the Brighton Beach track, having made a new world's race record for trotters by stepping the opening mile of the big event in 2:03¼.

It was the first time in the history of the trotting turf that two horses as closely matched as Cresceus and The Abbot, and each a champion within the year, ever came together in a race, and 15,000 New-Yorkers were out to see the sport. It was the firm belief of horsemen that the stallion would have no trouble in defeating The Abbot, and they expressed their faith at the pool box by betting $250 to $75 as long as there was any Abbot money in sight. That the critics were right was quickly shown after the horses were on the track, as Cresceus was never headed in either of the two heats trotted before The Abbot was distanced and sent to the barn.

The big race was third on the card. The two rivals appeared at about the same time, and each was greeted with cheers. There was no time lost in getting the horses away for the first heat. Ketcham won the pole. Then the men mounted the sulkies and jogged to the distance stand, where they turned and came to the wire at terrific speed, with Cresceus a trifle in advance. The recall bell brought them back. Next time Ketcham turned first and started the chestnut stallion into a racing stride at once.

First Heat a Whirlwind.

But The Abbot was right with him. They reached the wire on exactly even terms, and at the word Cresceus darted out in front, his yellow mane flashing in the sunlight as he sped around the first turn. Geers had already taken The Abbot back a little, there being half a length of daylight between the gelding's nose and his rival's wheel. It was evident that Ketcham was going to make the pace a hot one from the start. He sped past the quarter in :30¾.

Down the back stretch there was no let up in the terrific gait. He stepped the second quarter in :30¾, making the time to the half 1:01¾, at 2:02¼ gait for the mile if 2:02¼ is kept up to the finish. But this was not possible. Geers was still a length behind, but soon began his drive, and around the third turn closed most of the gap. This quarter was trotted in :31 by Cresceus.

As he swung into the homestretch The Abbot was trotting his best and half way to the wire his head was at the stallion's wheel. It was a dying effort, however, and he faltered and wavered behind. Cresceus Geers pulled him out again, but the race was over. Cresceus winning handily by an open length in 2:03¾.

This made the last quarter in :31, and the mile stands as the fastest ever trotted in a race. It also tied The Abbot's record, made a year ago, and added one more to the long list of championship performances already held by the Ohio stallion. The best previous race record was that of Cresceus himself, 2:05, made at Detroit this season in a race against The Monk and Charley Herr.

Second Heat a Deluge.

The next heat was the deluge. It was so sensationally fast that it made The Abbot dizzy, and a hundred feet from the wire he made a wild break and surged over to the inside fence. Hardly had this happened when Cresceus was ten lengths ahead, and a few seconds later it was twenty. At the quarter in :31½ it looked as if the gelding would be distanced, and this view was strengthened as Cresceus went down the back stretch with increased speed. He trotted the second quarter in :30¾, making the half mile in 1:01¾.

Around the turn Ketcham took the stallion in hand a little, the time of the third quarter being :32½. All this time Geers was driving The Abbot with desperation. Down the homestretch thundered Cresceus, and each one of his mighty strides meant despair for the friends of The Abbot. Ketcham urged his horse a little until close to the wire, when he quit driving. But it was enough. The Abbot was not only defeated but distanced. The distance flag was not dropped as Cresceus went under the wire, and some were under the impression that The Abbot would be allowed to start again. Ketcham took no chances, but called the attention of the judges to the fact that his horse had shut out the other one.

Then it was announced that, half an hour later, Cresceus would go a mile against his own record. This attempt, however, produced complications that may form the basis for future action by the turf authorities. According to rules and usage, Cresceus had a walkover heat to go after he had distanced The Abbot. It was decided to try and beat the race record for three heats with him, and also to permit a runner to start with the stallion as a pacemaker. This was stretching things a little, but there was more to come.

No Third Heat Trotted.

Cresceus came to the wire like a runaway horse on the first score, Ketcham nodding for the word. It was given, but fifty feet from the wire the stallion made a break and was pulled up at the turn and brought back for another attempt. Of course, the fact that the stallion took the word for the heat and then returned to the stand precluded the possibility of the three-heat race record being in danger, and the mile has been trotted in 2:05 can be regarded only as an exhibition. The time of this mile, by the way, was not made as fast as 2:05 by outside watches, and it is also true that the timers were pretty quick in stopping their watches on the record heat, but what they hung out is the record and must stand. Summaries:

Purse $2,000; 2:20 trotters:
Neva Simmons, b. m., by Simmons [Price] 1 2 2 1
All Right, b. g., by Bright [Hyde] 2 1 3 2
Helen Grace, ro. m. [Andrews] ..... 3 3 4 ro
George Smith, b. g. [Valgie] ..... 4 4 5 ro
Quadro [Kelly] ..... 5 5 6 ro
General Shafter, gr. g. [Snyder] ..... 6 6 ro
Senora, b. m. [Dickerson] ..... 7 7 ro
Roommate, b. m. [Ritter] ..... 8 8 dis
Time—2:13¾; 2:14¼; 2:11¾; 2:11¼; 2:11¼.

Purse $2,000; 2:10 pacers:
Sphinx, ch. g., by Sphinx [Spear] 1 1 1
Carmine, b. h., by Symboleer [Cosgrove] 3 2 2
Little Squaw, blk. m. [Ervin] 2 3 3
Dan L., b. g. [Dickerson] ..... 4 4 ro
Sophia, b. m. [Lindsley] ..... 5 5 ro
Tom Calhoun, b. g. [Carpenter] ..... 6 6 ro
Tom Patchen, b. g. [Ervin] ..... 7 7 ro
Time—2:08¾; 2:08¾; 2:09¾; 2:09¼.

Special purse, $12,000:
Cresceus, ch. h. [Ketcham] ..... 1 1 wo
The Abbot, b. g. [Geers] ..... 2 2 dis
Time—2:03¼; 2:06¼; 2:05.

Purse $1,500; 2:16 trotters:
Empire Jr., b. g., by Strathway [Clark] 4 1 1 1
King Chimes, b. g., by Chimes [Davis] 1 3 2 2
Temple Wilkes, b. g. [Golden] ..... 3 5 3 ro
Sister Allen, b. m. [Kenny] ..... 2 2 5 ro
Little Dick, b. g. [Pope] ..... 5 4 4 ro
Janice, b. m. [Kelly] ..... 6 6 6 ro
Tom Tw., b. g. [Tuttle] ..... 7 7 7 dis
Time—2:11¼; 2:09¾; 2:10; 2:13¾.

Great Western Circuit.

Davenport, Ia., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—It took only one heat today to decide the 2:13 pace, unfinished yesterday after seven heats had been paced at the races of the Great Western Circuit meeting. Kassel won the eighth heat and the race in 2:09¾. The other results follow:

2:28 pace, purse $800:
Avon, blk. g., by Adrian Wilkes [Senson] 1 1 1
Donna Madrigal, br. m. [Ames] 2 2 2
Pagett [Pagett] 3 3 3
Ardell Simmons, Prince Pattie Patchen, Oakdale Baron, McCafferty, Fred Pabst, and Duster started.
Time—2:12¾; 2:13¾; 2:14.

2:16 pace, purse $800:
Sir Alcantara, ch. h., by Alcantara [Liekenbrock] 1 1 1
Major Mason, b. s. [Bates] 2 2 2
Miss Dewey [Dewey] 3 3 3
Rochelle Redwood, Pat Wilkes, Albert Allison, Brown Sam, Armada Prince, and Dick Wilkes started.
Time—2:09¼; 2:08¼; 2:10¼.

2:25 trot (unfinished), purse $500:
Tonson, g. g. [Penselon] 3 1 2 3
Dorothy Redmond, blk. m. [Wills] 2 2 1 1
Earl King, b. h. [Leiper] 4 4 4 2
Alabel, blk. h. [Spencer] 1 3 3 4
Prosperity Bill, Lee Mont, Marie Cameron, Luson, Baronmont, and Leona Besant started.
Time—2:14¼; 2:14¼; 2:15½; 2:15½.

Rain Mars Circuit Races.

Glens Falls, N. Y., Aug. 15.—The fourth and last day of the circuit meet was somewhat marred by rain after a heat of each race had been run. Coney was ill and scratched from the free-for-all pace. Connor was not well, and his sickness was announced by Starter Johnson before he secured money. Audobon Boy was a prohibitive favorite in the 2:18 pace and won as he pleased. Summaries:

2:18 pace, the Hudson River, purse $1,300:
Audobon Boy, ch. g., by J. J. Audobon [Hudson] 1 1 1
Cousin Madge, blk. m. [Benedict] 2 2 2
Lady Bayard, br. m. [O'Neil] 3 3 3
Ed. Bennett, ch. g. [Johnson] ..... Dis.
Time—2:09; 2:10¼; 2:11¾.

Free-for-all pace, the Glenwood, purse $1,000:
Royal R. Sheldon, blk. g., by Constantine [O'Neil] 1 1 1
Connor, blk. g. [A. P. McDonald] 2 2 2
Indiana, b. g. [McCarthy] 3 3 3
Time—2:04¾; 2:06¾.

Race Meet for Lexington.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 15.—According to statements of T. P. Hayes it has been decided to hold a thirty days' race meeting on the Kentucky association track here this fall. The dates are not yet decided on. Hayes says it is the intention of the promoters to conduct the meeting in such a way as not to antagonize either of the rival associations.

INVADER STARTS FOR TORONTO.

Victorious Boat Shipped Home Immediately—Yachtsmen Think Tuesday's Race Should Have Been Finished.

The haunts of yachtsmen were deserted yesterday and the clubhouse at the foot of Randolph street was as quiet as a country Sunday. Early in the morning the crew of Invader made sail on their boat and started for the Calumet River.

At the yards of the Chicago Shipbuilding company the flat car on which it was brought to Chicago was waiting for the victorious Canadian and the same cradle was ready to receive it. The work of unrigging the yacht took but a short time, and it is expected Invader will be in its home port in three days. The Canadian delegation got away as soon as the yacht was shipped. Cadillac will be taken to Detroit on the deck of the steamer Omaha and Commodore Shaw's big yawl Minx will be towed behind the same steamer.

While admitting that Captain Jarvis always keeps well within the rules when sailing in a race, Chicago yachtsmen are beginning to criticise his action in forcing the foul on Cadillac in Tuesday's race. In view of the fact that Chicago and Detroit sailors agreed to allow Invader to sail without change, notwithstanding the judges found that the boat was seriously over the 35-foot limit, it is urged that Captain Jarvis would have been showing a simple courtesy by luffing when he saw Cadillac dead on the line. His action in forcing the foul is characterized as cold-blooded.

The action of the judges in calling Cadillac from the race comes in for adverse comment. "It appeared to me that nothing whatever was gained by peremptorily ordering Captain Thompson off the course," said Charles E. Kremer. "Allowing, of course, that Cadillac was at fault, it would have been a better course to allow the race to finish. If Invader had not won there would have been no protest. If Cadillac had won the race to allow skipper twenty-four hours to file his protest, and had Captain Jarvis wished to show his appreciation for the courtesy of the judges in allowing his boat to sail when over measurement limits he would have had a chance to pass the matter by."

The international races have started local yachtsmen to challenge each other. In tomorrow's regatta of the Chicago Yacht club the big sloops Neva and Charlotte R. will fight out a challenge. While they do not belong to the strictly racing class, they are evenly matched. Milwaukee will remain over to race with the 35-footers. A new centerboard of fearful and wonderful design has been made for the "sidewalk" and will be tried for the first time.

SHAMROCK II. LIKE COLUMBIA.

Challenger Seen in Dry Dock Resembles Old Cup Defender—Evidently Intended for Light Weather.

New York, Aug. 15.—Shamrock II. went into dry dock today, and American experts had their first chance to study the lines of the craft Sir Thomas Lipton has sent over to lift the cup.

The cabled reports had led to the belief that Designer Watson had evolved quite a new type of boat, embodying the "cod's head and the mackerel's tail." This turns out to have been only fiction. The cup challenger resembles Columbia so far as its under body and fin are concerned.

Mr. Watson evidently took the cutter Britannia, his best all-around boat, as the basis of his model, and in improving on Britannia had Columbia in his eye, for it would be hard to distinguish between Columbia and challenger, so far as their underbodies are concerned. The fins are practically alike. Shamrock II. is a more graceful craft.

With a foot less beam than Constitution and a slightly larger sail plan, it is an ideal fine weather boat, well adapted to meet the usual run of early autumn breezes off Sandy Hook. However, that the American cup is in peril this year is by no means the opinion of conservative yachtsmen who looked upon Shamrock II. today. That it has intrinsic merit and will doubtless be hard to beat was admitted, but everything about the hull that is meritorious has been fathered from American sources.

A careful examination of the challenger showed that it had suffered no strain during the long voyage, and its bottom was comparatively clean.

Half-Raters at Lake Geneva.

Lake Geneva, Wis., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—The half-raters of the West Geneva Yacht club sailed a race today to settle a long-standing question of superiority. The entries were Paul Veeder's Helen, Frank Wood's Mate, Miss Annis Ferram's Annie, and Mark Healy's Runaway Girl. They sailed a triangular course from the Chicago club to Ravenna Park, Y. M. C. A. Camp, and return. Helen came in first, Mate second, Annis third, Runaway Girl fourth.

Cup Defender in a Race Today.

Larchmont, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Constitution and Columbia came down through the sound tonight and anchored under City Island. Both are ready for tomorrow's race, which may be to windward and return, or on a triangular course, which will depend upon the wind. There is much interest along the sound tonight in the result of the first contest in palm waters.

WORLD'S CHAMPION TROTTING STALLION.

Cresceus defeated The Abbot two straight heats yesterday in record time.

LEO NEWELL A SURPRISE.

EXTREME OUTSIDER WINS HARLEM'S STAKE EVENT.

Wood's Gelding, Who Ran in Ruck Among a Fair Lot in Previous Start, Beats Good Field, and Those with Information Profit Thereby—Owner Called Before Judge Hamilton for an Explanation—Gallagher Beaten by Jaubert at Six Furlongs.

The uncertainties of racing were never better exemplified than at Harlem yesterday when Leo Newell, the outside outsider in the betting, walked away with the Riverside Stakes, beating a bunch of 3-years-olds with whom he was not supposed to class.

The distance of the event was one mile, and at the weights Pat Dunne's pair, Silurian and Toah, were selected as the best and were liberally backed at 8 to 5 and a point less. Next to the Dunne pair, Lady Strathmore was in the public eye, and a price laid against her. Leo Newell, considered royal, Newell at the superstitious figure of 13 to 1 was wholly ignored except by his owner and those of the inner circle that had been informed the gelding was ripe. Aside from the betting and the general cleanup made by those who backed the gelding on information instead of past performances Newell's unexpected return to life surprised Judge Hamilton, who after the race summoned Owner Fred T. Wood before him to explain away the inconsistency of his horse, especially his race last Tuesday with a better boy up.

Toah Beaten by a Head.

But to the race. Silurian made the running, and had his head stretched in front when the field straightened for home. Newell was fourth at this point, but being charged with speed to his full capacity beat the others home for the $2,130, the net value of the stake to the winner. Toah was second, a head away, and Silurian third.

Newell's victory was a crusher for the talent, but it fell equally as hard in the next race when it backed Gallagher down from 6 to 5 to 4 to 5 to beat a fair field of youngsters and saw him beaten in a common gallop by Jaubert, a 6 to 1 shot.

Every one with an ear for a tip was given Denman Thompson for a good thing in the third race, and after hammering his price down from 3 to 1 to 8 to 2 had the pleasure of seeing him run over his field and annex the race. From a betting viewpoint the last race was a scorcher. Every horse in the race was tipped as a good thing, and when the smoke of the betting battle had cleared away Rollick had the call at 7 to 2. The winner, however, turned up in Searcher, at 6 to 1, with Brutal second and Kunja third. The latter had a rough row to hoe throughout the journey, but for which she would have given the winner a stout argument.

Hanan nipped the first race by a head, and Master Mariner won the second. Goal Runner was easily the best in the second, but poor racing luck handed him at the head of the stretch in ninth place, and at that he finished second.

Harlem Summaries Aug. 15.

Weather clear. Track fast.

First race, 1 mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
6-1	Hanan, 108 [J. Ranch]	5½	42	3½	41	1¹
12-1	Fox Bard, 108 [Ellis]	1½	1½	1½	2½	2²
8-1	Onoto, 102 [R. Sullivan]	4	3²	2½	3½	3³

Time, 1:42 3-5. Miss Conrad, 103 pounds [Harshberger]; Parasol, 97 [Hunt]; My Chicken, 101 [T. Meade]; Mary Moore, 85 [Davison]; Give All, 97 [W. Knapp]; and Duty, 103 [R. Steele], finished as named. Winner, Glascock's ch. g., by Hanover—Brandolette. Won driving. Hanan came with a rush on the outside and just got up in time to nail Fox Bard on the post.

Second race, ¾ mile, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
9-2	M. Mariner, 106 [R. Sul'n]	1½	1½	1½	1²	1¹
7-5	Goal Runn'r, 106 [Vick'ry]	10½	11¹	10¹	9²	2³
30-1	Rosa Diah, 99 [Doss]	2½	2½	2½	3½	3⁴

Time, 1:13 4-5. Revanna, 100 pounds [Rutter]; Dr. Vosmaleer, 108 [Gaselee]; Van Herebeke, 106 [Otis]; Siren Song, 99 [Gormley]; Natural Gas, 97 [Hedgeson]; Clorita, 97 [R. Steele]; John Griggs, 116 [A. Dominick]; Diamond, 104 [J. Ranch]; Emma R., 99 [Davisson]; Little Pepper, 99 [C. H. Smith]; Lyror Bell, 102 [T. Knight]; and Lenox, 106 [J. McGinnery], finished as named. Winner, J. F. Holt's ch. g., by Mariner—Marionette. Won easily. Master Mariner, off well, was luxuriant of speed. Goal Runner, off poorly, never got clear sailing until the spread at the head of the stretch came.

Third race, 1 mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
3-2	D. Thomp'n, 101 [R. Steele]	3¹	5⁴	2½	1½	1½
15-1	Easton, 106 [T. Knight]	2½	3²	1½	2½	2½
6-1	Hylo, 90 [Gormley]	4¹	2½	4²	3²	3½
4-1	Kilogram, 111 [Wonderly]	1½	4³	3³	4⁴	4⁴

Time, 1:36 1-5. Montanic, 106 pounds [T. Woods]; Wax Taper, 130 [O'Connor]; Speedmast, 102 [G. Thompson]; finished as named. Winner, ch. h., by Applebloom—Iris. Won in a canter.

Third race, 1¼ miles, 3-year-olds, the Kenner Stakes, value $5,000:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
20-1	R. Pepper, 110 [Beaucha'p]	2½	2½	1½	1½	1½
11-5	All Green, 120 [Shaw]	1½	1½	2½	2½	2½
3-1	Black Fox, 120 [O'Connor]	4	2½	3½	3½	3³

Time, 2:21 4-5. The Rhymer, 116 pounds [Spencer], also ran. Winner, ch. c., by Deceiver—Ornamentie Lass. Won driving. A steady downpour made the track damp and soft. Baron Pepper, a good colt, benefited greatly by this and the fast pace and fierce rivalry between supposed contenders, all of which tired in the last furlongs.

Fourth race, 6½ furlongs, $500 added, 2-year-olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
12-1	Jaubert, 108 [Alexander]	1½	3¹	1½	1½	1½
8-5	Gallagher, 105 [T. Knight]	2½	1½	2½	2½	2²
20-1	Ameers, 90 [J. Ranch]	5¹	4½	3½	3½	3³

Time, 1:18 3-5. Helen Print, 102 pounds [Dominick]; McChesney, 105 [Gormley]; Mary Pine, 94½ [Mewess]; and Prue, 90 [R. Steele], finished as named. Winner, H. J. Scoggan's br. c., by Asra—Mishap. Won in a canter. Jaubert rushed into the lead when turning into the stretch and simply cantered away from his field.

Sixth race, 1 mile, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
3-1	Searcher, 98 [R. Steele]	7¹	6²	4½	3½	1½
5-1	Brutal, 103 [T. Knight]	2½	4¹	3½	4½	2½
10-1	Kunja, 101 [R. Sullivan]	3½	2½	2½	2½	3³

Time, 1:40 2-5. Maj'ree, 101 pounds [Dominick]; Boney Boy, 108 [Seaton]; Rollick, 98 [J. Ranch]; and Henry Burt, 101 [Doss], finished as named. Winner, H. J. Scoggan's br. c., by Hindoo—Queen Regent. Won easily. Searcher was much the best and came away easily in the last eighth after trailing back of his field.

Harlem Entries.

First race, 1 mile, maidens:

Captain Hamm	111	Omar
Yernetta	106	Carlovingian
Beauty Book	109	Birch Tree
Annie	106	El Fonso
Feedbill	105	Virginia Wilcox

Second race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds:

Ishtar	105	Miracle II
South Trimble	105	Burnett Wallace
Hoodwink	102	Pompey
Monadnock	102	Omar's Choice
Jack Ratlin	101	Foray
Samelson	101	Simoon
Bert Savage	101	Renegaw
Commissio'r Foster	101	Zibla
Sister Jeanie	101	

Third race, short course, steeplechase, handicap:

Filon d'Or	165	Dick Furber
Queenship	140	Captain Conover

Fourth race, ¾ mile:

Headwater	100	Theory
Ranco	109	Money Muss
Lich	100	Fay Me
Federal	109	C. B. Campbell

Fifth race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds, selling:

Rosie Mac	106	Pyrrho
Julia Junkin	105	Fullen
Harry Wilson	102	Throstle
Laudine	105	Stuart Young

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles, $500 added, selling:

Pape Harry	104	Tammany Chief
Chauncey Pabst	104	Illiloquon
Precursor	104	Tremble
Haviland	104	About

Notes of the Track.

Jockey Coburn has fully recovered and will be seen in the saddle tomorrow.

W. B. Jennings will ship his stable of horses to California after the present Harlem meeting.

Judge Hamilton fined Jockey Sullivan $50 for interfering with Hy Lo and Emma C. L. in the third race.

Jockey Walsh accepted his first mount yesterday since breaking his arm at the Washington Park meeting.

Leo Newell was bid up to $1,200, $500 over his entered price, but was retained by his owner for the customary extra $5.

Goal Runner was claimed by H. Robinson, who later in the day returned him to his owner, T. H. Ryan, for an advance of $200 over the claiming price.

Judge Hamilton finished his investigation of Alaska's recent in and out running and ruled that his entry be barred at the Harlem track. This ruling will also prevent Alaska from running on all tracks controlled by the Western Jockey club.

BARON PEPPER AT LONG ODDS.

Wins Kenner Stakes at Saratoga from All Green, Black Fox, and The Rhymer.

[BY T. J. GALLAGHER.]

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Today's races were run in a light rain, which did not prevent the dust from flying in the first four races.

In the first race there was crowding on the first turn, and Mercer went to his knees, throwing Cochran. There were five horses behind Mercer. None of them touched Cochran, who was carried away unconscious and soon recovered, but canceled his other engagements for the afternoon.

The barrier worked badly and dangerously at the start of the fifth race. Rain made it heavy and tough. Four different horses were hung up on it. In one false break it was carried away and became entangled on the hind legs of Thrillee. The colt was nearly thrown, but kicked until he got free.

The Kenner Stakes, one mile and three furlongs, for 3-year-olds, worth $4,000 to the winner, was the feature of the card. The Rhymer was the pacemaker and led to the last furlong, where he was passed by All Green and Black Fox. Then Beauchamp brought the 20 to 1 chance, Baron Pepper, from behind and won by a nose.

Par of the going kept John W. Schorr and his Western friends from plunging on Flora Pomona in the fourth race. Nevertheless she was well backed. She won in a drive with Playlike, and it was a close decision.

Saratoga Summaries Aug. 15.

Weather cloudy; track good first two races, wet, slow last three.

First race, 1 1-16 miles, $500 added, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
5-2	Hammock, 114 [O'Connor]	2½	2½	2½	2½	1¹
7-2	B. Frietchie, 98 [G. Tho'n]	1½	1½	1½	1½	2²
3-1	Kaltaro, 108 [Littlefield]	3½	3½	3½	3½	3³

Guess Work, 108 [Wonderly]; Hardaheil, 106 [Mounce]; Thoroughbred, 108 [McGinn]; Barcetto, 106 [Smith]; Belgrade, 114 [N. Turner]; and Polished as named. Mercer, 111 [Cochran], lost rider. Winner, b. c., by Inspector B.—Fronie Louise. Won driving.

Second race, ½ mile, $700 added, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
7-5	Sidor, 128 [Shaw]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1¹
10-1	Ben Macdhui, 109 [Landry]	3½	2½	2½	2½	2²
4-1	Kilogram, 111 [Wonderly]	2½	3²	3½	3½	3³

Time, 1:30 1-5. Montanic, 106 pounds [T. Woods]; Wax Taper, 130 [O'Connor]; Speedmast, 102 [G. Thompson]; finished as named. Winner, ch. h., by Applebloom—Iris. Won in a canter.

Third race, 1¼ miles, 3-year-olds, the Kenner Stakes, value $5,000:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
20-1	R. Pepper, 110 [Beaucha'p]	2½	3¹	1½	1½	1½
11-5	All Green, 120 [Shaw]	1½	1½	2½	2½	2½
3-1	Black Fox, 120 [O'Connor]	4	2½	3½	3½	3³

Time, 2:21 4-5. The Rhymer, 116 pounds [Spencer], also ran. Winner, ch. c., by Deceiver—Ornamentie Lass. Won driving. A steady downpour made the track damp and soft. Baron Pepper, a good colt, benefited greatly by this and the fast pace and fierce rivalry between supposed contenders, all of which tired in the last furlongs.

Fourth race, 6½ furlongs, $500 added, 2-year-olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
12-1	Jaubert, 108 [Alexander]	1½	3¹	1½	1½	1½
8-5	Gallagher, 105 [T. Knight]	2½	1½	2½	2½	2²
20-1	Ameers, 90 [J. Ranch]	5¹	4½	3½	3½	3³

Time, 1:18 3-5. Helen Print, 102 pounds [Dominick]; McChesney, 105 [Gormley]; Mary Pine, 94½ [Mewess]; and Prue, 90 [R. Steele], finished as named. Winner, H. J. Scoggan's br. c., by Asra—Mishap. Won in a canter. Jaubert rushed into the lead when turning into the stretch and simply cantered away from his field.

Fifth race, 1 mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
3-1	Searcher, 98 [R. Steele]	7¹	6²	4½	3½	1½
5-1	Brutal, 103 [T. Knight]	2½	4¹	3½	4½	2½
10-1	Kunja, 101 [R. Sullivan]	3½	2½	2½	2½	3³

Time, 1:40 2-5. Maj'ree, 101 pounds [Dominick]; Boney Boy, 108 [Seaton]; Rollick, 98 [J. Ranch]; and Henry Burt, 101 [Doss], finished as named. Winner, H. J. Scoggan's br. c., by Hindoo—Queen Regent. Won easily. Searcher was much the best and came away easily in the last eighth after trailing back of his field.

Saratoga Entries.

First race, 6½ furlongs, 2-year-olds, handicap—Endurance by Right, 113 pounds; Smart Set, 118; Lady Stream, 114; Whisker, 109; Rollick, 107; Day of May, 110; Foundling, 107; Grail, 105; Gay Boy, 103; Elsie L., 102; Andy Williams, 102; Lady Sterling, 100.

Second race, 1¼ miles, selling—The Amazon, 114 pounds; MacLeod of Dare, 108; Alsike, 103; Nimrod, 96; Infallible, 86.

Third race, full course, about 2¼ miles, Beverwyck Steeplechase, value $1,500—The Bachelor, 162 pounds; Trillion, 145; Zinsiber, 152.

Fourth race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds—Broadstreet, 116 pounds; Shandonfield, 110; Judgeship, 110; Illuminate, 110; Meistersinger, 110; Woden, 110; Rag Tag, 110; Goldaga, 110; Geraldyn, 110; Ohio Belle, 107; Carnival, 107; Past, Carnival, 107; Step Onward, 107; Chickadee, 107; Trump, 105; Batyah, 102.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles, handicap—Decanter, 118 pounds; Specific, 110; Kilogram, 109; Trigger, 108; Gunfire, 97; Gay Boy, 89.

Race Results at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 15.—Hunter, Raine, and Sambo were the only horses to finish at Delmar Park today. Track fast. Results:

First race, 6 furlongs—Hunter Raine, 7 to 10, won; Taby Tosa second, Colonel Stone third. Time, 1:15¼.

Second race, 5½ furlongs—Sambo, 7 to 5, won; Lady Clarik second, Florrie S. third. Time, 1:10½.

Third race, 1 3-16 miles—La Spara, 5 to 1, won; Outburst second, Swordsman third. Time, 2:03.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Mate Horan, 7 to 2, won; Swordsman second, Hazel Hughlett third. Time, 1:15¼.

Fifth race, 7 furlongs—Lord Neville, 7 to 2, won; Elsie Barnes second, Grantor third. Time, 1:29¼.

Sixth race, 1 mile—The Wag, 10 to 1, won; Empyrean second, Pirate's Daughter third. Time, 1:48¼.

MOVE TO CLOSE DELMAR TRACK.

Attorney General Revokes Licenses of the Bookmakers, Who Will Fight the Issue in Court.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—The war between the Western Jockey club tracks and those operated under the Turf Congress rules is on, the former scoring the first knockdown today when the Attorney General served notice on bookmakers operating at the Delmar tracks this afternoon that their licenses had been revoked.

This is according to the opinion of the Attorney General, who ruled that Delmar and the Fair Grounds tracks were one and the same, operated and controlled by the same people, and, consequently, as they had been in operation for ninety days, the time allowed under the Breeders' law, they could not be relicensed.

Notwithstanding the notice of revocation the bookmakers kept on taking bets at Delmar today. One hundred deputies have been sworn in by the County of St. Louis, wherein Delmar is situated, right on the line, and the warrants, it is expected, will be served tomorrow. This means a pretty legal fight, as the Delmar people will exhaust every resource at law before acknowledging their defeat. In the meantime arrangements are completed for the opening of Kinloch Park on Saturday under Western Jockey club auspices, and lively times in the racing world are anticipated.

ELKES WINS THE HOUR RACE.

Lowers Records from Two to Nineteen Miles on Cycle Track at the Buffalo Exposition.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 15.—The hour's contest between Harry D. Elkes, Edouard Taylore, and Ray Duer for the middle distance championship and a purse of $1,000 was the feature of today's races at the Stadium. The race became a procession after the fifth mile, for Elkes had both men at a safe distance, having lapped the Frenchman four times and Duer once. Elkes broke the records for every mile from the second to the nineteenth. Elkes then let up, and at the end of the hour had covered 38 miles, 1,680 yards, about one mile behind the record. Duer finished second, three miles behind Elkes, and Taylore was last, eight miles behind. Summary:

Mile, 2:10 class, professional—James Bowler, Chicago, won; Jed Newkirk, Chicago, second; Jack Green, England, third. Time, 2:44 2-5.

Half mile handicap, professional—Lester Wilson, Pittsburg (15 yards), first; Major Taylor, Worcester, Mass. [scratch], second; Jack Green, England (60 yards), third. Time, :56 1-5. Bowler finished second, but was disqualified for fouling Taylor, who was given second money.

Hour middle distance championship:

Mile.	Leader.	Time.	Record.
1	Elkes	1:31 2-5	1:29 4-5
5	Elkes	7:26	7:27
10	Elkes	14:49 3-5	15:08 1-5
19	Elkes	28:38 2-5	28:39
20	Elkes	30:14 2-5	30:11
28	Elkes	39:51 1-5	37:44
30	Elkes	44:02	45:16 2-5

One hour, Elkes, 38 miles 1,680 yards; Duer, 35 miles 660 yards; Taylore, 30 miles 710 yards.

PRIDE THE CHIEF OBSTACLE.

President Hart Makes Significant Statement Regarding Probable Compromise Between Rival Leagues.

President James A. Hart epitomized the obstacles standing in the way of peace between the National and American leagues yesterday in the one word "pride."

Admission of such a fact, however, is significant when coming from the one man in the National league who has the tact and enjoys the confidence of Ban Johnson enough to bring about a cessation of hostilities. Mr. Hart said: "If the situation were left to a business-man from each league the matter might be ended speedily, but both sides are proud and do not want to appear to be getting the worst of the bargain. There is nothing definite at present, which is all I care to say."

It is surmised the principal opposition to peace in the National league camp will come from Boston, where Soden, Conant, and Billings have been bumped pretty hard after having had the field alone for years. Philadelphia is large enough for two clubs, and so is Chicago, and the magnates in neither city would stand against a compromise.

RAIN KEEPS LEADERS APART.

First of Series at Boston Is Prevented by Storm—White Stockings Are in Good Form.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	60	36	.625	Philadelp'a	47	48	.495
Boston	55	40	.579	Cleveland	41	49	.456
Baltimore	51	40	.560	Washington	37	53	.411
Detroit	50	44	.526	Milwaukee	35	62	.361

Yesterday's Results.

Philadelphia, 6; Milwaukee, 4.
Cleveland, 9; Baltimore, 5.

Games Today.

Chicago at Boston.
Milwaukee at Philadelphia.
Detroit at Washington.
Cleveland at Baltimore.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Boston, Mass., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Rain, which started shortly after noon today, prevented Comiskey's pennant aspirants from taking a fall out of Collins' men. When the team left the hotel it was drizzling, but at the grounds the clouds opened wider, and the rain came down in torrents. It was even too wet to practice, and the men went back to the hotel. Despite the threatening weather, the grand stand was almost packed.

MATCHES EXMOOR CLUB

und of Women's Tour-
t Weeds Out All but
rongest Players.

INALS DUE TODAY.

hony Meets Mrs. Cutler;
lexander Plays Miss
Carpenter.

EN-HOLE HANDICAP.

stronger players pitted against
the matches played yesterday in
's tournament at the Exmoor
ub were mostly of a one-sided
The weeding out process has
rts to battle for final honors, and
today are likely to prove close

he best players in the West are
est for the Exmoor Cup—Miss
ony, Mrs. J. M. Cutter, Mrs. W.
er, and Miss J. A. Carpenter—
a little to choose between them.
y commenced Old Sol, probably
the presence of Vice President
n town, was making strenuous
levate the mercury, and the con-
und the heat somewhat trying.
e day a northeast breeze cooled
ere. The great surprise of the
e defeat of Mrs. W. L. De Wolf
annie Everett, the 15-year-old
the Exmoor club, who won at the
hole.
s of the first rounds for the four

—Miss Bessie Anthony, Glenview,
Guilbert, Racine, 5 up and 3 to go.
Exmoor, defeated Miss Cong-
w, 5 up and 3 to go. Mrs. W.
Exmoor, defeated Miss Kellogg, Kens-
Miss J. A. Carpenter, Wes-
eated Mrs. V. K. Spicer, Skokie, 3

—Mrs. W. B. McIlvaine, Onwentsi-
Smillie, Westward Ho, 3
go. Miss Nellie Ainslie, Westward
Mrs. S. B. Cadow, Glenview, 2 up.
Exmoor, defeated Mrs. G.
Midlothian, up and 1 to go. Mrs.
Edgewater, defeated Miss C. B.
and 1 to go.
—Mrs. C. H. Ferguson, Midlothian,
Miss Emma Kirk, Onwentsia, by de-
Mrs. Lewis, Glenview, defeated
Anthony, Evanston, 6 up and 4 to go.
Edgewater, defeated Miss Street,
and 3 to go. Miss Jay Bryant,
eated Mrs. W. L. De Wolf, Mid-
19 holes.
—Misses Olive Mitchell, Racine,
Plamondon, Washington Park, 4
Miss S. Whipple, Skokie, defeat-
Skokie, 2 up and 1 to go. Miss
Clarke, Exmoor, defeated Miss Van
son, 2 up. Miss Holabird, Glenview,
W. Copeland, Skokie, 7 up and 6

Alexander's Low Score.

xander in her match with Miss
ade the best score recorded for
ine holes in the morning, going
against 42 for her opponent. The
ayer was 5 up at the turn. Miss
uickly halved the next three holes
won the thirteenth and fourteenth,
was halved, and Mrs. Alexander,
the next, won the match. The

under—								
	5	7	4	5	6	8	5	6—50
	5	4	7	6	5	6	6	6—51
ner—								
	4	7	7	6	7	5	6	8—50
	5	4	6	5	6	5	6	6—49

ssie Anthony strained her weak
in the first hole, but was able to con-
at the turn was four up on Mrs.
After halving the tenth hole the
ayer won the next, lost the twelfth,
red the thirteenth. Miss Anthony
ext two and the match. The cards:

ony—								
	5	7	4	5	6	6	6	7—52
	4	5	7	5	4	5	6	5—41
	6	4	4	5	6	7	5	6—43
	4	10	6	7	5	6	6	6—50

penter had a bad cold and her
previous before she started her
Mrs. Spicer and did not play
enal form. For the first nine holes
was even, five of the holes being
oth players went out in 39. On the
Miss Carpenter won the eleventh,
and fifteenth holes, the others be-
. The sixteenth was halved and
went to the Westward Ho player.

enter—								
	5	7	5	6	6	6	7	5—53
	5	5	6	5	4	6	5	7—51
	5	7	5	7	5	6	6	6—53
	5	5	7	5	5	6	6	6—51

Wins at Twelfth Hole.

ngdon was outclassed by Mrs. Cut-
ent out in 52 and was six up at the
best Miss Congdon could do was
e first, second and seventh holes.
won the match at the twelfth
opponent not having captured a

hoe and Miss Neely had a nip
ntest in the Woman's Cup event.
of nine holes the score was even.
hoe having taken 59 strokes and
58. The latter was 2 up at the
hole, but her opponent won the
enteenth, and eighteenth. Miss
me home in 54, Miss Neely taking

Wolf went out in 56 in her match
Everett, the latter taking 59 and
h. Miss Everett won three of the
es on the home journey and was
At the seventeenth Mrs. De Wolf
own, but she captured the next
e hole was necessary. It went to
ct. 5-6.
Carpenter won the eighteen hole
rom scratch. Miss Merriam Ains-
g second prize. Leading scores:

	Out.	In.	Gr. Hdp.	Net.
rpenter	51	50	101	80
ony	63	52	115	86
on	58	59	117	88
hicer	59	59	118	90
nchoe	59	59	118	90
	59	59	118	90
	61	58	119	90
ed	72	61	133	115
	61	72	133	114

finals for the four cups will begin
k this morning, the players being
he order they are given in the re-
sterday's play. A driving contest
in the afternoon.

DE TEAM FAR IN LEAD.

ntest for Burlington Golf
Shows Belmont in Second
e and Hinsdale Third.

golfers again showed their skill
off the honors of the third con-
e Burlington Route Suburban
insdale yesterday.
did the team maintain its position
e by adding a margin of points to
ore, but the best medal scores of
e made largely by Riverside play-
ner's team score for the day was
n bogey, Belmont finishing with
e with 35, La Grange with 37, and

the scores:			
Down.	J. C. Davis		11
		Total	55
Down.	La Grange.		Down.
	R. Kidston		11
	S. B. Moody		7
12	D. B. Lyman Jr.		10
Down.	P. S. Eustis		Down.
	Total		87
Down.	Aurora.		Down.
	L. E. Woodward		12
	J. H. Van Nortwick		9
31	E. L. Walcott		13
Down.	F. H. Cummings		15
	Total		49

e to date follow: Riverside, 54;
; Hinsdale, 115; Aurora, 126; La

en, who was paired with R. Kid-
the best medal score of 85—out in
R. B. Bliss and J. W. Beckwith
second best medal score, both
. Bliss had two 4s to his credit,
with, after taking 45 for the first
g 3 down at the ninth, made the
in 41, one less than bogey, being
ord of the day for the nine holes.

PLOTS TO SEIZE PANAMA ISTHMUS

Venezuela May Try to Hold Up United States on Canal Rights.

BRINGS UP OLD TREATY.

Agreement Binds This Country to Protect Rights of Colombia.

RANGER ORDERED TO SAIL.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Castro, the dictator President of Venezuela, is now credited with the design of seizing the Isthmus of Panama. With the isthmus in his power he hopes to be able to compel the United States to pay him several million dollars for the canal concession.

President Castro, it is known, is furnishing the Colombian revolutionists with money and munitions of war, to be used in overthrowing the Colombian government.

United States May Interfere.

If Castro succeeds in overthrowing the government of Colombia, thus securing control of the Isthmus of Panama and the Panama railroad, it will undoubtedly be necessary for the United States to interfere and restore the isthmus to its present owners.

By a treaty agreed upon in 1846 between the United States and Colombia this government guaranteed to protect the South American republic and to maintain the latter in its possession of the Isthmus of Panama.

Advices received from Colon today show a grave condition of affairs. The revolutionists are attacking Panama and Colon almost daily, and both cities are believed to be in danger of falling.

Ranger Ordered to Sail.

Secretary Hay decided this morning not to await further information as to the progress of the revolution before sending a vessel to Panama. He therefore called upon the Navy department to dispatch the nearest vessel on the Western coast to the danger spot. When this request was made the Navy department ordered the Ranger to sail immediately from San Diego.

In the opinion of Secretary Hay it was necessary that a vessel should be on both sides of the isthmus. The idea of having the Iowa within easy sailing distance of the City of Panama has not been abandoned, and that battleship will proceed to San Francisco in accord with the instructions already given.

Fighting Almost Daily.

COLON, Colombia, Aug. 15.—Raids continue almost daily or nightly along the line, owing to the entire absence of military protection. Last night Matachin was again attacked and cattle belonging to sympathizers with the government were stolen.

Two women were kidnaped at Gorgona station on Sunday night, and the Chinese there were pillaged. On most occasions of this character the Chinese are the chief sufferers.

Armed guards consisting of fifty men in each party still accompany each passenger train. The presence of the French cruiser Kersit lends to allay uneasiness, and the arrival of the United States gunboat Machias is anxiously awaited. Beyond the loss of dynamite and powder the railroad has sustained no injury, and traffic across the isthmus continues without interruption, although far fewer local passengers are now crossing.

The government is concentrating troops from the more remote provinces. Telegraphic communication with coast points is interrupted, and hence nothing is known here regarding the situation at Cartagena and Barranquilla.

Rebel Attack on Panama.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 15.—The British steamer Darien has arrived here from Colon, and brings reports of heavy fighting Monday on the outskirts of Panama and Colon. The rebels were advancing steadily on the towns proper. A large number of men had been wounded.

A large number of wounded men belonging to the government troops were taken to Colon on Monday. This is regarded as an indication of the persistency of the rebel attacks.

SAYS KITCHENER WILL STAY.

Chamberlain Positively Denies a Change Is Impending in South African Commanders.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Colonial Secretary Chamberlain today made an absolute and unqualified denial of the report that Lord Kitchener will return to England on Sept. 15, the date when his proclamation in regard to the banishment of burghers in the field will go into effect, and that he will be succeeded in command in south Africa by General Lyttelton.

Expect Battle with Botha.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

DURBAN, Aug. 15.—A decisive engagement is expected on the Zululand border, where General Botha, with 4,000 Boers, has been located. Emmet's command of 300 men has reinforced the Boers at Babango. The Boers appear to be hemmed in. Sixty burghers on Saturday attempted to rush a British post, but were repulsed. Commandant Potgieter has issued a warning that British soldiers crossing the border will not be allowed to return without molestation.

Sweeping Orange Colony.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PRETORIA, Aug. 15.—The sweeping movements in all parts of the Orange River Colony have resulted in the British columns capturing a number of prisoners and quantities of stock and wagons. The Boers continue their sniping tactics. The erection of blockhouses in all parts of the country by the British continues. Burghers in the Orange River colony are surrendering in small numbers daily.

Reports a Boer Defeat.

MIDDELBURG, Cape Colony, Aug. 15.—Colonel Gorringe had a successful engagement with General Kritzinger and Commandants Erasmus, Pyper, and Cachet near Steynsburg, on Aug. 13. Erasmus and Cachet were mortally wounded.

AUTOMOBILE IN THE ALPS.

Two Americans Said to Have Ascended Grand Bernard Pass in a Motor Car.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 16, 3 a. m.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Geneva says it is reported that two Americans named Anchor and Friars have ascended the Grand Bernard Pass from Marigny in an automobile, astonishing the monks, who had never seen a self-propelled carriage. It is against the law for automobiles to cross there, and the Americans were fined.

BREAKS THIRTY-ONE DAY FAST.

With a light luncheon of two soft-boiled eggs, three small pieces of brown bread, and a dish of oatmeal, George P. Cooley broke a fast of thirty-one days yesterday noon. After his meal, which was taken at a small restaurant near his home at 203 West Madison street, Cooley took a three-mile walk to demonstrate how little his long abstinence had weakened him.

GEORGE P. COOLEY.

"I was not hungry when I sat down to the first meal I had touched in a month," said Cooley. "As I ate more I felt a little hungrier, but I stopped before what little hunger I had was satisfied. Tomorrow I shall eat some sweet corn, a dish of peas, and another dish of oatmeal, but I'll not touch meat for ten days or two weeks.

"Immediately after eating I started out to get weighed again to see if I had lost any weight during the three days since I had tipped the scales, and was surprised to find that I weighed exactly the same as I did on last Monday. This was on the same scales that I have used continually.

"In about ten days or more I shall start work again, and I never felt so much like working for months. My brain is clear and I have all the energy that twinges of rheumatism used to rob me of. I don't think I will ever eat much meat again, and the moment that I feel food is going to do me injury I can stop off short with as much ease as I did this time. I have found what I think to be the cure for rheumatism, and I am going to apply it like a prescription whenever I have the need.

"I notice in reading the accounts of men who have fasted about the same length of time that I did that they usually lose less flesh than I have done. I have the sensation of being in sound physical trim, and although I have not tested my strength and endurance I feel certain I could stand as much hardship as a good many men who have been living on meat and vegetables for thirty-one days instead of distilled water."

HINTS OF A NEW TREATY.

BRITISH MINISTRY ADMITS NEGOTIATIONS ARE IN PROGRESS.

In the House of Commons Lord Cranborne Announces That Lord Pauncefote Is Conducting an Unofficial Discussion with the Foreign Office—Wishes of the United States Consulted in an Agreement Which Great Britain Is Being Urged to Accept.

[Copyright: 1901: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 16, 3 a. m.—The inquisitiveness of Mr. Robert W. Perks in the House of Commons yesterday received slender tribute when Lord Cranborne, Under Secretary for the Foreign Office, informed him that the Clayton-Bulwer treaty was still in force, but that unofficial negotiations were in progress through Lord Pauncefote. What was left unsaid was that Lord Pauncefote brought with him the outline of a new canal treaty which had been submitted to members of the United States Senate, and that his chief function in London has been to convince Premier Salisbury, and Lord Lansdowne, and other members of the Cabinet that the convention, if negotiated, would not be upset or revised by the Senators. Whether Lord Pauncefote has succeeded or not in this effort is not known, but it is safe to assume that an atmosphere has been created for the renewal of negotiations.

The fact that no formal proposals have been received at the foreign office does not exclude the probability that substantial progress has been made by Lord Pauncefote in breaking the ground for the resumption of the diplomatic processes after his return to Washington. The work will be done there and proposals communicated formally when Secretary Hay and Lord Pauncefote are satisfied that results will be satisfactory both to the Senate and the foreign office.

The doubts which have been expressed in some quarters as to whether there will be free trade with south Africa after the war were set at rest by Mr. Chamberlain in the House of Commons yesterday. After stating that the consideration of a customs tariff had not yet been taken in hand the Colonial Secretary mentioned that it was not the intention of the government to adopt any system of a protective nature against foreign goods. I. N. F.

EXTENDS CIVIL RULE IN LUZON.

Philippine Commission Names Governor and Other Officials for the Province of La Union.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

SAN FERNANDO, Luzon, P. I., Aug. 15.—The Philippine commission, accompanied by the German Consul, a number of former insurgents, and Bishop Agilpay, formerly a rebel leader, reached here today. The commission found that the 130,000 inhabitants of the Province of La Union had suffered greatly owing to the war, the ravages of rinderpest, and the scourge of locusts, but that the conditions were now improving.

A Governor and other officials were appointed. All the officials are natives except ex-Lieutenant Frank D. Tompkins of the Thirty-third Volunteer Infantry, who was appointed Treasurer.

Makes Important Capture.

MANILA, Aug. 15.—Second Lieutenant Walter S. Grant of the Sixth Cavalry, while scouting with a detachment near Taal, Batangas Province, has made what the military authorities consider to be the most important capture since Aguinaldo was made prisoner. Grant captured Colonel Martin Cabrera, his adjutant, and six other insurgents. Cabresa had been growing in power for some time. He controlled all the insurgents in southern Batangas and also those westward of the City of Batangas.

Lieutenant Evans reports that he has not seen nor heard of any insurgents recently on the Island of Mindoro.

SCHENK STICKS TO HIS THEORY.

Vienna Savant Discusses New Discovery Before the Zoological Congress at Berlin.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Aug. 15.—At today's session of the Zoological congress Professor Schenk of Vienna repeated his belief that the sex of an unborn child could be influenced by suitable diet. He said that the diet treatment could only be successfully applied to women, not men. He added that the question now is at what period the dieting should begin. He suggested that it should be as early as possible. Dr. Schenck declared that his services had never been asked for by any imperial couple whose children are all daughters, doubtless meaning the Russian imperial family.

May Wed German Prince.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 16, 3 a. m.—The Daily News says it hears that the visit of the Crown Prince of Germany to England is connected with a possible alliance with a daughter of the Duke of Connaught.

SOLITARY BURGLAR HOLDS AN ARMED POSSE AT BAY.

Wisconsin Farmers with Rifles and Shotguns and Headed by a Deputy Sheriff Have Fugitive Surrounded.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—A posse of farmers, led by a deputy sheriff, armed with rifles, shotguns, and revolvers, and accompanied by a pack of bloodhounds, is held at bay tonight by a solitary burglar concealed in a cornfield near West Salem, this county. The burglar entered the farmhouse of William Shaft and stole a quantity of jewelry and other valuables. Deputy Sheriff Follmer was telephoned for, and tonight heads the party. The burglar was seen on the farm this morning, but when discovered fled to a near-by cornfield. Shaft summoned his neighbors and a few hours later the entire farming community for several miles around had arrived on the scene, and armed men are now patrolling the outskirts of the field. The burglar has been seen several times, but none of the farmers is disposed to attempt the capture, fearing the fellow may be armed and desperate. It is believed the burglar is still in the cornfield, and the siege will be continued throughout the night.

SHERIFF DELAYS A WEDDING.

Nephew of Minister Conger Settles Claim Brought Against Him at San Francisco and Then Marries.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—The Sheriff today interfered with the wedding of Roy W. Conger, nephew of the American Minister to China.

Young Conger came here last week from Honolulu, where he had acted as agent for the Gilbert Publishing company, a book-selling corporation, and he expected to be married here this week to Miss Grace Fitch, daughter of Colonel Henry Fitch, and then leave for the East on a wedding trip.

It was charged in the complaint that Conger owed $550 for books sold and for which no settlement had been made, and that Conger proposed to leave the State to defraud his creditors. It was also charged that a portion of the money was withheld by Conger from money he had collected for the firm.

Young Conger, when brought into court, produced $283 and gave his note for the balance. The wedding followed.

IN PURSUIT OF STAGE ROBBERS.

Detectives Trail Bandits Who Held Up the Blue Mountain Coach Into Saratoga.

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Detectives are here in pursuit of the bandits who held up the tally-ho coach of the North Creek and Blue Mountain Stage company's line yesterday afternoon.

A stranger who for twenty days divided his time between North Creek and North River has not been seen since yesterday afternoon. He was in the habit of wearing a wide-brimmed hat. Last evening a sombrero was picked up at the scene of the holdup. Two young men who for a number of days have been loitering in the vicinity have also vanished.

Edward Marquette of Meriden, Conn., J. A. Laffey, and Edward Bernstein of New York, and John Case of Blue Mountain Lake were four of the men passengers on the coach when the holdup took place. The women's names were not obtainable. The holdup was at first supposed to be a joke, but the bandit fired four shots at the horses, killing one leader and wounding the other. When the shots were fired Marquette, who was inside, hid the bulk of his money.

All the male passengers except Marquette ran and escaped into the woods. A small safe under the driver's seat containing valuables was overlooked.

YATES REVIEWS STATE TROOPS.

Governor's Day at Camp Lincoln—Executive Gives a Dinner to the Officers.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Governor's day at Camp Lincoln drew a large crowd to the review and evening parade. The review took place at 5 o'clock. Governor Yates arrived at the camp gate a few minutes before that time, and passed into the lines as the cannon boomed the usual salute of seventeen guns to the Commander-in-Chief.

The Governor's dinner to the officers of the two commands was served at general headquarters, commencing at 6:30 o'clock. The ladies of the Governor's party and also the ladies in camp with the Fourth Regiment and Eighth Battalion were guests at the dinner.

MRS. NEWBERRY GETS DIVORCE.

Daughter of Ambassador White and Wife of Former Cornell Professor Granted Absolute Separation.

Sandusky, O., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—The Newberry divorce case, which has attracted attention on account of the social prominence of the principals, was disposed of here today. Mrs. Newberry being granted absolute separation from her husband on statutory grounds. The petitioner is the daughter of Andrew D. White, United States Ambassador to Germany, and the defendant is Professor Spencer B. Newberry, formerly professor of chemistry at Cornell University while Andrew D. White was President of that institution.

ATTACKS BOER WAR PLAN.

SIR WILLIAM VERNON HARCOURT OPENS ON CHAMBERLAIN.

Colonial Secretary Vigorously Defends His Course in Lively Session of the Commons—The Editor of the London Globe Is Ordered to the Bar of the House to Apologize for an Insult to the Irish Members—Compares Them to Tammany in New York.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 16, 3 a. m.—The House of Commons witnessed two unusual incidents yesterday. One was an acrimonious debate between the Colonial Secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, and Sir William Vernon Harcourt over the issues of the Boer war.

In the course of the debate Mr. Chamberlain denied that negotiations of any sort in the interest of peace were proceeding. The House sat until 5 o'clock, this Friday morning, clearing up the final stages of various bills in order to enable prorogation tomorrow, Saturday.

The other incident was the action of the House, in response to a demand of John Redmond, in summoning before the bar the editor of the London Globe to apologize publicly for an editorial attack upon the Irish Nationalist party.

The Globe editor compared the Nationalist party to Tammany and the imputation was resented by the unanimous vote of the House of Commons.

Attacks the War Policy.

In the tilt between Sir Vernon Harcourt and Joseph Chamberlain the former made a vigorous attack on Lord Kitchener's recent proclamation. He characterized it as "a mischievous document, the inspiration of neither Lord Kitchener nor Lord Milner, but of the Ministry of Natal." He declared the government in arming the natives was reverting to a practice which had left the darkest stain on the history of the war between England and America. The new policy of the government promised to be neither creditable nor effective and was in contravention of all the fundamental principles of the St. Petersburg convention. The country would welcome an ante-adjournment statement on the status of the war on which they were still spending $25,000,000 a month, although it was declared ended at the close of the last session.

Chamberlain in Reply.

Mr. Chamberlain said the war status was clearly indicated by Lord Kitchener's weekly reports. He, himself, had gone out of the prophesying business, but he assured the speaker that the government's attitude was the only method of ending the war. The Colonial Secretary declared that the use of native troops was no new policy. It had been pursued without adverse criticism. The Indian troops in China had been cooperating with the troops of five of the highest civilized powers.

Regarding the banishment of burghers, Mr. Chamberlain said Great Britain had "a perfect right to enact what laws she chose for the government of a country acquired by conquest. The Boers must be taught that they can no longer carry on a guerrilla war at no personal risk while Great Britain fed their women and children.

Points to American Example.

He compared the conditions in south Africa and the Philippines and said the policy of America as declared by General MacArthur's proclamation would certainly be the policy of Great Britain if the campaign degenerates into a war of banditti.

Regarding the devastation policy, Mr. Chamberlain said it was nothing compared with General Sherman's campaign. He had talked with General Sherman himself, and Sherman justified his action on the ground of humanity.

Mr. Chamberlain also said there was no foundation for the report that Lord Kitchener was coming home.

Cites Alsace-Lorraine.

Mr. Asquith denied that there was any question of international law involved in Lord Kitchener's proclamation. "The people of these territories are both de jure and de facto the King's subjects," he continued, "and the proclamation is a warning on the lines of the option given to the inhabitants of Alsace-Lorraine at the end of the Franco-German war."

Mr. Balfour, replying, declared, that not a horse or a man would be withdrawn from south Africa unless the military situation justified it.

Editor Accused of Libel.

The London Globe incident attracted the closest attention from both government and opposition benches. The Globe is an evening paper, and published in the interests of the Conservative party. The editorial of which John Redmond complained was as follows:

"The same spirit and the same motives which have made Tammany the synonym for political obloquy have made the Nationalist party what it is. Many connected with it are the ruck of the population, whose sole object is to make as much money by political jobbery and corruption as they can. Any one who has had connection with Irish private bills, corporation contracts, and franchises across the water can bear ample testimony to this."

The Globe, hearing of Mr. Redmond's proposed action, attempted to explain that it had not meant any imputation on members of the House of Commons, "but upon the wire pullers and parasites who have made politics in Ireland a profession, as their kinsmen have done in New York."

Denounced by John Redmond.

Mr. Redmond, in calling attention to this "Very degrading and scandalous libel," said the libel concerned the House of Commons as a whole far more than the Irish members. The latter had not complained of the violent, rancorous attack of Mr. Chamberlain at Blenheim because they knew him of old in connection with Irish politics, and his opinion was valueless. But the charge of personal corruption was a different matter, and the House ought to vindicate its own honor. He moved that the House declare the Globe's article to be a gross breach of the privileges of the House.

Mr. Balfour, the government leader, concurred. He said there could not be the smallest doubt that a breach of privilege of the gravest character had been committed. He could not imagine an accusation more unjustifiable. At the same time, in regard to the course to be taken, he had always held that the House could not commit greater folly than to enter into a controversy with the press.

Editor Must Apologize.

Mr. Asquith, Liberal, and Mr. Healy, Nationalist, supported Mr. Redmond, whose motion was adopted unanimously.

Mr. Redmond next proposed the motion that the editor and publisher of the Globe be ordered to appear at the bar of the House tomorrow afternoon. The motion was carried unanimously.

SUGAR FACTORIES FOR JAMAICA.

Government to Subsidize Plants and American Machinery May Be Installed in Preference to British.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 15.—The government has decided to further the establishment of several large sugar factories by guaranteeing interest on the investment for a number of years. A conference will be held to decide whether American or British machinery is best. Most of the planters believe the former is the least expensive and more efficient.

ENVOYS AT PEKIN SIGN PROTOCOL.

Final Terms to China Agreed To and Delivered to Li Hung Chang.

DAY PASSES UNNOTICED.

Legations Ignore Celebration of First Anniversary of Their Rescue.

FEARFUL FAMINE IN SIAN-FU

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PEKIN, Aug. 15.—The Ministers of the various powers unexpectedly signed the protocol this afternoon. Copies were later sent to Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching. It now awaits their signatures.

Anniversary of Relief Day.

There was no united recognition by the various legations yesterday of the anniversary of the relief of Pekin by the allies. The American missionaries, however, celebrated the occasion by a dinner to the legation guard in the Temple of Agriculture. Speeches were made by several persons. The American Legation was not represented.

Major Robertson, the commander of the American Legation Guard, now here, entertained the English officers, Sir Robert Hart, and the members of the imperial customs staff at dinner in the evening. The Russians held a religious service, and M. de Giers, the Russian Minister, entertained the members of the German Legation in the Western Hills.

Japanese Are Mindful.

The Japanese seemed to be the only ones who showed an adequate appreciation of the fact that the main object of the allied expedition was the relief of the legations. The Japanese Minister gave a reception and dinner to the members of all nationalities.

The civilians who were besieged last year feel that but for the presence of the legations at Pekin no relief would have been sent and they would have been massacred. For that reason they think that recognition of the deliverance should have been made by the legations.

One Minister said he could not see any reason for celebrating.

The failure of the British to recognize the anniversary is regarded as most discreditable. Even the Chinese are surprised at it.

Fearful Famine in Sian-Fu.

Two members of the missionary party that went from here to Tai Yuen-Fu have left that place, carrying relief funds for Sian-Fu. They are accompanied by Major Pereira, who escorted them from here.

Reports had reached them that the famine at Sian-Fu was terrible. Human flesh was selling for three cents per pound. In southern Shansi also the distress is great, but in only isolated cases is there absolute starvation. The Province of Shansi is composed principally of mountain villages which are difficult of access.

Blue Book on China.

[Copyright: 1901: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 16, 3 a. m.—A blue book dealing with the Chinese negotiations, which was issued yesterday, is an important record of Lord Lansdowne's diplomatic activity. The impression prevails here that the Foreign Secretary has completely mastered the intricate problem presented by the Chinese crisis. To his pertinacity, his clearness of vision, and, above all, the adroitness with which he has played his cards is attributed the ultimate withdrawal of the Manchurian agreement by Russia. I. N. F.

MOTOR FUNERAL IN COVENTRY.

Automobiles Used for Hearse and to Carry the Mourners at an English Burial.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The first motor funeral on record in this country occurred today at Coventry on the occasion of the interment of an old employé of one of the automobile companies. The hearse was a specially constructed six-horse power car. All the three cars used were draped with black.

Notes from Foreign Lands.

DURBAN—The Ophir, with the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall on board, has sailed for Cape Town. The royal couple was given a splendid reception here.

LONDON—The bill for the construction of a Pacific cable by the imperial government and the Australasian colonies passed the House of Lords on its final reading.

LONDON—Rear Admiral Bartlett J. Cromwell, commander of the European station, has been visiting Mr. Choate, the American Ambassador. He returned to Southampton today.

BERLIN—The second trial of the non-commissioned officers, Marten and Hickel, who were once acquitted of the charge of murdering Captain von Kronigk, began today at Gumbinnen, East Prussia.

BRESLAU—The Anzeiger says the recent optimistic reports in regard to the condition of the Silesian coal market are not confirmed. Reports continue to come in of failures in all industrial branches of the Silesian iron market.

CONSTANTINOPLE—Seven hundred and four exiled persons, many of them being women, started for Yemen, Arabia, on Aug. 14. The prisoners include those who were implicated in the recent fire at the harem of Yildiz palace.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.

Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

Foreign mails will close at the Chicago Postoffice today as follows:

For Belgium, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.

For Cuba, via Tampa, 6 p. m.

For Jamaica, 12 p. m.

For Japan and China, via Seattle, 9 p. m.; S. S. Iasumi Maru. F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued by the health department yesterday:

Anston, Mary, 39; 115 Grand-av., Aug. 14.
Burton, Hontenz, 6; 8522 Carpenter-st., Aug. 14.
Brenen, Michael, 70; Little Sisters of the Poor, Aug. 9.
Cassidy, Ellen, 57; 716 Larrabee-st., Aug. 12.
Cavanaugh, Nora, 36; 1718 State-st., Aug. 13.
Dreslk, Andrzy, 31; 3257 Muspratt-st., Aug. 14.
Dreslk, Anna, 2; 3015 Wabash-av., Aug. 14.
Dawson, Edna, 2; 236 Elizabeth-st., Aug. 14.
Freundt, Caroline, 28; 236 Elizabeth-st., Aug. 14.
Fitzpatrick, Anna J., 24; 3145 5th-av., Aug. 14.
Fischbach, Elizabeth, 53; 1171 N. Clark-st., Aug. 13.
Farrell, Jemima, 20; 872 N. Western-av., Aug. 14.
Grzegorzewsky, Alex., 42; 878 32d-st., Aug. 15.
Henrich, Anna J., 14; 201 Lincoln-av., Aug. 13.
Jackman, Isabella, 52; 1511 N. Halsted-st., Aug. 14.
Kear, Lida, 42; Chicago Home for Incurables, Aug. 14.
Kurth, Clara, 12; 630 W. 19th-st., Aug. 13.
Kraus, Chasle, 47; 6023 Center-av., Aug. 14.
Kibby, Annis, 40; 643 Turner-av., Aug. 13.
Keane, John, 83; Home for the Aged, Aug. 12.
Livingston, Charles, 61; Home for the Aged, Aug. 13.
Lantz, Milton B., 60; 201 Grand-av., Aug. 14.
Murphy, Thomas, 73; 248 Laflin-st., Aug. 14.
Moore, Asa H., 80; 4015 Lake-av., Aug. 15.
Miller, Susan J., 40; 12 Peoria-st., Aug. 16.
McDonald, Bertha, 5; 4420 Wentworth-av., Aug. 14.
Schouten, John, 72; 2977 State-st., Aug. 14.
Silver, Perry, 7; 1440 Indiana-av., Aug. 15.
Solomon, Henry, 48; 2209 Congress-st., Aug. 13.
Victor, Tessie, 21; 353 Carpenter-st., Aug. 12.
Whitley, Sara A., 70; 277 E. 69th-st., Aug. 14.
Zorge, Joost J., 79; 4749 N. Hermitage-av., Aug. 15.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Aug. 15.—Forecast for Friday and Saturday:

Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, South Dakota, and Nebraska—Fair Friday and Saturday, light variable winds.

Ohio, Indiana, and Lower Michigan—Fair Friday and probably Saturday, light northwesterly winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair and warmer Friday; Saturday showers and cooler in western portion, fair in eastern; light variable winds.

Minnesota—Fair and warmer Friday, Saturday fair, southeasterly winds.

North Dakota—Fair Friday and probably Saturday, light variable winds.

Place of observation.	Height of barometer.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation in 24 hours.	State of weather.
Time taken: Aug. 15, 8 p. m.						
Abilene	29.86	90	94	N.	....	Clear
Albany	29.78	74	78	S.	.12	Rain
Alpena	29.88	68	80	S.W.	....	Clear
Atlanta	29.90	68	84	W.	21.56	Clo'dy
Amarillo	29.84	82	94	N.E.	.08	Clear
Battleford	29.66	58	64	W.	....	Clear
Bismarck	29.88	66	80	S.	....	Clear
Buffalo	29.86	70	84	S.W.	.01	Clo'dy
Boston	29.66	72	74	S.	Tr.	Fair
Cairo	29.90	80	86	S.W.	....	Clear
Charlotte	29.92	70	86	S.W.	.04	Rain
Cheyenne	29.90	62	84	S.	....	Clo'dy
Chicago	29.94	70	82	E.	....	Clear
Cincinnati	29.92	70	86	S.	.01	Fair
Cleveland	29.86	74	78	S.	.24	Fair
Concordia	29.90	68	92	E.	....	Clear
Davenport	29.92	68	86	N.W.	....	Clear
Denver	29.92	66	90	E.	....	Clo'dy
Des Moines	29.94	64	90	N.E.	....	Clear
Detroit	29.94	72	80	N.E.	....	Clear
Dodge	29.94	66	88	N.E.	....	Clear
Dubuque	29.94	62	88	N.W.	....	Clear
Duluth	29.94	54	74	W.	Tr.	Clear
El Paso	29.84	90	94	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Edmonton	29.66	54	64	Calm	....	Clear
Galveston

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SOCIETY MEETINGS.

D. C. CREGIER LODGE NO. 643, A. F. & A. M., 40 Milwaukee-av.—Emergent communication Sunday, Aug. 18, at 1 p. m. sharp, to attend the funeral of our late brother, William Russell. Carriages to Mount Olive Cemetery.
JOHN M. ELLIOTT, W. M.
FRED F. HANDRUP, Secretary.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1901.

Wholesale Stealing at the County Hospital.

The discoveries which Warden Healy is making as to the management of affairs at the County Hospital continue to justify and to increase the public condemnation of the manner in which that institution has been heretofore conducted. His latest announcement is that he has discovered that wholesale thefts of supplies have been carried on from the hospital storehouse. For how many months or years these thefts have been carried on there is no way of telling. Warden Healy is convinced, however, that in the aggregate the county has been robbed of thousands of dollars. Detectives were called in ten days ago, and though they have made no arrests it is said that they know who are the ringleaders of the thieves and have located some of the stolen booty. In the meantime it is hard to understand how thefts amounting to two barrels of flour a day, in addition to quantities of wines, liquors, linen, and other supplies, could be committed and the goods carried away without the knowledge of the people who are in direct charge of them. Such thefts from the storehouse or stockroom of a private corporation, where a careful check is kept on outgoing and incoming goods and where nothing is issued except on requisitions, could hardly occur. Certainly they would be discovered soon, and the storekeepers would be discharged instantly for incompetency, even if they were not arrested for complicity in the thefts. Warden Healy may be trusted to carry the investigation to the bottom and to see that the thieves are properly punished. It will be strange if he does not discover that some, at least, of them are now on the pay roll of the hospital.

VACATION SCHOOLS.

The class work of the Chicago vacation schools came to an end on Wednesday; yesterday an excursion to Momence was the conclusion of the whole matter; and today the children are once more playing around the garbage boxes. It is time now to see what the schools have accomplished, to count the cost, and to reckon the gain.

The cost, in the first place, is borne by the Federation of Women's Clubs, and additional funds are secured by voluntary contributions. The city offers the use of its buildings, but no money. In the main, then, the enterprise is one of private philanthropy. The schools chosen this year were the Washburne and the Oliver Goldsmith, both near Hull House, in a district where trade centers around heaps of scrap iron and barrels of old bottles, where there is a continual struggle between smoke and dust for the possession of the air, and where the staple luxury is watermelon at a penny a slice. Here the children are numerous enough to attract the attention of the managers of a vacation school system; soon, indeed, they turn out to be altogether too numerous. The Washburne and the Goldsmith were unable to accommodate them.

Ridiculous as it must seem to children in those parts of the city where the surroundings are such as to make vacation pleasures possible, it is still a fact that when the Washburne and the Goldsmith were opened six weeks ago they were at once filled to the doors and hundreds of applicants were turned away. The explanation of such a condition of affairs is, of course, simple. The street life is sordid and unlovely. The school life is clean, attractive, interesting, on a higher plane. There is good chorus singing; there is clever drawing; there is marching and figure dancing, too military to suit "The Advocate of Peace," but with enough music and rhythm to make one think of the large part that chorus singing and dancing played in old Greek education. There is practical instruction that will perhaps make the future homes of the ward quite different from the present. There is study enough to relieve the schools from the charge of giving the children nothing but a good time, although out of respect for the season no text books are used and all instruction is given orally. There is the constant exemplification of a better way of living than the children could discover for themselves. These are the reasons why boys and girls on South Halsted street are willing to spend six weeks of their vacation in the schoolroom.

The ultimate effect of the vacation school is even more important than its good influence upon the children whom it is at present reaching. It is in the vacation schools that the experiments are made which will finally evolve the proper system of instruction for the children of the tenement districts. It is evident that the present plan of giving the same kind of training to all the children of the city is not altogether satisfactory. There must be a certain modification of that plan for certain present, and as all hope, passing conditions. To speak plainly, the Polish Jews of the Ghetto, although they show marvelous adaptability, have not been in America long enough to be ready for the same kind of schooling that would be perfectly proper in Rogers Park. It is in conforming the school system to the exigencies of Chicago's present needs that the vacation schools will perhaps do their greatest service. It is proposed next year to have five schools instead of two. The public will hope that this expansion of the work will be possible.

LET THE WEST STAND ALONE.

President Shaffer said day before yesterday of the members of the Amalgamated association at South Chicago, "I know these men and I am confident they will now agree to come out with us in this fight." It is evident he did not know them, for a few hours after he made this remark these men again refused to "come out with us" in a fight which was not of their seeking and in which they had nothing to gain and everything to lose.

The South Chicago men certainly were put to a severe test night before last. It is almost as unpleasant to be read out of a union as it was to be excommunicated in the days when excommunication had more terrors than it has now. These men have been proud of their membership in the Amalgamated association and they are not yet ready to admit that the revocation of the charters of their lodges is lawful. But if that association will have nothing more to do with them because of their respect for contracts, then they will form an organization of their own. It will be an organization that will command confidence because its word will be as good as its bond. Vice President Davis, the "lone striker" of South Chicago, says "the outlook of the future of unionism in the town seems dark." It is not so dark as it would have been if his associates has violated their agreements.

The West is becoming a great producer of iron and steel, with Chicago as the center of production. It will be a still greater producer soon if it does not get mixed up in this strike. The Pittsburg Commercial says:

> The shape which the present conflict has now assumed inflicts a tremendous blow upon Pittsburg by placing this district at a great disadvantage with the Chicago district. . . . The inevitable result of this will be a great transfer of production to the Chicago district if the strike is prolonged. . . . It is certain that present conditions are dead against the Pittsburg district and in favor of the Chicago district.

Nothing should be done to check the transfer of production to Chicago. There is no reason why the skilled workers in Western plants should not have their own independent organization. There is no reason why they should become entangled in controversies about Eastern mills which do not concern them in the least.

President Shaffer, after saying he was sure the South Chicago men would change their minds and quit work, said, "The skilled men will strike and enough will strike to greatly cripple the production of the Western mills." They did not go out, and hence the production of Western mills is not crippled. Why should it be? Why should the skilled workers cripple themselves and their families, cripple the hosts of workmen whose employment depends on their remaining at work, and cripple the tradesmen who live on the custom of mill men, in a fruitless effort to aid President Shaffer to unionize some mills down in Pennsylvania?

Surely the time has come for a Western conservative organization, quite independent of the one controlled by the headstrong, reckless labor leaders of the rowdy East.

BURNING UP PAPER MONEY.

A cranky old man in Minnesota has directed in his will that his administrators shall gather up all his cash in bank and burn it till nothing is left but ashes. He wished to spite his heirs—a brother, sister, and nephew. His heirs do not wish to be spited, and they are going to fight the will. They are going to contend, among other things, that an administrator has no more right to destroy money by fire than to destroy buildings or crops.

There is a material difference. The burning up of buildings is a destruction of values. It takes something from the wealth of the community. When paper money is burned there is no destruction of values. There is merely the wiping out of certain evidences of indebtedness, just as if promissory notes instead of bank bills were thrown into the fire. If the administrator should be allowed to obey instructions, and should burn up $50,000 in United States currency of any kind—this is the amount in bank to the credit of the estate—then the United States Treasury would be $50,000 better off than before. Practically the national government would be the heir. If national bank notes were burnt up the banks which issued them would be the gainers.

Therefore, if the will shall be sustained it will be in the power of the bank where the money is deposited to determine who shall be the legatee. It can hand over to the administrator its own notes, if it have any in circulation, the bills of other banks, or United States notes. Or it may hand over gold coin and invite the administrator to burn that to ashes.

The court before which this will is to be contested may well set it aside on the ground that the testator practically left it to the bank to determine the real legatees. If the court does not care to do that, it can set the will aside because the testator was not of sound disposing mind. It is easy to reach that conclusion.

THE AMERICA CUP IN DANGER.

John R. Spears, the naval historian and yachting expert, has been examining Shamrock II., and finds the appearance of the challenger most disquieting. He says the model of the new boat is more beautiful and effective than any of the printed descriptions have led Americans to believe, and he pronounces its lines above water cleaner and swifter than those of any yacht that has yet raced for the cup. In this critic's estimation the accident to the new Shamrock's mast has resulted in improvements which make the yacht at least twelve minutes faster than before.

The perfect proportions of the vessel have impressed Mr. Spears strongly. He says it is broadest exactly in the middle, and tapers with equal grace forward and aft. He calls attention to the fact that this is almost exactly the model of the original America, which brought the cup to this side of the Atlantic fifty years ago. In his judgment Shamrock II. is "perfect according to the best American ideas, and is the only challenger that has shown perfection in this matter." The extraordinary length of the overhang at each end also is regarded as an element of superiority. Mr. Lipton's boat is 137 feet long over all, yet has a length of only 80 feet and a few inches on the water line. This is believed to give it a combination of light weather speed and heavy weather buoyancy never before attained.

According to this expert, the most cheerful optimist on this side of the Atlantic well may feel apprehension for the cup. While Constitution has failed at times to prove its superiority to the old defender, Shamrock II. seems now to be a considerably faster boat than Shamrock I. The American builders appear to have reached the acme of possible speed, while the English builders have bettered all their past efforts. Apparently the races next month will be run by the fastest and most evenly matched yachts that ever contested for the famous cup. The deciding element probably will lie in the degree of nautical skill shown on board each of the flyers. Should Sir Thomas achieve his heart's desire and carry away the coveted cup, it will be because he has the better boat and the better sailor men as well. In that case he will be welcome to the trophy. At present the only certainty is that of seeing one of the most interesting contests in the history of the royal sport of yachting.

IRISH EMIGRATION WILL GO ON.

Michael Davitt says in substance that the Irish in America are helping the English in Ireland by "encouraging our people to desert our country."—Ireland. Mr. Davitt says that during the last fifteen years 500,000 young men and women have come from that island to the United States to stay here. Thus Ireland has lost a quarter of a million fighting men. That is eight times the number of the Boers who have been fighting England for two years and who are "still unconquered and unconquerable." "Unless this drain is stopped," says Mr. Davitt, "the Celts in Ireland will be in the minority, which means that the conquest of our country after its hundreds of years of resistance will have been all but consummated."

Mr. Davitt has made great sacrifices for the cause which is dear to his heart. There is no sacrifice probably which he would not make to further what he takes to be the best interests of his native land. But he cannot reasonably expect Irishmen who have become citizens of America to be as devoted to the cause as he is or to make as many sacrifices for it. So he is not fair when he taxes them with "helping England," and upbraids them for doing so much less than Mr. Davitt thinks they ought to have done to help on the cause.

Of the half a million young men and women who have come here from Ireland during the last fifteen years some no doubt were encouraged to come by relatives or friends, and were aided in doing so. Others came of their own motion because they believed they could do better here than in Ireland. Most of them will cheerfully admit that they have done much better. At the bottom of their hearts they do not agree with Mr. Davitt's dictum that they ought not to have deserted their country, but should have remained there to lead a less free, less happy, less prosperous life than they lead here.

The fact that his countrymen improve their condition when they come to the United States counts for little with Mr. Davitt. It counts for a great deal with the Irish immigrants who are here and with the hundreds of thousands more who are to come. For he cannot keep them from following in the footsteps of the millions who have come before.

CLAIMS OF DEPORTED AMERICANS.

Several American citizens who were living in the Transvaal when the war broke out have submitted claims to the south African Compensation commission now sitting in London. They ask for damages on the ground that they were arrested and shipped out of the country without just cause. The reason given for deporting nine of them was that they were mixed up in the plot against Lord Roberts, which, it is said, was got up by the Boers soon after the occupation of Pretoria by his forces. These claimants deny being concerned in any plot.

Their government is, most properly, looking after their interests. It has engaged counsel to represent them and through that counsel has notified the commission that the United States denied the right of deportation either in time of peace or of war unless there is evidence of a breach of law or of hostility to the government, and that it expects the fullest consideration will be given to the demands of its citizens who have been improperly arrested and deported. This is asked for not as an "act of grace" but as a matter of right.

The British government should pay ample damages wherever it cannot show that a claimant was aiding the enemy. Where it can be shown that he was in any way unmindful of his duties as a neutral this government will do nothing for him. The United States had to deal with multifarious claims for damages made by subjects of Great Britain who were living in the Southern States during the rebellion. It refused peremptorily to admit the justice of any of them where the claimant had been giving aid and comfort to the enemy.

When an American citizen domiciled in the Transvaal was deported, his business broken up, and his property sacrificed, and all that can be said against him is that some military officer suspected him of misconduct or thought it "inconvenient" to have him around, then he should receive liberal compensation. The United States government, while making due allowance for the abnormal state of affairs in south Africa, will insist on such compensation.

UNCOUTHNESS IN THE ARMY.

General Miles has acted wisely in issuing a general order intended to promote a more trim and soldierly appearance on the part of the men in the United States army. All the American as well as all the foreign critics of our regiments in the Chinese expedition agreed that the American soldiers, while second to none in courage and efficiency, were deficient in drill and slouchy in appearance. General Chaffee recently has found it necessary to issue an order on this subject to his men in the Philippines. Now General Miles calls the attention of the whole army to "a certain uncouthness of exterior and laxity of manners," which seem to be affected intentionally by some of the troops under the mistaken idea that these are soldierly characteristics. The commanding General says offenses of this kind must stop.

This carelessness in dress and discipline appears to have crept into the army at the time of the civil war. Up to that time the regulars were models of punctilious propriety. No European officers were more insistent in matters of discipline and pipeclay than those of our army before the '60s. The civil war called into the field vast bodies of untrained volunteers, who in time became as efficient fighters as the regulars, but who never acquired the perfection of drill or the rigid habit of keeping their uniforms in spotless condition. These volunteer regiments, with their splendid fighting and their careless dressing, set an example whose effect upon the regulars remains noticeable to the present day.

The same thing happened on a smaller scale in the case of the Rough Riders in the Spanish war. The general tendency in army circles has been to undervalue looks and to think only of success on the battlefield. Undoubtedly this fault has reached a point where, as General Miles says, it begins to be subversive of discipline and effectiveness. The attention of the nation was called to the matter for the first time when our regiments were placed side by side with the faultless dress and technic of the German, Russian, and British soldiers in China. The contrast was an unpleasant shock. The utter disregard of appearances of the Americans could not fail to become an object of criticism even among the most friendly onlookers. The international relief expedition to Pekin has had at least one good result if it has caused our soldiers to see themselves as others see them and created a reaction in favor of a more soldierly bearing.

OLD HOME WEEK.

In three of the New England States, Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont, this is "old home" week. They have left the latch strings out and are ready to give cordial greeting to a multitude of their sons who will return from all over the country for a visit at the old homesteads, and a reunion with the home folk. New Hampshire was the first to designate a certain week when it would be at home to receive its children, renew old-time memories, and sit down and compare experiences. Maine followed its example, and then Vermont, and now each year in these three States there is a joyous home festival which from a private and individual reunion has grown into a public celebration, observed with decorations, parades, addresses, and banquets, for one day at least of the week.

It is now intimated that next year Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut will also institute the home week festival, and that it will be proclaimed by their respective Governors. Then all New England will call for its children to come home. If they should all obey the call their coming would be like the march of a mighty army and some sections of the West would be nearly depopulated if they should send away their New-Englanders and their descendants.

The yearly home-coming in New England is already beginning to infringe upon the old-time Thanksgiving observance. That festival comes at a busy season of the year when it is difficult for New-Englanders at a distance to make connection with the home turkey, and thus the reunions are largely neighborhood affairs, but the home week is set at a time when vacations are generally taken, and thus it is possible for the largest number to avail themselves of its privileges and pleasures. Its initiation in New Hampshire was a happy thought, and it is to be hoped the home week will be adopted by all the New England States. Apart from the pleasure of personal reunions of old friends and relatives, both guests and hosts have much to give and to receive. The visitors will get fresh hints in the science of good government, increased respect for the moralities, higher enthusiasm for education, and new lessons in healthy conservatism, while their entertainers will get more world knowledge, more industrial and commercial push, more aggressiveness, stronger impulse, and more resolute determination, and to each there will be mutual pleasure in the renewal of acquaintance and the comparison of experience.

CHICAGO'S list of remarkable curiosities now comprises the man without a stomach, the man with two hearts, and the Hon. John F. Aitgeld.

THE referendum having failed in Columbus, O., and compulsory arbitration being on its last legs in New Zealand, the outlook for the world is extremely dark, and Mark Hanna may expect another avalanche of threatening letters.

THE extra heart that Mr. Wambold is carrying around may have belonged originally to Mr. Woods, the Lawton monopolist.

PERHAPS it would be as well for St. Louis to drop those complaints about typhoid fever from drinking Chicago sewage until after the exposition. Typhoid germs are not a tempting attraction to visitors.—Buffalo Express.

Perhaps St. Louis thinks there will be plenty of time to hedge before the exposition opens.

THERE is a tremendous run of salmon up the Columbia River this year. This is probably the outcome of another deep, dark Republican plot to make it appear the country is prosperous.

PRESIDENT SHAFFER is achieving considerable notoriety also as a labor disorganiser.

IF Hall Caine is ambitious of springing a real surprise on the public, let him evolve a book that may be read aloud in the family circle.

BY a copious use of footnotes in small type General Alger ought to be able to confine his recollections within the compass of one volume.

THE chiropodists point with some pride to the fact that they are not involved in any State scandal.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Practical Suggestion.

"If lowering a tunnel is all you want," said the cynical visitor, "why don't you have some of your wealthy men ask the tax reviewers to cut it down?"

Of Some Use to Him.

"Father," said the young son of the eminent medical and scientific authority, "if all the diseases come from germs, as you say they do, what good do germs do? Wasn't it a mistake to create them?"

"Why—er—germs, Lionel," replied his paternal ancestor, "may be said to serve the—er—purpose of—you are rather young, however, to understand such things fully; but I may mention that I am to write an article on that subject next month for one of the magazines, for which they pay me $500."

Thrive on Notoriety.

"I've noticed," Uncle Allen Sparks said, "that the more you say about mosquitoes and Anarchists in print the more they seem to be stirred up to action."

Born That Way.

"You keep half a dozen of us dangling after you," groaned the young man, despairingly, "and give each one just enough encouragement to make him hope he's the favored one. Pardon me for saying so, but you are what the boys would call pretty smooth."

"Well, what else would you naturally expect me to be?" said the handsome Miss Slick, looking at him archly.

And he was her willing slave again.

Wise Beyond His Years.

"Do you know anything about history?" asked one of the examiners.

"Yes, sir," said the boy who wanted to be a West Point cadet. "I know it is mostly lies."

This was thought at first to be a covert thrust at Historian Maclay, and for a few minutes the lad's fate hung in the balance, but eventually he passed.

Good Boy!

"Willie, I am glad to hear you say you would like to be an angel. What would you do if you were one?"

"I'd fly up to the top of that big cottonwood tree in our yard an' take my kite out of it."

A Philanthropist.

The veteran manager sought to discourage the girl.

"My dear young lady," he said, "do you know that life on the stage is laborious, disappointing, and full of heartaches? Even in the career of a star there is more misery than happiness."

"It ought not to be," she responded, "with such a man as you to planet."

"Young woman," replied the manager, frowning darkly, "you shall have your way. I can see that if I don't give you an opening you will go to writing things for the newspapers."

CURRENT LITERARY NOTES.

The summer number of the Blue Sky, that small, eager, amateur, and entertaining magazine published at Kenwood by certain young gentlemen, is really charming. It is not to be denied that little periodicals of this sort have proved fascinating—even more fascinating than the contributors and the editors realize. The reason for this is that the contributors and editors are invariably young and the note of adolescence—which the possessors of it do not appreciate—strikes most agreeably upon the ear. The cover design of the present number is by F. W. Goudy and Will A. Dwiggins, the illustrations by Walter J. Enright, Belle Silveira, Harry Everett Townsend, and John W. Norton. As for the letter press, that is the work of Thomas Wood Stevens and Alden Charles Noble. The tone of the poems and sketches is romantic and chivalrous. Realism does not apparently enter the doors of the Blue Sky. Here is an example of the work—being the words of one who, in the modern time, lies dreaming on an ancient battlement:

Are ye so poor, my masters, as to grudge
My days of idleness and slumbering?
The roofs are tranquil, and the poplar trees
Are sleeping sentinels of sleeping kines.
This tower, on which the flame of clamant war
Hath lightly played and licked with lambent death,
Whose weathering stones are rich with ancient blood,
Whose dizzy walls have echoed winged storms,
And all whose frame hath quivered with command—
This keep hath lost its pride. The cloaking green
Softens the stern and one time clanging floor,
And over it the drowsy essence of repose
Drifts as a subtle spirit of dead woes.

I know not why they loosed and scaled and razed—
Those warriors that once knew this battlement;
They must have felt the fire of conquering,
Heard the uplift of cries that trusted them,
Wondered at strange, gay banners not their own,
Raged and slew blindly, or despairing fled—
In pain of days, and envy for the dead.

Theirs was a tremor of the dread of life,
Crowded with hollow glories of bright arms.
Mine is the multitudinous silent light,
The thrill of breezes and the hum of bees,
The azure over me, the green beneath,
The town apart, to gaze on as a show
That slides in grooves before my doubting eyes—
A show of indolent sleek uncourtesiousness.
I care not if they listen or deride,
I care not, masters, to endure for spoil:
And if I toil, my dreams must die in toil.

Mr. I. K. Friedman, whose serious and ambitious fiction has added greatly to the dignity of Chicago's literary product, is soon to have a novel upon the market from the press of McClure, Phillips & Co. The title is "By Bread Alone," the scene South Chicago, the subject the great mills of the Illinois Steel company—those vast mills which support a small city of—one will not say souls but bodies. There are certain prosperous, self-satisfied communities where the overseers of the mill live, but these are not, it can be imagined, the neighborhoods with which Mr. Friedman will deal. The subjects most interesting to a philanthropist or a novelist are to be found in the crowded, wretched communities where Poles, Hungarians, and Scandinavians live in poverty of condition which even good wages would be futile to relieve. They are the worn-out human soil of the old world, and the new world, which has the fertilizing riches, neglects to place it on this barren soil. Mr. Friedman has a great theme—as great a one as Hauptmann had for "The Weavers"—and the friends of the young novelist hope much for his book.

The New York Times says of Mr. Ernest McGaffey's "Sonnets to a Wife": "This little volume will be a dear companion to all who know the loveliness of love, to all who can appreciate the voicing of the best emotions that come to a man's heart. Women will find joy in its pages, for they set forth the kind of worship for which every woman craves. It may be that Mr. McGaffey will not again find inspiration to move his muse to such fine songs, but he may rest happy in the assurance that by these sonnets—at least those which show him at his best—he has earned a right to be classed among the most sincere and tender of our recent singers.

As bearing on the Santiago inquiry, it is interesting to read the comments of Professor Rawson in his book, "Twenty Famous Naval Battles" (T. Y. Crowell & Co.). About forty pages are devoted to the Santiago fight, and there are numerous maps and battle plans. Of Schley's "loop," Professor Rawson says:

"It was a maneuver which, if followed by the fleet, would have resulted detrimentally. As it was, the swift, unexpected turning in the grand rush for close action, amid the dense smoke, nearly caused a collision with the Texas, which was avoided by the prompt reversal of the engines on that vessel. To have turned to the westward in common with the almost simultaneous movement of the vessels nearer the Morro was the wiser plan; it would naturally be expected of it from its extreme westward position. It would seem that the Brooklyn, with its superior speed, lost an opportunity to especially distinguish itself, either in an encounter with the Viscaya or in leading the fighting as the Spaniards flew westward."

Harpers will bring out early in September Gilbert Parker's "The Right of Way," which has just concluded its serial run.

The Labor Association of London will try to secure a London edition of Henry Demarest Lloyd's "Labor Copartnership."

The London Athenæum does not care for Miss Potter's "The House of De Mailly." It says: "The story is not badly told, but seeing that we have already so many of a similar nature, it appears to have been hardly worth the telling."

William Morris' autograph copies of all his larger works and several smaller ones, thirty-six volumes, mainly folios, are not yet to leave England. They have been secured by that great admirer of the poet, Mr. Lawrence Hodson, who shared Morris' love for Chaucer.

Messrs. Macmillan & Co. have made arrangements for the following additional volumes in their well-known series of "English Men of Letters": "Tennyson," by Sir Alfred Lyall; "George Eliot," by Mr. Leslie Stphen, who wrote on the novelist in the "Dictionary of National Biography"; "Crabbe," by Canon Ainger; "Hazlitt," by Mr. Augustine Birrell; "Matthew Arnold," by Mr. Herbert Paul; "Jane Austen," by Professor H. C. Beeching; and "Richardson," by Mr. Austin Dobson.

PERSONALS.

Major General Baden-Powell is soon to receive a casket made of Tasmanian blackwood, enameled and decorated with gold and silver, from the members of the Tasmanian relief force who fought under him.

France has two centenarian artists, M. le Sourd-Bouregard, a painter, and M. Adolphe Thiae of Bordeaux, an architect, both born in 1800. M. le Sourd-Bouregard studied under David and made a crayon sketch of Napoleon's great "Champ de Mai" fête in 1815.

Frau Cosima Wagner's petition to the German Reichstag to prolong the Baireuth monopoly of "Parsifal" does not seem to meet with much favor. The appeal, signed by Humperdinck, Niemann, and other eminent men, was circulated in Baireuth during the recent festival, but few of the visitors signed it.

The descendants of Queen Victoria and Prince Albert constitute the only Protestant branch of the Saxe-Coburg and Gotha family order. The three other sets are Roman Catholic—the royal family of Portugal, the descendants of Prince Augustus and Princess Clementine d'Orleans, and the royal family of Belgium.

Senator Daniel of Virginia lives in a modest style at Washington, and has for nearly thirty years spent nearly all his money in paying off debts incurred by a relative in the panic of 1873. The Senator was not bound by law to assume this financial burden, but did so of his own free will, and he also pays the interest on the debts.

Dr. Koch, the eminent German bacteriologist, while an eloquent man in his native tongue, is somewhat at a loss in speaking English, though he understands it well. At the London banquet in his honor recently it was only after the strenuous persuasion of his friends that he could be induced to say a few words in English.

The Roll Call.

"What's Bill a-doin' of?"
"Hoein' cotton."
"An' Dick—whar's he?"
"Splittin' rails."
"An' whar's Mandy?"
"Milkin' the cows."
"Well, whar's yer daddy?"
"Straddle o' the fence, a-talkin' politics, an' a-doin' of nothin'!"—Atlanta Constitution.

The Professions—Are they Overcrowded?

Engineering

HUNDREDS of young civil, mining, electrical, and mechanical engineers are turned out every year from the professional schools of the universities and from the great independent technical schools. The yearly crop of engineers of various kinds is larger than that of either embryo physicians or lawyers. Yet engineering is one of the few professions which is not overcrowded.

In the first place the field for the activities of the engineer are almost limitless. So long as railroads run, or trolley lines are built, it will take an engineer or many engineers to lay out the roads, to see that the bridges and viaducts are built strongly enough to stand the strain upon them, and to look after the physical well-being of the line. New mines are being opened up every week, and each of them demands the services of the engineer. Electricity is being used more widely every year, and not even the electrical engineer has any idea of the extent of the field before him. Commerce is pushing its way into

MINING OFFERS MANY OPPORTUNITIES.

every corner of the world, and everywhere the engineer must go before both the flag and the trade which is supposed to follow it. Until all the powers of nature are understood and made to do practical work for men there will be a continually expanding field for the work of the engineer.

The young engineer has another advantage over his equally youthful brother in the law or medicine. When he graduates the limb of the law must hang out his shingle and live, if it is declared, for an average of seven years before he can hope to earn a living out of the practice of his profession. Something the same is the fate of the young doctor. But employment at living wages waits for the young engineer the moment he leaves school. Any man who has graduated from a reputable school of engineering will have little difficulty in getting employment with a railroad company or some other corporation at wages ranging from $40 to $60 a month. He is, therefore, from the first self-supporting.

On the other hand, the fact that work waits for the young engineer has its dangerous side, so far as his future prospects are concerned. He may get so used to a regular and a fixed income, and that income may become in time so large, that he will hesitate to leave his position when he has acquired sufficient reputation and experience and go into business for himself. The chief engineers of many large railroads and other great corporations are sometimes paid as much as $10,000 a year, and many men hesitate to give up a certainty of that kind for even the probability of making much more in private practice.

It should be noted, however, that in many instances employment as an engineer in the service of a large corporation has lead to promotion in lines not directly connected with the professions. Thus there have been a number of railroad Presidents who began their connection with the companies of which they were the heads in the capacity of rodmen or stake driver with an engineering

HE MAY BE CALLED TO SOUTH AMERICA.

party. The late President Newell of the Lake Shore road was a conspicuous example of this method of rising.

Other bright young engineers who were quick to realize and seize their opportunities have found wealth and high position in other lines of business which they first entered as employés of the engineering department. F. Augustus Heinze, for instance, the young copper king, who is Senator Clark's chief rival in Montana, went to that State only a few years ago as a graduate mining engineer in search of experience. He is not yet 35 years old, and in the few years he has spent in the West he has accumulated a fortune which is said to amount to $30,000,000. His success was entirely due to the fact that he was a practical engineer, and that when certain opportunities in a mining way came into his hands he had the technical knowledge to know what to do and the courage to undertake it.

Charles M. Schwab, head of the steel trust, is another graduate from the engineering corps. His first work for the Carnegie company was as stake driver with an engineering party.

But these are the exceptions which prove the rule that the engineer who sticks strictly to his profession and does not leave it for the attractions of outside fleshpots is not likely to accumulate anything like vast fortune. There are said to be not more than six practicing engineers in the United States whose earnings from their profession amount to as much as $50,000 a year. At least one of the six is a resident of Chicago.

Again the engineer has another disadvantage as compared with the lawyer or the doctor. The physician, it is true, may be called up at any hour of the day or night to attend a patient, and the lawyer, if his fame is widereaching, may be called to a distant city to conduct a case. But the engineer is likely at any moment to be summoned to the far corners of the earth, and if he wishes to keep up his practice he must stand ready to go on demand. A railroad which is projecting a line up the Andes of South America may wish his services in planning a great bridge or in determining the best route for a tunnel. He must go and see the conditions for himself, exposing himself to all sorts of dangers, it may be, in doing the work. Or he may be called upon to spend days on a rocky island far out in the ocean where a lighthouse or a fort is to be erected. The life of the successful engineer is certain to be a strenuous one. If he goes into mining he may be called upon to risk his life below

THE YOUNG ENGINEER DONS OVERALLS.

ground where there is imminent danger of floods or noxious gas.

There are certain other outside businesses into which the engineer easily slips. Thus many of the contractors and builders of the day are also engineers. The man who invented and built the first steel construction skyscraper—the Tacoma Building in Chicago—was originally an engineer, and he founded and became the head of perhaps the largest contracting and constructing company in the country.

One thing which is likely to assist in preventing the profession of engineering from becoming overcrowded is the fact that comparatively few men are capable of becoming expert engineers. The work requires in the first place a mathematical brain, and the young man who does not like and understand figures may as well stay out of it. It is also true that to become a first-class engineer requires some original capital, or else a tremendous amount of hard work and some privations on the part of the ambitious youth. It is said that on the average it costs the young engineers of the country $4,000 each to acquire the necessary technical education required for the practice of the profession. It takes hard study for a course of four years in addition to the time and money required to acquire the preliminary general education as a foundation.

The latest development in the line of engineering is the proposal on the part of certain leading students of social conditions,

HE MAY BECOME A RAILROAD PRESIDENT.

particularly of the labor problem, that a place and a demand actually exist for men who shall be called social engineers. As suggested, it would be the duty of the social engineer to study the relations existing between the company which employs him and its other employés, and to see that all friction is avoided if possible. He would be quiet to see signs of dissatisfaction, and would learn the cause and remove it, if possible, before it reached a climax. He would be able to suggest many little things which would increase the comfort of the employés without putting the company to any great expense, and would generally pour oil on the troubled waters.

DISAPPOINTED IN PROFESSOR TRIGGS.

Professor Oscar L. Triggs of the University of Chicago approves of Whittier. We are disappointed in Triggs. Up to the fatal mistake we have worshiped him as the greatest of thinkers and profoundest of commentators. His statement that Rockefeller was greater than Shakspeare appealed to our sense of justice. Shakspeare had never given the University of Chicago a cent, and, in our mind, he was a poor stick. Professor Triggs' declaration that church hymns were dogmatic and contained less of literature than dime novels sounded to us like common sense. And when he came fearlessly forward and, single handed, tore the mask from the deceptive literary characters of Longfellow and Holmes, we immediately voted him the peak among the world's critics, and placed his banner at our masthead.

But in the moment of our triumph Professor Triggs has failed us. He has approved of Whittier; he has placed the profoundest of that flitherto obscure writer of meaningless jingles on a par with those superb masterpieces of American literature: "Deadwood Dick, the Scalp Eater of the Plains"; "Calamity Jane, the Woman Scout of the Sierras"; "Seven Buckets of Blood, or the Chambermaid's Revenge"; and "The Ghoul of the Howling Wilderness."

We stagger beneath the weight of our disappointment in Triggs.—Burlington Hawkeye.

Roadside Philosophy.

Weary Waggles—"Funny how things go. The people you would like to have friendly to you turn away from you, while those whose company is distasteful to you force themselves upon you."

Dusty Roads—"Weary, what're yer givin' us?"

Weary Waggles—"Up at the farmhouse on the hill everybody turned away from me all but the dog, and he showed a disposition to force his company upon me that was positively nauseating."—Boston Transcript.

Abdul Hamid's Little Joke.

"Your Excellency," said the Grand Vizier, "that French collector is cackling around here about that little bill again."

"What sayeth he?" asked Abdul Hamid, moodily puffing at his nargileh.

"He voweth that France will seize your realm unless the account be settled."

"Hum," sighed Abdul, taking a long draw. "France is a bird, but I hardly opine that she is a Turkey gobbler. I hardly opine that."—Baltimore American.

Rainy Day Philosophy.

There is no need for any hose
Upon a rainy day;
Yet when it rains you always see
A gaudy hose display.
—Ohio State Journal.

UNITE TO SEEK ERIN'S FREEDOM.

Chicago Irishmen Pass Resolutions to Join Reorganized Land League.

DAVITT IN CLARION CALL.

O'Donovan Rossa Rouses Cheers of the Nationalists by His Fiery Address.

GATHER AT OSWALD'S GROVE

The blending of the orange and the green in badges and banners, colors which have been responsible for fighting and bloodshed when they met upon an Irish national holiday in the past, marked the picnic of the United Irish Societies yesterday at Sunnyside Park as a unique event. Fifteen thousand Irishmen attended the demonstration and declared themselves by resolutions in favor of peaceful methods of gaining Irish freedom.

While all this was going on the Irish Nationalists, meeting at Oswald's Grove, were cheering O'Donovan Rossa's fiery talk of burning London and bitter denunciation of those who were trying to talk Ireland free.

Michael Davitt was the orator of the day. As the result of his plea for a united Irish people the leaders of the United Irish league will be invited here next fall to organize American branches of the league. The United Irish league is the old Land League reorganized. So intensely did Mr. Davitt enter into the purpose of his address that at its conclusion he was overcome and had to be supported to his exit from the grounds.

Davitt Is Warmly Indorsed.

The resolutions read and adopted at the picnic indorsed the sentiments which Michael Davitt put forth in a forcible manner in his address. Support for the Nationalist movement in Ireland and approval of peace methods was the general text. The points of the resolution were briefly as follows:

Promise of support to the United Irish league as the best means of securing complete and absolute independence for Ireland.

Expression of confidence in William O'Brien, Michael Davitt, John Redmond, John Dillon, and James Kelly, and an invitation to them to establish the United Irish league in this country.

Alarm at the terrible drain of emigration, which, if unchecked, is certain to depopulate Ireland.

Assistance for all Irish industries that will tend to keep the Irish people at home.

Encouragement in efforts to revive the ancient language and music of Ireland.

Admiration for the gallant fight made by the Boers and abhorrence of inhuman tactics of the British.

Regret that Congress has been remiss in withholding sympathies from South African Republics.

Pride at the part taken by the Chicago Ambulance Corps in south Africa.

Says England Is Tyrannical.

Michael Davitt's speech was a masterly exposition of the Irish situation and a strong plea for the principles advocated by the United Irish league, which seeks peaceful means of securing freedom for Ireland and redress for her wrongs. He began with the argument that Ireland has no more reason to be discouraged in its fight against England than has Christianity in its fight against mammonism. He then continued to show why the Irish nation seeks independence.

"Ireland is today," he said, "the only civilized nation on earth where the law of liberty restricts the destruction of homes as an instrument of civil government; where a family living in its own house may be evicted and that house can be confiscated or destroyed for a civil debt, due to a man who has no more right in equity to the house so confiscated than the Emperor of China.

Shows Sympathy with Boers.

"The enthusiastic feeling in Ireland for the cause of the Boers and against the aggression of England," he continued, while dealing with the present situation, "may cost us home rule. So be it. Ireland is in religion mostly a Catholic country. The Boers are in strict faith Protestants. To me, an Irishman and a Catholic, my country stands far higher and far nobler in the garb of a disinterested but warm-hearted sympathizers for the cause of liberty and justice among a people not of our race or of our faith, than if she had all the liberty that Canada enjoys and had, in similar manner, prostituted that freedom.

"We are going to keep up the national fight for liberty at home so long as a Celt remains who refuses to live contentedly under the British flag, whether you help us or continue to help England by encouraging more of our people to desert our country. We may not succeed, but yours will be the blame if we fail."

The demonstration began with a parade, which left the Auditorium at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Mr. Davitt's principal address was delivered in the afternoon. Father Reynolds presided at a session in the evening.

Rossa at Oswald's Grove.

"If I could grasp all the fires of hell I would hurl them in the face of our enemies," shouted Jeremiah O'Donovan Rossa of New York to 5,000 cheering Irish Nationalists at Oswald's Grove. Fifty-second and Halsted streets, last night. "Trusting to England to free the Irish people is like trusting to the devil for religious salvation."

The sentiments of the Irish leader, who served many years in English prisons, caused his hearers to respond with three times three for the "gallant O'Donovan Rossa." So enthusiastic did the members of the society become that, could they have caught one of the "English spies" reported to be lurking in the grove, his life would probably have paid the penalty.

To the whirling notes of the "harpips in 'St. Patrick's Day'" and "God Save Ireland," the Sons of Erin who believe in fighting early and late began to arrive at the park shortly after noon. The speaking had been postponed until evening, and the crowd amused themselves dancing, playing games, and in trying their luck on wheels of fortune. President William McCoy introduced John F. Keating as chairman of the meeting. The address to the Irish race prepared and distributed by the organization was read by Daniel Donahoe. The document arraigns England for its Irish policy and charges the nation with "murder and plunder." It appeals for organization.

When J. O'Donovan Rossa was introduced he prefaced his remarks with the statement that it was the most unpleasant hour in his life had been spent the night before, when "a party of men now attending another meeting in this city" called on him and told him he was making a mistake in attending the Irish Nationalist meeting.

"I told them that we must fight like men for the independence of Ireland," he said. "Agitation will do little good. The knowledge that fires could be set out all over London, Manchester, and other cities of England has done more to wring concessions out of the British than all agitation. We can force England to the realization that the English people have more to lose than to gain by retaining Ireland."

MRS. LESTER GIVEN A DIVORCE.

Decree Granted by Judge Smith on Charges of Cruelty on Part of the Husband.

Mrs. Elisabeth S. Lester was granted a divorce by Judge Smith yesterday from Charles H. Lester on charges of cruelty. Mrs. Lester alleged that on June 28, 1900, her husband shot at her at their house, 3213 Lake Park avenue, and again threatened her on Dec. 28, 1900. No mention of alimony is made in the decree.

Travelers to Louisville for K. T. Conclave can get round trip tickets for $8 over Pennsylvania Short Lines from Chicago, Aug. 17 to 20, inclusive. Trains leave Chicago Union Station daily at 10 a. m. and 8:40 p. m. Arrange for parlor or sleeping car reservations through H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

SHORT STORY OF THE DAY.

His Ward and Miss Impudence.

BY ST. JOHN WARSON.

It was very annoying. Leslie Thomas threw out the letter impatiently on the table and gazed for some time into the glowing embers of his bachelor fireside.

What had he done? He, a sober-minded single man, to be saddled with a child for the rest of his days. He, who disliked children, to be the guardian and protector of a girl who was nothing to him until she should arrive at an age to take care of herself. Yet he had promised the child's father.

With an impatient sigh he picked up the letter again and read its contents.

"Dear Mr. Thomas," it ran. "I trust you will not consider this a piece of interference on my part, but I thought it necessary for you to know that your little ward, Eva Gresham, has now reached the age of 5, without once having seen the face of her guardian. I am anxious to know what you intend to do in the way of her education and thought perhaps you would better judge by coming down soon to see her. Yours faithfully, Rose Herschel."

"A piece of impertinence," said the devoted guardian, biting his nails. "What is it to do with Miss Rose Herschel, I should like to know? This child is nothing to me. However, I suppose I must do my duty by her. I'll run down to Sevenoaks and set matters right straight away, packing my ward off to a boarding school and Miss Impudence about her business. She has had a nice soft time of it, looking after that child, and now, perhaps, she will be sorry she had a finger in the pie."

That was how Mr. Leslie Thomas found himself the following afternoon outside a sung little villa at Sevenoaks. He hesitated before knocking. The cottage, he thought, looked rather fine for such humble inhabitants, and yet there was the name written up over the porch right enough—Woodbine Cottage in big gilt letters. Filmy lace curtains fluttered at the windows, through which a glimpse of a daintily furnished room could be seen. The window boxes were gay with flowers, and the whole house had a thoroughly well-kept appearance.

In some surprise Eva's guardian reached up and knocked at the door, wondering in spite of himself that he had never had the curiosity to venture here before. The door was opened by a spruce maid, to whose skirts clung a little girlish mite of 5.

"Miss Herschel?" he inquired, with a glance of interest at the child.

"Will you please come in, sir?" said the girl, and Mr. Thomas followed her into the snuggest little parlor ever furnished. He had hardly taken a chair ere Miss Herschel entered with Eva on her hand.

She was a tall, graceful girl about eight and twenty, with a sweet, womanly face, frank eyes, and a rich glowing color.

"Mr. Thomas! I'm so glad you've come; I thought you would," she said with a smile, betraying a bewitching dimple in either cheek. "I did so want you to know your little ward. Isn't she a darling?"

"A nice little girl, indeed," stammered Leslie. "I am glad you sent for me. She is now the age when she should mix up with other children. I will see about a boarding-school at once."

"A boarding-school!" The color deepened suddenly in Miss Herschel's cheek and her eyes flashed indignantly. "A boarding-school," she repeated, warmly, "for a delicate child like that! Nonsense! She wouldn't live a month of it. Besides, I love her, and cannot part with her."

The haughtiness and assurance with which she spoke surprised and irritated Mr. Thomas, who considered himself a masterful man, in his way.

"Indeed," he said, dryly. "But the future of the child must be considered before personal desires."

"She could go to a day school about here, or—or I could spare time to teach her."

"Thank you, but I prefer the idea of a boarding-school," said Leslie Thomas. "You forget I am the child's guardian."

"And you seem to forget that I have taken the place of the child's mother," said the girl, quickly.

"Well, you have been paid for it."

They were insulting words, and Leslie was sorry the moment he had uttered them. Even then he was surprised to see the effect they had upon the girl.

She rose instantly, trembling in every limb, the color coming and going in her cheeks, and with her eyes ablaze with indignation.

"Paid for it!—yes," she said, rapidly. "And for all you knew, and for all the interest you took in me and the child, I might have been a wicked, worthless woman who accepted the money for her own use and shamefully neglected and ill-used the child."

With this she swept him a look of utter disdain and contempt, and walking over to her writing table unlocked a drawer and drew forth a small box in which reposed a little hoard of bank notes and golden coins,

"Here are Eva's savings," she said, stiffly; "£50 yearly for nearly five years. It is a nice little sum. Will you please take it with her now?"

Leslie Thomas turned abashed from the scornful brown eyes, and by way of diversion picked up the child, who beat him furiously with her little doubled fists.

Leslie laughed awkwardly, and set her down.

"She's a little mite," he said. "I suppose she will not be the worse for a little more coddling. What do you say? Shall we keep the peace for another twelve months?"

The girl swept him a deep curtsey. "My lord is gracious," she said, with mock gratitude; and then, with a sudden change of manner, she turned from him with a sob and caught the child passionately to her breast.

. . . . . .

Emboldened by a strong sense of duty, which had never troubled him before the interview with Eva's good friend, Leslie Thomas paid frequent visits to the little villa at Sevenoaks. Miss Herschel was consulted about a school in the neighborhood for his little ward, her talents were discussed, her toys chosen, and her pleasures arranged; and in the mutual interest for the child's welfare the altercation at their first meeting was forgotten, and the two became fast friends—nay, more, for the fine color in Miss Herschel's cheek deepened to an alarming degree when the familiar knock came at the door, and, although Leslie Thomas had as yet spoken no words but those of kindly friendship, his eyes were unconsciously eloquent.

But silence could not be maintained for long, and one day, when Leslie had accidentally met her returning from a walk, he purposely returned to the subject of a boarding-school for the hapless little Eva.

This time Miss Herschel maintained her composure and smiled severely. She knew her power now.

"Do you want to be saddled with the child all your life?" he demanded.

"If you put it that way—yes."

"But you may marry," this anxiously.

"In such an event," began Miss Herschel, coloring, and with a swift, upward glance, "she would still be in the care of her guardian."

"Then you would leave her?" asked Leslie.

"O, no; she would still remain as my little daughter."

This time her eyes were withdrawn, for, with a burst of eloquence, Leslie had caught her in a close embrace.

"Do you really mean it, Rose?" he murmured, at length. "Can you really look upon me as a lover after—after my rudeness to you and my brutality to that child?"

"Yes, I think I can," said Rose, smiling; "even after your 'brutality.' But listen, and don't think me quite disinterested with regard to little Eva. Her father was once betrothed to me."

"To you?" said Leslie, suddenly releasing her.

"Yes; but you needn't be jealous, dear. It was a most prosaic affair, and he afterwards fell in love with and married Eva's mother, who died, as you know, soon after the little one's birth. Perhaps it was natural for my poor Herbert, when he knew that he was dying, to wish to place the little orphan in my care."

"Then you love the child for her father's sake?" said Leslie, almost resentfully.

"No; for her own and for his sad memory," said Rose, gravely. "Is she to be your little daughter, too, or only mine?"

"She shall be ours," said Leslie, with some fervor. "She was the means of bringing us together, and for that alone I owe her a debt of gratitude I shall never be able to repay."

"Except by being good to her and her adopted mother for the rest of your life," said Miss Herschel, lifting her lips temptingly.

And Leslie sealed the compact.

DOWIE FOLLOWER IS DEAD.

Woman Dies Despite the Prayers of Co-religionists and Having Refused a Doctor's Skill.

Mrs. Bertha Kenyon, 1625 Wabash avenue, died at her home yesterday afternoon, and, because she was a Dowieite, had refused the assistance of a doctor. Mrs. Kenyon became ill but a week ago, while making a visit to Zion City, near Waukegan, where she purchased two lots.

On Sunday night Mrs. Kenyon was suffering terribly, and several business-men in the vicinity attempted to convince her husband that a doctor's aid was necessary in restoring the woman to health.

"My wife will never have a physician in the house as long as I am here," Kenyon replied. "I am a devoted Dowieite, and I will not allow a doctor in the house."

Judge Pond and a jury yesterday decided that Miss Anna Fotsch, a follower of Dowie, was mentally unbalanced, and sent her to the Kankakee insane asylum. Several of the followers of Elijah II. were present to testify as to what had been done with the $500 that Miss Fotsch, during her occasional sane moments, said had been taken from her by the Christian Catholic Church.

No one appeared at the trial to represent the State's Attorney's office, and it is not expected that steps will be taken for an accounting of the money.

Social Settlement Wedding.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 15.—The Rev. Archibald A. Hill and Miss Mary D. Anderson were married at 10 o'clock this morning at Neighborhood House. Mr. Hill is head resident at the West Side Social Settlement of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church in New York, and his wife a Vassar graduate well known in social settlement work. They will live in New York.

Diamonds—prices low, payments easy, long time. Loftis Bros., 108 State street.

MARRIED FOR FIFTY YEARS.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Christopher, Each 74 Years Old, Celebrate Their Golden Anniversary.

Surrounded by children and grandchildren, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Christopher celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary yesterday at the residence of their daughter, Mrs. John Farley, 31 Francisco terrace. Mr. Christopher and his wife are each 74 years old. They were born in Ballyhane, County Mayo, Ireland. Mr. Christopher came to the United States in 1834, and in 1855 he came to Illinois with his wife and engaged in coal mining in La Salle County. Until his retirement from business he was President of the Union Coal company. Seven children, thirty grandchildren, and one great-grandchild were present at the celebration yesterday.

HENRY WATTERSON'S SON WEDS

Miss Casanova, Niece of the Late Cuban General, Becomes the Young Lieutenant's Bride.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug 15.—Lieutenant Henry Watterson, U. S. A., son of the Louisville journalist, and Miss Blanca Esther Casanova, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Juan J. Casanova, formerly of Cuba, but now resident here, were married at noon today in this city.

The bride is the niece of General Casanova, who was killed in battle during the Cuban-Spanish war. She met Lieutenant Watterson in Cuba soon after the American forces landed on the island.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

B. & W. Tiona. B. & W.
4 New Collars

FOUNDER AND PRESIDENT OF THE TON FAMILY

The Ton family, which has just held its annual reunion, is one of the largest in Chicago in point of members. John Ton Sr. was born at Akersloot, Netherlands, May 30, 1826. His great-great-grandfather was one of the defenders of the City of Alkmaar against the Spanish invaders.

In 1849 John Ton immigrated to America. On board the cholera infected sailboat Amstel he met Aggie Vanderwyde, who afterward became his wife. Mr. Ton settled in the southern part of Cook County in what is now Pullman and accumulated considerable wealth, most of which he invested in real estate. He died on June 4, 1896. There are surviving him at present his widow and nine children.

The Ton family has been organized six years and the records, as completed so far, show a membership of 305, of whom 255 are American born, the others being relatives who have immigrated to America in later years. The officers at present are John C. Ton, President; Miss Aggie L. Ton, Secretary; and Cornelius J. Ton, historian.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

WEST SIDE HAS A LARGELY ATTENDED CHURCH WEDDING.

Miss Mary Adeline Hines Becomes the Wife of Mr. Dennis S. Sattler, the Ceremony Being Held in the Church of Notre Dame, with Rev. Father Le Mar Officiating—Tea at the Exmoor Club—Clark-Ellicott Lawn Party in North Edgewater.

One of the largest church weddings the West Side has seen in many weeks took place yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock at the Church of Notre Dame. The bride was Miss Mary Adeline Hines, daughter of Mrs. Rose Hines of 430 West Congress street, and the groom Mr. Dennis S. Sattler. The Rev. Father Le Mar officiated. Miss Margaret Millicent Hines was her sister's maid of honor. There were two bridesmaids, Miss Mae Kennedy and Miss May Quinland. Mr. Harry Haines of Decatur, Ill., was the groom's best man and Mr. James Quinlan, Mr. Frank Davy, and Mr. C. D. Collins were ushers. The church was elaborately decorated.

The bridal procession was led by Mr. Daniel Hays, acting as master of ceremonies, with the ushers following, then the bridesmaids, the maid of honor walking alone, and the bride on the arm of her brother, Mr. Edward Hines, who gave her in marriage.

Miss Mary Hogan of Seneca, Ill., a classmate of the bride, sang the "Ave Maria" as a musical feature of the ceremony.

The bride's gown was of point d'Alençon lace, made over white silk mousseline with a foundation of taffeta. The tulle veil was caught with lilies of the valley, the same flowers forming the bouquet. Her attendants wore white Swiss, lace trimmed, and made over white silk. The maid of honor carried white roses and the bridemaids pink.

Following the ceremony a supper and small reception were given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hines, 497 Jackson boulevard, an orchestra of mandolins playing during the evening. The decorations were pink and white.

The groom's gift to the bride was a sunburst of diamonds and pearls, and among the many wedding presents was a writing desk presented by the Bertrand club, an organization of the Chicago graduates of St. Mary's Academy, of which the bride is a member.

Mr. and Mrs. Sattler left for the Delis of Wisconsin and a lake trip. They will be at home after Nov. 1 at 619 Jackson boulevard.

The date set for the wedding of Miss Alice Beatrice Tuohy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Tuohy of Rogers Park, and Mr. Archibald A. McKinley is Aug. 28 at St. Jerome's Church. The ceremony will be followed by a reception.

Professor and Mrs. Charles Chandler of the University of Chicago announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Vashti Chandler, to Mr. George Milton Potter on Wednesday evening, Aug. 14, at the residence of the bride's parents, 5737 Monroe avenue.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Kelley of Flushing, L. I., to Mr. Norman Street of Chicago.

At the 5 o'clock tea yesterday afternoon in connection with the golf tournament at the Exmoor club, Highland Park, Mrs. Charles Spalding presided, assisted by Mrs. Kinnie Smith, Mrs. Henry B. Clarke, and Mrs. Harry Raymond. Among those who will give dinner parties tomorrow evening, preceding the cotillion, are Mrs. J. M. Cutter, Mrs. Orson Smith, Mrs. William Burry, Mrs. M. M. Schultz, Mrs. Irwin, Mrs. W. A. Alexander, Mrs. F. Lyon Roach, Mr. F. H. Page, and Mrs. Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Lyle Clark and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Beach Ellicott gave a lawn party last evening from 8 till 11 o'clock in North Edgewater.

Louis Baron de Levay, a member of the Hungarian Parliament, who has been visiting the Rev. E. J. Vatmann, chaplain of Fort Sheridan, yesterday dined with the Austro-Hungarian acting Consul General, Dr. Schwegel, at the Hotel Moraine, Highland Park. Among those present were the Rev. E. J. Vatmann, the Rev. Mr. Baart, and Captain Madden, Adjutant of the Twenty-ninth United States Infantry. The Baron left last evening for Canton, O., where he will visit President McKinley.

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

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To what extent do the papers, diaries, and documents of any man who has held a high office either in the service of the state or of the reigning house belong to his heirs? That is a question which is continually arising, and which has never yet been definitely settled by any court of law. On the continent of Europe the government occasionally seizes and places its seal upon the papers of personages who have held state or court offices the moment that their death takes place. Thus, for instance, the last breath had scarcely left the body of ex-Premier Crispi before the authorities pounced down and laid their hands not merely on all his papers, but even on his library. And some time ago when Countess Hacke, who had been for thirty years lady in waiting to the late Empress Augusta of Germany, died after a brief illness at Wiesbaden all the old maid's private papers and diaries were seized by order of the Emperor, not without a strong protest on the part of the heirs.

But such acts as these are altogether arbitrary, and could not be attempted, for instance, in England. For when the private papers of the late Sir William White, British Ambassador to Constantinople, were seized within three hours after his somewhat sudden death at Berlin, greatly to the distress and indignation of Lady White, the seizure was effected not by the English, but by the German police, whose aid had been evoked by the English Embassy, acting in obedience to instructions from the Foreign office in London. Had Sir William died in England instead of on the continent his papers could not have been touched under existing British laws, and the English police would have been powerless in the matter.

In England King Edward, while still Prince of Wales, instituted a rule to the effect that each gentleman or lady in the service of his consort, or of himself, should make a will naming one of his or her fellow-members of the royal household as executor, with the direction that the latter should be intrusted with the examination and disposition of all papers and letters of one kind and another left by the testator at his death. This is after all, however, but a makeshift. For of course it would only hold good in the case of those who die in royal service, since a testator has the power and the right to modify at any time whatever will he may have made, and to change or cancel its provisions.

That some more effective arrangement than this is necessary is apparent from the trouble, annoyance, and distress which has been given not only to royal personages, but likewise to all sorts of people connected with court and government by the indiscreet and unjustifiable publication of letters and of information which came into the possession of parties during the course of their service, but which after their death passed into other and less loyal hands.

Admiral Acton, whose death has just taken place at Rome, was one of four brothers, members of an ancient English family, who entered the Italian navy and each attained in the latter the rank of Vice Admiral, the same as held by their father and their grandfather before them in the navy of the King of Naples. The celebrated Cardinal Acton, who played so great a political rôle at Naples in the early part of the last century as Premier and virtual dictator of the kingdom of the Two Sicilies, was a grand uncle of the late Admiral. The latter was the most distinguished of his four brothers. He twice held the office of Minister of Marine, and was the only Italian flag officer who made a brave showing at the naval battle of Lissa. His sister is Dona Laura Minghetti, widow of the Italian Prime Minister of that name, and mother by her first husband of Countess Bulow, wife of the German Chancellor, and likewise of little Prince Camporeale, many years attached to the Italian Legation at Washington and married to the daughter of John Binney of Burlington, N. J. The Actons are an old English family on which a Baronetcy was conferred by King Charles I. Its present chief is Lord Acton.

Encke's Comet Seen Again.

Mount Lowe Observatory, Cal., Aug. 15.—Encke's periodic comet was well seen on Wednesday morning at 3 hours 45 minutes. Its position was right ascension 6 hours 58 minutes, north declination 30 degrees 34 minutes. The ovite is large, but faint. It is not visible without a telescope. Its motion is rapid and toward the southeast.

WEAK DIGESTION.

Indigestion and Dyspepsia have wrecked many lives. People who are weak and miserable should know that health would return if the digestion were made normal. This is just the condition Hostetter's Stomach Bitters brings about. It cures **constipation, biliousness, nervousness, liver and kidney troubles,** and produces sound sleep. It will also prevent **Malaria, Fever and Ague.**

It has no Equal. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Fac-simile of Wrapper. Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Colorado

has a charm for every taste

and it costs very little to go there this summer. Low rates every day in August. Special low rates Sept. 1st to 10th. Colorado and return, $25.00; Utah points and return, $40.00; on the luxurious trains

The Colorado Special — One Night to Denver. Leaves 10 a. m.

The Overland Limited — Two Nights to Utah. Leaves 6:30 p. m.

These two daily fast trains provide the best of everything. Beside the fine resort hotels, there are boarding houses and ranches where good accommodations are to be had at reasonable terms. The book "Colorado Illustrated" free at

Ticket Office, 212 Clark Street. Telephone Central 721.

Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line.

We close Saturdays during August at 1 o'clock.

Without a Tuxedo suit in summer one "is not in it." The Tuxedo completely supplants the swallow-tail coat in warm weather. Here's an elegantly tailored assortment to select from—fit and finish ideal. Full dress shirts and neckwear—"the proper thing"—at properly attractive prices, as you'll admit.

F. M. ATWOOD

THE ROGERS, PEET & CO. CLOTHING

"ATWOOD BLDG." Cor. Madison and Clark Sts.

An Entirely NEW STYLE RING...

A two-stone Diamond and Sapphire (or any other colored stone) Ring, beautifully carved and finished in the new rose gold color. It's different from ordinary styles and must appeal to your good taste. Using best selected quality of diamond and sapphire we offer it this month only for

$50.00—$10.00 Cash. —$5.00 Monthly.

CATALOGUE FREE.

GEO. E. MARSHALL, 103 State-st., Chicago, Illinois.

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beer is the beer of civilization. Go to any part of the earth where mankind values purity, and you will find Schlitz beer is the recognized pure beer.

For fifty years the Schlitz agencies have followed white men's conquests.

They are twenty years old in South Africa.

Schlitz beer was famous in Siberia before a railroad was thought of.

When Japan and China first began to awake, Schlitz beer was advertised in their newspapers.

Almost as soon as Dewey captured Manila 216 carloads of Schlitz were sent there.

Today Schlitz agencies so dot the globe that when it is midnight at one it is noonday at another.

The quality by which Schlitz beer has won distinction has been its absolute purity. Every physician the world over will recommend Schlitz, the beer that made Milwaukee famous.

Chicago Branch, 5 West Ohio Street. 'Phone Monroe 878.

The Beer of Civilization

SEAL GARMENTS FOR REMODELING AND REPAIRS SUMMER PRICES. TO ORDER A. BISHOP & CO. 156 State Street.

KNOX Hats. Perfect Fal Shapes now ready. Quality the best. JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO., Palmer House Block.

Snow-clad Mountains Colorado

Flashing trout streams—
Wild game in primaval forests—
Air like wine—sky-high peaks.

An ideal summer outing.

One fare for round trip, plus $2, over the Santa Fe to Pueblo, Colorado Springs, Denver, Glenwood, Salt Lake City.

Lower rates first ten days of August and September.

Observation Pullmans on daily fast trains—Harvey meals—Magnificent mountain views.

Ask for booklet—"A Colorado Summer."

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BLOOD POISON

In its many terrible forms is doubtless the worst of all afflictions. The disease has baffled the skill of the most noted physicians. If you are suffering from Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula or severe skin disease, or old sore or ulcer, or any other trouble resulting from blood poison, do not be discouraged because all your efforts to obtain a cure have failed. A positive and permanent cure, wonderfully quick in its action, has been discovered. It is the discovery of the

COOK REMEDY CO. 615 MASONIC TEMPLE, CHICAGO.

They have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. They will cure you in the privacy of your own home, under a positive guarantee. Write them at above address for PROOFS OF CURES and their 100-page book—the most instructive book ever published on this subject. The book is sent free. No branch offices.

PROPOSALS FOR SUBSISTENCE STORES.—Office of Purchasing Commissary, U. S. Army, No. 11 Lake-st., Chicago, Ill., August 12, 1901. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for furnishing bacon, issue, dry salt cure, in crates, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M., Friday, August 23, 1901, at which time and place they will be publicly opened. Articles of domestic production or manufacture will be preferred to those of foreign origin, cost and quality being equal. Specifications as to quantity required, date and place of delivery, blank proposals and further information furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores to be opened August 23, 1901," and addressed to W. H. HART, Captain, Commissary, Purchasing Commissary.

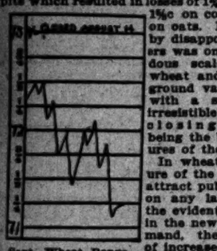
PROPOSALS.—SHERIDAN WYO., Aug. 13, 1901. SEALED PROPOSALS, IN triplicate, will be received here until 11 a. m., September 14, 1901, for constructing, plumbing, heating and electric wiring Barrack Building, brick, at Fort Mackenzie, Wyo. United States reserves the right to accept or reject any or all bids, or any part thereof. Information furnished upon application. Envelopes containing proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Construction, Plumbing, Heating and Electric Wiring," and addressed CAPTAIN R. L. BROWN, Quartermaster.

SHARP BREAK IN GRAINS.

HEAVY LIQUIDATION BY LONGS IN ALL THE PITS.

Wheat Holders Run from Expected Heavy Receipts in the Northwest, and Are Discouraged by Renewed Estimates of a Crop of Over 700,000,000 Bushels—Nearly Two-Cent Loss in Values—Corn Not Helped by Improved Cash Demand.

There was a bull raid on prices in the grain pits which resulted in losses of 1¾c on wheat, 1¾c on corn, and ⅞c on oats. Liquidation by disappointed holders was on a tremendous scale in both wheat and corn and ground values down with a steady and irresistible pressure, losing quotations being the bottom figures of the day.



Sept. Wheat Range.

In wheat, the failure of the advance to attract public buying on any large scale, the evident falling off in the new export demand, the presence of increased offerings from the Northwest, and weak cables, all tended to discourage longs. The bull sentiment, aggressive for some time, became apologetic in tone. A good many averages had been spoiled by Wednesday's slump, and others were reached by an opening dip of ¼c. Stop loss selling was the order from the start, and an enormous amount of long stuff was thrown on the market, which took it badly. There was a lull in the decline when the "put" price at Milwaukee was reached on protective buying by privilege sellers and a rally of ¼c on the heavy clearances of 1,525,197 bu, but that factor seemed to have lost its influence, liquidation was resumed in the last half hour, and still lower marks reached on the price barometer. September opened at 72½c and reached 71¾c at the close, stopping there, a loss of 1¾c, and December closed at the bottom, 75¾c, May recovering ⅛c to 77¼c.

Still Claims a Bumper Crop.

There was a restoration of the 700,000,000 bu crop theory to public attention, the Price Current declaring for an outlook of 715,000,000 bu, with an exportable surplus of 300,000,000 bu. Weather in the Northwest was favorable, and there were renewed estimates of 200,000,000 bu for the three States. Reiterated estimates of 52,000,000 bu in Manitoba were ominous to holders, and claims of a disappointing yield in North Dakota from blight brought no comfort. The weakness in corn had a reciprocal effect, and there were reports from Kansas City of the countermanding of orders for wheat for feed because of improved pasturage and outlook for corn. There were increased arrivals at Minneapolis, 359 cars, compared with 242 last year, but a falling off locally to 159 cars, of which 20 graded contract, compared with 362 a year ago. Primary points had over 100,000 bu more than last year. The Liverpool decline amounted to 3½d to 1¼d.

There was some elevator selling for the Northwest early, but the bulk of the offerings were for long account. Schwarz-Dupee, Bartlett-Frazier, and Hubbard-Warner were heavy sellers early, and on the final break Logan-Ware-Leland, Irwin-Green, and Chandler were sellers. The Southwest sold long wheat; there was selling for foreign account, and most of the buying was to shorts. There was no urgent shipping demand, exporters reducing their bids, but sales of 280,000 bu hard winter were made, and 304,000 bu were taken at the seaboard.

No Let-Up in Corn Liquidation.

Most of the corn holders who have been waiting for an increased speculative demand to check the declining tendency or for an improved shipping demand to make a large hole in the big local stocks, gave it up and dumped their lines. The big price had repelled any outside demand which might have been attracted by the bullish tenor of the government report. There was better speculative support than in wheat, and a big domestic cash business was a help, but the pressure was too great, and last prices were the lowest. September started at 58¼c, an opening cut of ¼c, and stopped at 57¾c, or ⅝c under the close last Saturday.

Crop reports were all of improvement. The Price Current declared for 1,400,000,000 bu, and the Drovers' Journal discovered that the market had underestimated the acreage 10 to 25 per cent, and that a crop of 1,800,000,000 bu was assured. Kansas City people said the recent rains had done much good in Kansas and Missouri, improving the pasturage and raising the Kansas condition from 19 to 30. Big lines were liquidated through Harris, Bartlett-Frazier, and Schwarz-Dupee, with buying at times by Cudahy and Robson brokers. There were moderate country acceptances, but business west of the river was curtailed, Kansas City bidding 3c over Chicago. Arrivals were 121 cars, with 11 contract, and 145 are estimated for today. On the break there was an increased shipping business to Eastern interior points, amounting to 825,000 bu, some of it, however, on consignment. The seaboard reported 72,000 bu taken for export.

Oats Lose One Cent.

The oats market, in little, was a counterpart of the corn, liquidation the feature, but on a smaller scale. There was less stubbornness to the declines, however, than in the early days of the break. The principal pressure was on the September selling by Schwarz-Dupee and for St. Louis, with covering by Pratt and other shorts the main support. September sold from 36¾c early to 35½@35¾c, and closed there, a loss of ⅞@1c. Arrivals were 390 cars, with 80 contract, and 280 are estimated for today. Seaboard clearances were 65,396 bu, cash sales, 50,000 bu.

Provisions were generally easier, with moderate offerings and fair inquiry for nearby deliveries. There was a notable lack of interest in the market. September and January pork closed 15c lower, while lard and ribs were from 2½c to 5c lower. Hogs were active and firmer, with prices from 5¼c to 5c higher. Local receipts were 29,000, against 24,000 a year ago. Estimated arrivals today are 21,000. Receipts at principal Western packing points were 62,800, compared with 73,000 last week and 48,800 a year ago. Shipments of cut meats were 2,285,005 lbs, compared with 1,596,853 lbs a year ago; lard, 2,135,126 lbs, against 1,141,186 lbs last year. Liverpool market was 3d lower on lard, with hams and bacon steady.

Rye was about 1c lower, with moderate trade. There was no shipping demand and trading was mostly speculative. Receipts were 16 cars. September sold at 58¼c, closing there. December sold from 61½c off to 61c, but recovered to 61¾c at the close.

Barley was steady, with prices unchanged. The demand is sufficient to take all offerings at current prices. Receipts were 21 cars. The cash range was from 56c to 63½c. Common malting was quoted at 53@55c, good to choice, 59@61c; choice to fancy, 61@64c.

Timothy was dull and slow, with the market showing a decidedly heavy tone. October sold off 5c, closing at $5.15, while September was quoted nominal at $5.30 at the close. Cash sales covered a range of from $4.00 to $5.25 for poor to good. New seed coming in is rather irregular as to quality. Receipts were 284,000 lbs and shipments, 33,270 lbs. Cloverseed, new crop, was nominally easier on advices of decline in prices in other parts of the country, and was quoted at $10.75, with contract sold at $10.25.

Flaxseed was easier on freer offerings and reports of a big crop in the Northwest. The market at the close showed a decline of from 3c to 4c for futures, and 1c for cash. No. 1 Northwestern closed at $1.65 and No. 1 Southwestern at $1.63; September, $1.58 asked and $1.59 bid.

Figures for the Day.

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Aug. 15, 1900.
Aug. 14.			day.	
Sept.	72½	71¾	71¾	75¾
Dec.	77¼	75¾	75¾	----
May.	78¾	77¾	77¾	----

CORN.

Sept.	59-¾	58½	58¾	38¾
Dec.	59¾	58¼	58¼	----
May.	62¾	61¾	62	42

OATS.

Aug.	37¾	36¾	35¾-¾	21¾-22
Sept.	37¾	36¾	36¾	----
Dec.	30	29½	29-½	22-¾

PORK.

Sept. 14.15	14.15	13.87½	13.90	11.85
Jan. 15.45	15.47½	15.30	15.30	11.15

LARD.

Sept.	8.72½-.8	8.77½	8.72½	6.65
Oct.	8.80-.82½	8.82½	8.77½-.80	6.70
Jan.	7.87½	7.90	7.85-.87½	5.42½

SHORT RIBS.

Sept.	8.05	8.07½	7.97½-8.00	7.97½-8.00
Oct.	8.15	8.17½	8.07½	8.07½
Jan.	7.97½	7.95	7.90-.92½	5.82½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

No. 2 and better. No. 3. Low grades. Total.

Winter wheat	70	53	123
Spring wheat	11	11	22
Corn	103	21	124
Oats	80	219	299
Rye	9	7	16
Barley		24	24
Totals	179	414	587

Inspected out: 98,000 bu and 5 cars winter wheat; 3 cars No. 1 Northern spring wheat; 33,200 bu and 183 cars corn; 15,800 bu and 18 cars oats. From unlicensed elevators: 2,000 bu No. 1 Northern spring wheat, 76,500 bu corn, 7,500 bu oats.

Movement of Produce.

The following were the receipts and shipments of flour, grain, and provisions for the last 24 hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts. 1901.	1900.	Shipments. 1901.	1900.
Flour, brls	22,623	30,500	26,506	18,501
Wheat, bu	299,053	239,190	36,980	153,380
Corn, bu	125,416	184,900	166,400	284,900
Oats, bu	349,305	446,952	138,349	252,796
Rye, bu	17,827	5,500	1,020	714
Barley, bu	31,179	8,850	1,232	2,928
T. seeds, lbs	234,000	125,600	33,272	5,900
C. seeds, lbs	6,700	3,500	30,000	30,020
O. seeds, lbs	1,920		1,200	32,258
F. seeds, bu	14,100	17,100	749	27,098
B. corn, lbs	93,000	7,300	85,700	1,040
C. meats, lbs	892,060	300,175	3,265,065	1,064,883
Can. mts., c's			4,163	1,056
D. beef, lbs	762,843	891,883	2,686,643	2,376,322
Beef, tcs	19	16	12	52
Beef, brls	17		81	55
Pork, brls	8		1,124	1,088
Lard, lbs	205,800	176,800	2,135,126	1,141,186

The receipts and shipments of wheat and corn at the points given were as follows on the dates named:

Western Points.	Receipts. Wheat.	Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Corn.
Chicago	299,053	125,416	36,980	105,400
Milwaukee	16,000	9,000	3,000	----
Minneapolis	275,520	3,700	32,500	----
Duluth	27,661	----	280,061	10,000
St. Louis	68,000	30,000	49,000	30,000
Toledo	50,686	16,190	68,751	5,931
Detroit	10,000	4,000	8,222	5,131
Kansas City	140,000	42,750	121,500	20,250
Peoria	33,600	49,000	----	6,000
Total	922,269	280,056	596,074	177,471
Seaboard—				
New York	56,900	5,000	192,954	40,998
Boston	136,317	945	237,422	34,286
Philadelphia	131,732	1,800	150,057	1,900
Baltimore	200,775	1,179	369,796	----
New Orleans			105,150	----
Galveston	40,800		199,000	----
Total	628,524	8,724	1,344,379	76,884
Grand total	1,550,793	288,780	1,940,454	254,355
Same d's 1900	1,151,780	827,930	1,123,023	864,162

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Steady, with light demand. Spring special brands, $4.10@4.20; hard patents, $3.60@3.70; soft, $3.40@3.50; winter patents, Southern, $3.40@3.50; straights, $3.30@3.30; white rye, brls, $2.70@2.80; dark, $2.50@2.60.

WINTER WHEAT—About 1@1½c lower, with fair demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 red, 72¾@72½c; No. 3 red, 71¾@72c; No. 2 hard, 142,000 bu on p. t. On track: No. 3, 71¾@72c; No. 2 red, 72¾c; No. 3 hard, 71¼c. Billed through: No. 4 hard, 70c.

SPRING WHEAT—About 1@1½c lower, with fair demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 70c. Free on board: No. 3, 70¼@71c.

CORN—About 1c lower, with fair demand and light offerings. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 yellow, 58c, and 300,000 bu for shipment on p. t.; No. 2 white, 75,000 bu for shipment on p. t.; No. 3, 57¼@58¼c; No. 3 white, 59¼c; No. 3 yellow, 57¾@58¼c; 60,000 bu on p. t.; No. 4, 57¼c. Sales on track and free on board: No. 2, 56c; No. 3, 55¾@56c; No. 3 white, 56¾@56¾c; No. 3 yellow, 57¾@58¼c; No. 2 yellow, 58c; No. 3 white, 60c. Billed through: No. 6 yellow, 56¾@57¼c; No. 3 white, 59½c.

OATS—About ½c to ¾c lower and in good demand, with free offerings. Sales in store and to go: No. 4 white, 37¼c; No. 3, 36@36½c; No. 3 white, 38@38¾c; No. 2, 36¼@36½c; No. 2 white, 38½c and clipped, 50,000 bu on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4 white, 37¾@38¼c; No. 3, 36¼c; No. 3 white, 38¼@39c; No. 2, 36¾@37c; No. 2 white, 38½@39c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 37@37¾c; No. 3, 35¾@36½c; No. 3 white, 37½@37¾c; No. 2, 35½@36c; No. 2 white, 37¼@38c.

RYE—About 1c lower, with moderate demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 59½c; No. 3, 58¾c. Free on board: No. 2, 59½c; No. 3, 58¾@59c.

BARLEY—Steady, with good demand and fair offerings. Sales free on board: 59@62½c. Billed through: 63¾c. To arrive: 25,000 bu, 69c; 10,000 bu, 61c; 5,000 bu, 62c; 5,000 bu, 63c; 10,000 bu on p. t.

PROVISIONS—Steady to easier, with fair demand. Cash lots mess pork were quotable at $14.00@14.25; repacked, 20@25c discount; lard, $8.70@8.72½; short ribs, $7.90@8.05, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Steady, at 82½@85c for ash pork brls and 85@87½c for oak, and $1.02½@1.05 for lard tcs.

WHISKY—Basis for finished goods, $1.30.

HAY—Quiet and dull, with light demand. Receipts, 1,011 tons; shipments, 20 tons. Sales, including those on track, were: Choice timothy, $14.50; fancy, $15.50; No. 1 timothy, new, $13.50@14.00, old $13.50; No. 2 timothy, $13.50; No. 1 timothy, old, $12.00; not graded timothy, old, $11.75; choice prairie, Iowa, $14.00; Kansas, $14.00; Nebraska, $14.00; State, $11.00

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated receipts for today are 135 cars wheat, 145 cars corn, 350 cars oats, and 21,000 hogs.

Fear was expressed in some quarters lest the local stocks of yellow corn should be exhausted within a short time by the demand which has sprung up from New England. Stocks of No. 2 yellow, however, are 1,378,575 bu, and of No. 2 white, 316,234 bu, and when they are exhausted there will still be liberal supplies of No. 2 corn. The special demand for white and yellow corn has raised the premiums, No. 2 yellow selling at ¾c over September in store yesterday, and No. 2 white at 2¼c over September f. o. b.

The directors have appointed Z. R. Carter, George S. Bridge, W. H. Moorhead, C. H. Geist, and J. J. Badenoch delegates to the annual meeting of the National Hay Dealers' association, which meets in Indianapolis on Sept. 10, 11, and 12.

The break in corn, the pressure of Northwest offerings, and the lull in the foreign demand caused a change in the attitude of a good many wheat bulls, who saw their profits getting toward the danger line of losses, if not over it. There was selling by some holders who are earnest believers in 90-cent wheat, but had to admit the market didn't look that way and submit to the stern logic of the break. Apparently the only immediate hope for the bull is that farmers will hold their grain for higher prices, and indications did not seem to be favorable, although a Duluth house wired that farmers' sales to arrive ahead are small.

The Cincinnati Price Current in its weekly crop summary says: "Corn crop position not further lowered; 1,400,000,000 bu now indicated. Crop of 715,000,000 bu wheat will easily furnish 300,000,000 bu for export. Packing of the West for the week is reported at 420,000 hogs, compared with 425,000 for the week previous and 340,000 for corresponding week in 1900. Total packing since March 1 estimated at 10,710,000 hogs, compared with 10,015,000 hogs for same time last year, an increase of 695,000."

The Northwestern Miller says: "The estimates of the wheat yield of Minnesota and the two Dakotas is about 200,000,000 bu. The prevailing dry weather is just the thing for the grain, and the millers are counting on having one of the most favorable crops to grind in the history of the Northwest."

PRODUCE LINES ABOUT STEADY.

Good Demand for All Kinds of Fruits and Vegetables—Peaches and Melons Plentiful.

The produce market was fairly well supplied with all lines yesterday, owing to a gradual increase in the daily receipts. The local and shipping demand was excellent, keeping up the tone of the market and making business brisk. Prices show little change. Potatoes are firm to 2c higher, and choice stock readily brings top prices.

Choice creamery butter was firm at the recent advance, with light receipts. Eggs were steady.

Quotations on round lots were as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, loss off, cases returned	13¾@14½c	Cheese, fancy brick	8¾@9c
Eggs, at mark, cases included	12½@12¾c	Butter, creamery, extra	20@21c
City recandled	14@14½c	Firsts	18@19c
Seconds	15@15½c	Seconds	14@14½c
Cheese, Y. A.	10¼@10¾c	Dairies	14@14½c
Cheese, twins	9¾@10c	Ladies	13@13½c

POULTRY.

Iced chickens, scalded	7@7½c	Live turkeys, lb	5@7½c
Do, dry picked	7c	Chickens	6c
Do, roosters	5½@6c	Do, spring, lb	12@12½c
Iced turkeys	6@6c	Geese, doz	$3.50@4.50

FISH.

Black bass, lb	11@12c	Pickerel	4@5c
Carp	2½@3c	Pike	4@5c
Pike	5@6c	Perch	3@4c

VEALS.

50@60 lbs	6@8c	100@110 lbs	9@10c

60@70 lbs	8@9c	110@130 lbs	8@9c
80@100 lbs	8@9c	150@200 lbs	8@8c

FRUITS.

Apples, good th choice	$1.50@2.50
Apples, fancy	$2.75@3.50
Lemons, Cal., fr packed	$2.25@3.50
Do, Messina	$3.00@3.50
Pineapples, Fla., crates	$2.50@4.00
Oranges, Valencias	$3.00@5.50
Blueberries, Mich., 16 qts	$1.75@2.00
Blueberries, 24 qts	$1.50@2.00
Bananas, bch	$1.25@1.50
Grapes, Malaga, Cal.,	$2.00@2.25
Do, Arkansas, 4 bkts, cases	75c
Do, Ives, Ill., 8-lb bskt	15@18c

Do, Niagaras, 8 bskt cases	$1.25@1.50
Bartlett pears, Cal., box	$1.50@2.25
Cherries, ¼ cs, sour	$1.40@1.75
Cherries, sweet	
Peaches, Mich., 6-bskt cases	1.40@2.00
Do, Ill., 4-bskt cases	1.00@1.25
Do, Ky., ¼-bu	75@80c
Do, Ga., 4-bskt cases	1.00@1.25
Pears, 2-bskt cases	$1.50@2.00
Plums, 4-bskt cases	$1.00@1.25
Peaches, 45-55 per crate	$1.75@2.00
Watermelons, Georgia, per car	$125@175

VEGETABLES.

Beans, navy, hand-picked	$2.60
Medium	$2.55@2.57
Celery, Mich., cases	30@40c
Cucumbers, Ill., bu	25@35c
Cabbage, new, home-grown, crates	$2.45@2.55
Do, per 100	$1.00@1.50
Carrots, new, 100 bunches	$1.00
Onions, 70-lb sacks	$1.00@1.15
Do, brls, Ill	$1.00@1.25
Sweet corn, 6dz doz	50@60c
Beets, new, doz	50@60c
bchs	20@25c

Turnips, new, bu	50@60c
Lettuce, head, home-grown, tubs	50@75c
Do, leaf, in cases	40@50c
String beans, Georgia, ¼ bu	$1.75@2.00
Green peppers, ¼ bu	40@50c
Tomatoes	$1.75@2.00
New potatoes, early Ohios, Ill., bu	$1.00@1.12
Do, Minn	$1.00@1.10
Do, Burbanks, bu	$1.30@1.35
Do, home-grown, early Ohio, 174 bu	$1.35@1.50
Tomatoes, Ill., ¼ bskt cases	50@60c
Do, Miss	40@50c
Do, home-grown, ¼ boxes	$1.50@2.25

The following table exhibits the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts. 1901.	1900.	Shipments. 1901.	1900.
Apples, brls	2,068	7,300	2,240	712
Beans, bu	93,000	7,300	85,700	1,040
Butter, lbs	858,530	783,629	385,291	345,231
Cheese, lbs	534,329	281,130	200,490	123,998
D. fruits, lbs	17,000		16,000	17,950
Eggs, pkgs	4,407	4,963	5,948	12,345
Hay, tons	1,011	573	20	151
Hides, lbs	346,069	109,640	597,939	491,184
Potatoes, bu	13,005	4,460	2,976	647
Poultry, lbs	97,000	38,705	4,396	2,500
Poultry, coops	130	31		
Wool, lbs	701,149	268,298	597,998	255,068

IN LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep—Figures for the Week.

There was no change in cattle prices, hogs advanced fully 5c, and sheep and lambs sold about 10@15c lower. Cattle averaging 1,439 lbs sold at $6.00, best hogs at $6.22½, and fancy lambs $5.40.

Stock-Yards receipts and shipments follow:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, Aug. 12	26,782	533	55,077	14,759
Tuesday, Aug. 13	5,688	1,525	16,607	14,729
Wednesday, Aug. 14	23,615	1,273	34,198	20,551
Thursday, Aug. 15	10,500	600	28,000	15,000
Totals	63,581	3,930	116,878	62,517
Same time last week	51,842	2,707	122,695	61,000
Cor. time 1900	53,936	2,428	89,686	50,611
Shipments—				
Monday, Aug. 12	5,758	23	8,305	815
Tuesday, Aug. 13	3,562	148	1,965	261
Wednesday, Aug. 14	5,190	20	5,320	425
Thursday, Aug. 15	5,000	50	5,000	1,000
Totals	19,510	241	21,000	2,491
Same time last week	21,427	197	21,000	1,000
Cor. time 1900	17,056	223	23,156	5,755

Combined receipts of Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, and St. Louis, with comparisons:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Thus far this week	161,000	283,000	112,000
Same period last week	141,000	305,000	104,000
Same period 1900	127,000	158,000	100,000
Same period 1899	139,000	154,000	120,000

Receipts for Aug. 16 are estimated at 3,000 cattle, 21,000 hogs, and 7,000 sheep, against 2,084 cattle, 18,612 hogs, and 6,058 sheep Friday of last week.

The average cost price of hogs at Chicago was $5.94, against $5.85 Wednesday, and $5.77 Thursday of last week. Average cost price the first four days of this week, $5.86, against $5.84 a week ago, and $5.66 two weeks ago.

Packers purchased 21,800 hogs and shippers, 5,500, leaving 3,500 in the pens. Armour bought 8,000, Anglo-American, 2,500; Boyd & Lunham, 1,800; Hammond, 800; Lipton, 1,100; Morris, 1,600; Swift, 5,500, and butchers, 1,000. Droves averaging 157@178 lbs cost $5.76@5.85; 245@280-lb packers, $5.88@5.97, and 235@290-lb butchers and shippers, $6.05@6.15.

Eleven markets received 66,000 hogs, against 76,000 a week ago, and 57,000 a year ago. Total for the week thus far, 312,000, against 304,000 a week ago, and 239,000 a year ago.

Cattle—There was no change in the cattle market. Receipts were liberal, being 5,000 larger than the corresponding Thursday a year ago. This week's receipts are the second largest of the year. The quality of today's offerings was poorer than usual for Thursday. The top price was $6.00, against $6.40 on Wednesday. Only two or three lots sold above $5.85. Most of the beef cattle sold at $4.50@5.50, with corn-fed Westerns at $4.40@5.75. About 1,000 straight Texas steers sold steady at $4.25@4.75. A few grass Westerns sold at $3.65@4.25. Native cows sold at $1.50@4.25, including canners at $1.50@2.65. Heifers sold at $2.25@4.75; bulls, $2.25@4.25; stags, $3.50@4.00; calves, $3.50@5.75; and stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.00.

Hogs—Prices averaged fully 5c higher. Some early sales showed little if any advance, while some late sales were 10c higher than Wednesday. Trade was active and everything sold from first hands. Receipts about reached expectations and the quality was the best in some time, there being a liberal proportion of heavyweights among the arrivals. Packers were free buyers from the start. Armour alone purchased 8,000 that cost $5.91. Swift's drove of 5,000 cost $5.97. Seven loads averaging 287@340 lbs sold at $6.22½. Quotations follow:

Bulk of sales	$5.85@6.05
Selected butchers, 220@270 lbs	6.00@6.17½
Selected bacon, 150@195 lbs	5.75@6.02½
Mixed grades, 180@240 lbs	5.85@6.10
Heavy shipping, 260@350 lbs	6.05@6.22½
Heavy packing, 280@400 lbs	5.80@6.00
Rough heavy grades	5.50@5.70
Poor to choice pigs	3.25@5.25

Sheep—Prices were generally 10@15c lower. Trade was slow and the feeling weak. Lambs sold at $3.00@5.40, bulk $4.50@5.15, with 64@68-lb grass Westerns at $5.10@5.15. Sheep sold at $2.00@4.00, bulk $3.00@3.60. Grass Western sheep sold at $2.75@3.80, with yearlings at $4.00.

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,000 natives, 500 Texas, 60 calves; best beef steers, 5@15c higher; stockers and feeders strong; sows steady; choice export and dressed beef steers, $5.40@5.90; fair to good, $4.70@5.30; Western range steers, $3.50@4.50; Texans and Indians, $2.80@4.20; native cows, $2.50@4.25; heifers, $2.75@5.10; calves, $3.00@5.25. Hogs—Receipts, 7,000; market 5@10c lower; top, $6.12½; bulk of sales, $5.70@6.12½. Sheep—Receipts, 4,000; steady; lambs, 10@15c lower; lambs, $4.40@5.00; native wethers, $3.25@3.50; native yearlings, $3.40@3.75; Western wethers, $3.15@3.40.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—Beeves—Receipts, 832; nominally steady; cables unchanged; exports none. Calves—Receipts, 22; little trade; steady feeling; veals, $5.00@7.50; mixed calves, $4.50. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 4,287; sheep selling more freely for good stock; common and medium slow; good lambs steady, others uneven, but selling quite freely; sheep, $2.00@3.40; tops, $4.00; lambs, $4.00@6.12½; culls, $3.50. Hogs—Receipts, 887; feeling weak; whole range quoted at $5.85@6.25.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,200, including 2,500 Texans; market strong on best steers; others steady; native shipping and export steers, $4.85@5.85; dressed beef and butchers, $3.40@5.40; Texas and Indian steers, $3.00@4.25; cows and heifers, $2.10@3.40. Hogs—Receipts, 4,300; market strong. Sheep—Receipts, 2,100; market steady.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,350; market steady; natives, $3.10@5.90; cows and heifers, $1.25@4.90; bulls and stags, $2.00@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.00@4.00. Hogs—Receipts, 5,573; market active, 5c higher; bulk, $5.85@6.05. Sheep—Receipts, 1,142; best lambs, steady; others 15@25c lower; top, $5.25; sheep, 10@15c lower.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,500; market active, steady to strong; native beef steers, $4.25@5.90; Western steers, $3.60@4.60; Texas steers, $3.40@4.25. Hogs—Receipts, 7,000; market strong to 5c higher; bulk of sales, $5.75@5.80. Sheep—Receipts, 4,200; market weak to 10c lower.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 4 cars; light fat steers and heifers, $3.50@4.00; veals, $5.00@7.00. Hogs—Receipts, 21 cars; best heavy, $6.15; pigs, $5.65@5.75. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 10 cars; best lambs, $5.75@5.90; new fancy, $6.00; sheep dull.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 15.—Today's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows:

Available cash balance	$175,339,160
Gold	102,213,270
Silver	28,222,704
United States notes	13,468,210
Treasury notes of 1890	99,500
National bank notes	9,296,583

PAY ON BISCUIT STOCK.

REGULAR DIVIDENDS ON COMMON AND PREFERRED.

Officially Stated That Sales for the Quarter Have Been Large and Profit Satisfactory—Package Goods in Increasing Demand—Local Securities Are Firmer—Gains in Can Issues—Money Market Tendency—Railroad Earnings—Other Financial Topics.

Directors of the National Biscuit company declared the usual dividends on the common and preferred stocks at their regular quarterly meeting in New York yesterday.

In connection with the dividend action it was stated officially at the offices in Chicago that the company's sales for the quarter ended on July 31 "have been large and that the profit during the same period has been satisfactory. The demand for package goods continues to show a remarkable increase."

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred stock will be paid on Aug. 31 to stockholders of record on Aug. 21, and that of 1 per cent on the common stock is payable on Oct. 15 to shareholders of record on Oct. 5.

Local Stock List Firmer.

Firmness developed in the principal issues traded in on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday. While the aggregate of transactions was small a better tone was displayed in the market. American Can fell off somewhat in volume of transactions, but held above the prices of the previous day. The common stock sold up to 24½ and closed at that figure, with a net gain of ⅝. The preferred stock was unusually dull, but firmed up to 74, an advance of ⅛. At the closing prices the combined stocks amounted to 98¾, or a loss of only 1⅜ on the underwriting.

National Biscuit common was a little firmer on the declaration of dividends at the old rates. The common stock sold at 43¾ and at 43⅝, and the preferred was 1 point higher at 103. Northwestern Elevated showed some life at 46 and at 47.

Money Market.

Call money holds at nominal rates in Wall street. The ruling rate yesterday was 2½ per cent. Money closed at 2 to 2½ per cent and the last loan was at 2½. The feature of the New York money market at present is the continued absorption by the Subtreasury. Almost daily the Subtreasury has been reported a debtor at the clearing-house, but the results to the banks frequently are sustained a loss. The excess of collections over disbursements is officially explained to be due to customs and internal revenue payments. The demand for time money is good. First-class mercantile paper is in good inquiry at 4½ to 5 per cent. Country banks are still able to make large purchases.

The Bank of England's minimum rate of discount remains unchanged at 3 per cent.

Railroad Earnings.

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

NORTHERN PACIFIC.

	1901.	1900.	Increase.
First week August	$ 731,015	$ 632,574	$ 98,441
From July 1	3,868,191	3,365,746	502,445

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA AND ST. LOUIS.

For June:			
Gross	$ 532,263	$ 535,068	$ *2,403
Net	190,098	225,009	*35,571
Charges	157,946	170,239	*12,293
Surplus	32,152	54,769	*22,617
Fiscal year:			
Gross	7,620,127	7,177,172	492,955
Net	2,506,002	2,073,567	432,435
Charges	1,857,362	1,809,431	*52,069
Surplus	651,640	530,730	120,910

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS AND TEXAS PACIFIC.

First week August	$ 93,163	$ 88,161	$ 5,002
From July 1	846,109	809,947	36,162

*Decrease.

Action on Dividends.

The National Lead company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable on Sept. 16.

The Park Steel company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred stock, payable on Sept. 2.

The General Chemical company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent, payable on Sept. 3.

It is understood that the directors of the General Electric company will not take action on the next quarterly dividend on the common stock until early in September. The dividend is payable in October. The last one was declared a month in advance.

Financial Notes.

A local broker had a telegram from New York saying that the matter of an increase in the St. Paul dividend or the declaration of an extra dividend in September had not yet been discussed by the board, and that most of the directors are out of town. Officials of the road, however, stated that crop and general business conditions in the territory served by the St. Paul are satisfactory, and that the extent of the corn damage on general business in the West could not be determined this early.

It is reported that representatives of 115 of the largest independent cracker factories of the country will meet in St. Louis in the last week in September to form an organization independent of the National Biscuit company, and that thirty English firms will be represented at the conference.

A small amount of liquidation in securities of the American Locomotive company has taken place recently, but it is said that the selling took place while no effort was made to support the price. The securities were well placed when the company was started.

A large business is being done by the Republic Iron and Steel company. The mills are running at full capacity, and it is said officially that if the company discontinued taking orders now the mills would be kept going until next year by the business now on hand. The annual meeting of stockholders of the company will be held in Jersey City on Sept. 11.

Since Aug. 1 the Baltimore & Ohio road is said to have carried the largest coal and coke traffic in its history.

It is expected that a plan for raising the needed additional capital of the Central Union Telephone company will be announced by President Sabin at the meeting today.

In connection with the recent strength of Canadian Pacific it is said that European buying orders have been executed by prominent Stock Exchange houses with foreign connections. The old report that the dividend is to be increased has also been revived.

The Bismarck, N. D., $60,000 4½ per cent fifteen-year average bonds were awarded to N. W. Harris & Co. at 104.18.

Foreign exchange was lower yesterday at the following figures in Chicago:

Sterling—	Demand.	Sixty days.
Actual	487⅞	485½
Commercial	480⅝	483½
Paris francs—		
Actual	5 16¼	5 19⅜
Commercial

SUBMITS NOVEL CAR LINE PLAN.

Lawyer Would Give All Over Five Per Cent of Profits to the City.

PROPOSES A NEW SYSTEM.

Up-to-Date Equipment and a Continuous Ride Are Part of His Project.

SAYS CAPITAL IS WAITING

William A. Conover, a lawyer in the Reaper Block, yesterday sent to Mayor Harrison a novel proposition for a renewal of the street car franchises which expire next year. The offer was referred to the Council Committee on Local Transportation.

The proposition contemplates paying to the city all revenues in excess of a certain fixed income for the company conducting the business, and Mr. Conover declares he has assurances of being able easily to raise the money in case it were accepted.

The plan proposed is that the city grant to a company which is to be formed for the purpose franchises for street car lines on the North, South, and West Sides, covering the streets in which the Chicago City and Union Traction companies are now operating.

Promise Up-to-Date System.

In return for the franchises the company will obligate itself to build and equip an up-to-date street car system, the city having the power to supervise the construction of the roads and, within certain limits, to direct the manner in which they are to be operated. In case the city ever wants to acquire the roads it can buy out the company at any time. The fare to be charged shall be five cents for a continuous ride.

The novel part of the proposition, however, is the manner in which the revenues of the road are to be distributed. It is provided that, first, the cost of operation and maintenance must be met, as well as the setting aside of a reasonable sum for needed extensions. Then enough of the income is to be appropriated to pay dividends of 5 per cent on the investment. Whatever is left over after these two items of expense are met is to be turned over to the city.

Ample Capital Waiting.

According to the calculations of Mr. Conover, it would be an easy thing to interest abundant capital in the enterprise, as there would be no doubt about the ability of the company to pay the 5 per cent dividends, and that is accounted a good rate of interest nowadays.

Furthermore, as the business of the roads increased with the city's growth the city itself would be the gainer, as the dividends are always to be limited to the fixed 5 per cent.

The Council committee expects to meet next week, and will take up this and other matters connected with the street car question. It is tendency, however, is to extend existing franchises if the roads will make terms. Outside propositions are not likely to be seriously considered except as a last resort.

PRICE OF BOARD ADVANCES; STUDENTS ARE SUFFERERS.

Young People Who Seek Learning at the University of Chicago Find Hardship in the High Prices of Foodstuffs.

The rapid increase in the price of foodstuffs is causing much anxiety both to the students at the University of Chicago and to the keepers of the many boarding-houses which surround the Midway institution. Within the last month the price of board has been raised from 50 cents to $1.50 per week, and in many places the proprietors are contemplating a still further advance.

The proprietor of the Drexel Café said that he had been forced to discharge his cook and to do the cooking himself. "If the present price of food continues, I'll have to go out of business," he said.

The woman who buys the provender for the girls' halls on the campus said that the price of board probably would be advanced, inasmuch as the dining halls already are run at a loss. The rise in potatoes alone would make a difference during the year of $450, she said.

Some of the boarding-houses now are charging $3.50 a week for accommodations. The keepers say that they are running at a loss, while the students declare they can afford to pay no more.

SILVERMAN LAND IS SOLD.

Real Estate Under Foreclosure Bid In by the First National Bank.

The real estate of Lazarus Silverman brought $171,219 at the foreclosure sale at the Real Estate board yesterday. All the property was bid in by the First National Bank, the principal creditor. The total amount of the judgment with accrued interest was $182,380.

The list of the properties sold, with amounts realized, follows:

2056 Grand boulevard, 44 feet, west front...$ 16,236
2514-2516 Wabash avenue, 60 ft., east front 12,500
28th Fulton street, 150x124 feet..... 14,760
Lots 150 to 156, 66 feet front, northwest corner Keeler avenue and Jackson blvd..... 20,295
Twenty acres, Ridgeland avenue and Addison road, Cumming.....
Five acres, Block 7, Silverman's Addition to Irving Park..... 18,450
Five acres and 13 lots in Silverman's Addition to Irving Park..... 15,375
2 West Adams street, 25x115 feet..... 16,218
2 West Clark street, 22x4 feet, west front..... 9,225
2418-2419 West 16th street, 75x200 feet..... 8,262
2 Maxwell street, 50 ft. front, with two-story frame building..... 6,765
Premises on Adams street, 25x124 feet, between Kedzie and Spaulding avenues..... 6,115
Premises on Adams street, 25x124 feet..... 4,025
Premises on Archer avenue, 25x125 feet..... 4,305
Eleven lots in Block 6 of Marcy Addition to Riverside.....
Four lots on Milwaukee avenue, near Logan square..... 4,428
Premises on West Lake street, 25x100 feet, between Washtenaw and Fairfield aves..... 3,444
Premises on Homer street, near Robey, brick building, 34x100 feet..... 2,091
Premises on Cuyler place, 24x125 feet..... 2,400
Total..... 1,250
$171,219

Postpone Medinah Temple Sale.

The foreclosure sale of Medinah Temple, advertised to take place yesterday, has been postponed to Sept. 25, to await a decision of the Appellate Court in a suit by the bondholders against the stockholders, testing a contract of the latter allowing them the use of the hall in the building during the life of the leaseholder.

Other Real Estate Deals.

Frank S. Lally sold to George H. Lally an undivided one-half interest in the premises 88-90 East Lake street. The revenue stamps showed a value of $57,000.

There was a $40,000 sale of West Madison street property yesterday. It is at the northwest corner of Bishop court, and was sold by Richard F. Perkins to Louis Frank.

Charles E. Adams sold to Augusta L. Stanton the premises on Prairie avenue, 100 feet north of Thirty-fifth street, for $35,000.

A permit was issued the Friedman Manufacturing company to erect a five-story brick butterine factory and warehouse at Fortieth street and Transit avenue, to cost $60,000.

Fatal Dynamite Explosion.

South McAlister, Ind. T., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—At noon today an explosion of 500 pounds of dynamite at Stuart, twenty miles west of here, killed two men on a steam shovel on the Choctaw, Oklahoma and Gulf railway. Telephone and telegraph wires were blown down and all communication by wire cut off.

Dies from a Mosquito Bite.

New Haven, Conn., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Barbara Leddy of this city died today as the result of a mosquito bite. She scratched the bite, which was over an artery, and in doing so burst the artery and bled to death.

MORE GAINS IN MARKET.

WALL STREET SHOWS CHANGE FOR BETTER.

List in Main Strong Through Entire Session, Many Stocks Showing Substantial Advances—Little Material for Speculation Available—Transactions Well Distributed Among Railroads — Little Activity in United States Steel.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—[Special.]—The stock market continues to reflect a steady change for the better in speculative sentiment. On practically the same volume of trading as yesterday stocks were in the main strong throughout and final prices, which were the best of the day, showed substantial gains for practically all issues that received attention. The movement as a whole can logically be considered as a natural reaction from the pronounced depression of last month.

The more cheerful feeling that prevails in and about the Stock Exchange is directly traceable to more favorable crop conditions and a growing conviction that the worst of the steel strike has been witnessed. It is becoming plainer every day that the supply of stocks available for speculative purposes is comparatively small. This means that speculative holdings thrown over during the last month or six weeks have passed into strong hands and are not for sale at current prices.

The technical conditions of the market as disclosed during the last week or ten days have alarmed the short interest to an extent that it is gradually reducing the volume of its commitments. At the same time professional dealers, who hold themselves in readiness to follow the current of prices in which ever direction it may run, have espoused the long side.

The transactions were fairly well distributed throughout the railway list, with fully a dozen stocks supplying sales of more than 10,000 shares. The greatest activity was in Southern railway common, and it resulted in a net gain of nearly two points. St. Paul, Union Pacific, and Atchison were conspicuous features and closed at advances over last night's final figures that averaged ½ per cent. Other stocks that received noteworthy attention were Erie common, Ontario and Western, Norfolk and Western, Atchison preferred, and Southern Pacific. The net improvement in these was about a point.

The less active list enjoyed such gains as 3¼ points in Rock Island, 5¾ in St. Paul preferred, 2¼ in Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville, 2 per cent in Great Northern preferred, and 1 and 2 per cent in Iowa Central common and preferred.

There was further falling off in the dealings in the United States Steel stocks, the total transactions in them being only 40,000 shares. The fluctuations in them were narrow, and the net results in the day's trading were advances of only ⅛ point.

On sales of less than 10,000 shares, Sugar Refining advanced 2¼ points. The shares of the independent iron companies, notably Tennessee Coal and Iron, Colorado Fuel and Iron, and Republic Steel issues, moved toward a higher level on light dealings. The tobacco issues received a little more attention than they have of late, and General Electric closed 4 points higher than yesterday.

In the local traction group, Manhattan railway was the feature, at a net gain of 1½ per cent. The bond market still reflects an absence of investment buying, except upon a small scale. There was, however, a continuation of the fairly active demand for Consolidated Tobacco Gold 4s on the curb. They sold at 68¾ and closed only a shade under that figure. Other features of the outside market were Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis preferred, United States Reduction and Refining, and Dominion securities, which made a further advance to 67.

One of the most encouraging developments is the moderate revival of interest in American securities in London. It is due in part to the favorable views regarding American securities entertained abroad, and also to the more confident feeling that prevails in regard to the reestablishment of stable conditions in the Transvaal and the decided improvement in monetary conditions, as shown by today's weekly statement of the Bank of England.

The local money market was a little firmer, because of the near approach to the period when it is expected the South and West will make demands upon this center for funds to move the crops.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—Buyers today largely outnumbered sellers despite the generally professional character of the dealings and the week's price. The net result of the day's dealings showed many important gains.

The bull faction did not become aggressive until near the close, when there was a general bidding up all around, and the top prices of the day were made.

Railroad bonds were higher in sympathy with stocks, but were rather quiet. Total sales, par value, $1,010,000.

Money on call closed steady, 2¼@2½ per cent; last loan, 2½. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼@487⅝ for demand and at 485@485¼ for sixty days; posted rates, 486@486½ and 488½@489; commercial bills, 484¼@485.

Bar silver, 58⅛; Mexican dollars, 45c. State bonds strong, government bonds steady, railroad bonds firm.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing Ap. 15.	Ap. 14.
Amn. Sugar.....	9,500	134½	130¾	134¼	132¾
Amn. Tobacco ctfs.	20,700	138¾	136	136¾	135¼
Am. Locomotive..	1,100	24⅝	24½	24½	23¾
Amn. Cotton Oil..	700	44¼	43¾	44¼	43
Amn. Smelting....	3,000	53¾	51⅝	55	51⅜
Do pfd.....	1,300	100¾	100¼	100¾	100
Amal. Copper	9,000	114	111	113⅝	111¾
Am. Bicycle.....	300	3	3	3	3
Atchison	22,100	76¼	74⅝	76¼	74⅝
Do pfd.....	13,000	96⅝	95¾	96⅝	96
Anaconda	200	44⅞	44⅝	44⅝	44¼
Amn. Linseed pfd.	50	60¼	60¼	60¼	62½
Amn. Car Foundry	1,000	29¾	29	29¾	28¾
Do pfd.....	200	84¼	84¼	84½	84¼
Amn. Ice	700	32	32	32	32½
Brook. Rap. Tran.	2,800	75¼	74	75	74¾
Brunswick	600	11¾	11½	11½	11
Balt. & Ohio.....	1,400	99¾	98¾	99¾	99
Do pfd.....	1,100	93	93	93	93½
Brook. Union Gas	200	218	215	215	.....
Chi. & Alton.....	2,100	37¾	37¼	37¾	37½
Do pfd.....	500	74	74	74	.....
C. & N. W.....	200	195	193	195	194½
Do pfd.....	200	220	219	220	.....
C., M. & St. P....	39,000	166¾	164¼	166¾	164½
Do pfd.....	2,400	191¼	187½	191¼	185¾
C., R. I. & P./....	8,000	143¾	140	143¾	140¾
Canada Southern.	100	70	70	70	70
Ches. & Ohio.....	1,700	46⅞	46	46¾	46
Cent. R. R. N. J.	100	257	257	257	.....
Canadian Pacific..	3,500	112¾	111¾	112¾	112¼
Con. Gas (N. Y.)..	2,500	226	224	224¼	223½
Chicago Terminal.	200	19	18¾	19	18¾
Do pfd.....	200	38½	38½	38½	.....
Colo. & Southern.	700	18¾	18¼	18¾	18¾
Do 1st pfd.....	400	59	58	58	58
Do 2d pfd.....	300	28	28	28	22¾
Colo. Fuel & Iron	600	96½	95	96	95
C. & O.	1,000	51¾	51¼	51¾	51¼
Do pfd.....	100	71½	71½	71½	70¼
C. & H. C. & I....	100	20¾	20¾	20¾	.....
Chi. Gt. Western.	8,000	22¾	22¾	23	22
Do 1st pfd.....	100	81¾	81¾	81¾	.....
Do 2d pfd.....	400	68¾	68	68¾	67¾
Con. Tobacco ctfs.	1,200	68¾	68¼	68¾	67¾
Do pfd.....	800	117	116	117	116
Dist. of Amer....	100	8	8	8	7¾
Diamond Match..	600	146	144¾	144¾	.....
Del. & Hudson....	62	222	222	222	.....
Del. & Rio Grande	200	161	161	161	161¾
Do pfd.....	600	92	91¾	92	91¾
D., M. & Ft. Dodge	200	37¼	37¼	37¼	36½
E. St. L. & A.....	900	108¾	104	104	103
Erie.....	27,500	39	38¾	39	37¾
Do 1st pfd.....	4,400	67	66¾	67¼	65¾
Do 2d pfd.....	700	51¾	51	51¾	50¾
Gen. Electric.....	1,200	261	257	261	257
Glucose pfd.....	200	106	106	106	.....
Gt. Northern pfd.	2,000	182	180¾	182	180
Hocking Valley....	100	52¾	52¾	52¾	52¾
Do pfd.....	800	70	70	70	70¼
Int. Pump.....	100	38¾	38¾	38¾	.....
Int. Power	1,100	93	92¼	92¾	92¼
Ill. Central.....	1,700	145¾	144¾	145¾	144¾
Iowa Central.....	5,000	41	39¾	40¾	39½
Do pfd.....	800	76	75	75	73¾
Int. Paper.....	1,700	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¼
Do pfd.....	100	76	76	76	77¼
Int. Silver.....	100	19	19	19	.....
Kan. City & So....	1,500	25¾	25¼	25¾	25¼
Louisv. & Nash...	7,100	104¾	103¼	104¼	103
Long Island.....	100	78	78	78	77
L. S. & M. S.....	300	93	93	93	.....
Lacledes Gas pfd..	800	101	101	101	.....
Mex. Cent.	100	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
Manhattan	7,200	119¾	118	118¾	117
M., K. & T.....	400	27	27	27	26¾
Do pfd.....	500	54¾	54	54¾	53½
Met. St. Ry.....	500	168	167¼	167¾	166¾
Mex. Cent. 1st ad.	1,500	25¼	24½	25¼	24½
Mobile & Ohio....	100	78	78	78	.....
Missouri Pacific..	9,900	102¾	101¼	102¾	101¼
Mex. National....	6,200	11¾	10¾	11¾	10¾
Minn. & St. Louis	100	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾
Do pfd.....	100	116	116	116	.....
National Biscuit..	100	42	42	42	.....
North. Pac. pfd....	100	97	97	97	.....
National Salt.....	100	42	42	42	42
New Central.....	1,000	164½	163¾	164½	163¾
Norfolk & W. ctfs.	11,200	69¾	68¾	69¾	68¾
N. Y. Ont. & W....	10,000	34¾	33¾	34¾	33
N. Y. C. & St. L....	200	79¾	79¼	79¾	80
Do 1st pfd.....	200	99	99	99	99
Do 2d pfd.....	200	79¾	79¼	79¾	80
People's Gas.....	1,100	111¾	110¾	111	110¾
Penn. R. R.....	14,100	140¾	139¾	140¾	139¾
Pacific Mail.....	100	40¾	40¾	40¾	39¾
Pressed Steel Car.	300	41¾	41¾	41¾	.....
Pacific Coast.....	100	97	97	97	.....
Reading	9,000	43	42	42¾	41¾
Do 1st pfd.....	1,500	78¾	77¾	78¾	78¼
Do 2d pfd.....	1,500	72	71¼	72	70¾
Rep. Iron & Steel.	500	20¼	20	20¼	20
Do pfd.....	800	75	72	72	74¼
Rubber Goods.....	100	28¾	28¾	28¾	.....
Southern Ry.....	42,600	31¾	30	31¾	29¾
Do pfd.....	2,600	86	85¾	86	85¾
St. J. & G. I. 2d pfd.	300	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾
Southern Pacific..	19,500	57	55¾	56¾	55¾
St. L. & S. F.....	100	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
St. Paul & Omaha..	2,000	115¾	113	115	113
St. L. & San Fran.	200	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾
Do 2d pfd.....	600	68	68	68	68
S. R. & T.....	600	6¾	6¾	6¾	.....
St. L. & W.....	100	20½	20¼	20½	20
Texas Pacific.....	2,100	23¾	23	23¾	23¼
Twin City.....	500	98	97¾	98	97¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron	4,500	64	62	63¾	61¾
Union Pacific.....	35,100	96¾	95¾	97¾	95¾
Do pfd.....	1,600	90	89¾	90	89¾
Union Bag & Pa..	100	14	10	10	10¾
U. S. Leather.....	6,700	14¾	13¾	14¾	13¾
Do pfd.....	2,300	82¼	81½	82	81¾
U. S. Steel.....	100	44¾	43¾	44½	43
Do pfd.....	14,800	96¾	95¾	96¾	95¾
Wabash	100	20½	20¼	20½	.....
Do pfd.....	2,300	41¾	41¼	41¾	.....
Wis. Central.....	4,600	24¾	24¼	24¾	24¼
Do pfd.....	100	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾
Western Union....	1,500	83¾	83¼	83¾	83
W. C. Chem. pfd.	200	121	120	121	121
Wells-Fargo	100	149	149	149	.....

*Ex dividend.
†Ex dividend 1 per cent.
Total sales, 461,600 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	170	United States.....	87
American	101	Fargo	140

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref 2s, reg....	107¾	U. S. old 4s, reg....	113
Do, coup.....	107¾	U. S. old 4s, coup....	113
U. S. 3s reg	106¾	U. S. 5s, reg	107¾
U. S. 3s, coup.....	106¾	U. S. 5s, coup.....	107¾
U. S. new 4s, reg....	137	Dis. of Col. 3.65s....	124
U. S. new 4s, coup..	137		

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

$7000 Atch Gen. 4s adjustment stamped	103¾@104	$1000 L. & W. B. 4s	104¾
7000 do adjustment stamped	94¼	80000 Mex. Cent. 1st inc	32¼@33
1000 Ann Arbor 4s.	97	2000 Mo. P. 4s	107
5000 Amn. H. & L. 6s	98	2000 M. & O. ex 6s.	120
1000 B. & O. 3½s	95¾	3000 Mohawk & M. inc	107
28000 do 4s	104	9000 Man. con. 4s	104¼@104¾
6000 do conv.	108¾@108	2000 Mich. Cent. 4s	102
10000 B. & O. S. W. 1st	90¾	10000 M. K. & T. 2d	120
1000 Bklyn. El. 1st..	100¾	10000 M. K. & T. Texas	100
29000 C. Fac. 1st	101	120000 N. Y. O. & W. 4s.	94½
44400 do 5s	87¾	2000 N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s	107¼
2000 C. & N. W. deb 1928	122	10000 do gen. 5s.....	120¾
9000 C. & O. 4½.....	107¾	20000 do 4s	104½
71000 C. B. & Q. joint bonds	97¾	1000 N. Y. C. & H. R. 7s	116½
1000 C. & E. I. gen 5s	123	4000 N. & W. 4s	101¾@101¾
23000 C. I. & L. ref 6s.	126	10000 P. & E. 1st	97½
3000 Chi. Term. 4s..	94¼	10000 P. C. C. & St. L. 7s.	116½
12000 Colo. So. 4s..	87@¾	1000 do 4s	93¾
8000 Can. So. 1st....	106¾	15000 So. P. 4s.....	91¼@91⅝
14000 Cent. inc	26¾	2000 So. Ry. 5s.....	115¼
3000 C. A. & St. P.	84¾	5000 S. R. T. inc....	30
6000 C. & St. P. So. Minn. 6s.....	119	20000 S. A. & A. P. 4s.	85¼
2000 do Term 1st..	111¾	10000 S. F. R. & P. 1st.	111
28000 Erie gen lien 4s	85¾@87¼	5000 T. St. L. & W. 4s	79¾@80
1000 do con 4s....	88	20000 U. P. 4s.	104¼@105
1000 G. R. & W. B..	91¼	65000 do deb. B..	61¼@¾
3000 Lacledes Gas 5s	107	1000 Wab. 2d 5s..	107¼
4000 L. Nav. 4s.....	98¾	13000 Wis. C. 4s.	97¾@98
12000 L. & N. call it 4s	100¾@¾	13000 W. L. E. con 4s	88
Total sales, $1,049,000.			

TYPHOID FEVER INCREASE LAID TO DIRTY STREETS.

Nineteenth Ward Improvement Association Issues a Warning Bulletin on Unsanitary Conditions.

Increase in typhoid and malaria in the Nineteenth Ward is charged to the dirty condition of its streets and alleys in a bulletin issued by the Nineteenth Ward Improvement association. In nearly every block, says the bulletin, there are from one to five sufferers with typhoid fever. Dr. N. S. Davis is quoted as an authority for this statement.

To warn the citizens is not the only purpose of the bulletin. It calls attention to a meeting of the Improvement association tonight in the Hull House auditorium, Polk and Halsted streets, at which the unsanitary condition of the ward, its alarming consequences, and the remedies therefor will be discussed. Secretary Pritchard of the Health department, Miss Amanda Johnson, late ward officer; and Dr. George S. Gfroerer will make addresses.

The bulletin says the recent flurry by ward officials in enforcing the ordinance requiring metal garbage boxes has passed away and suggests that "the ward officer or the ordinance, or perhaps both, are dead." Tilden avenue, says the bulletin, from Morgan street to Loretto court, has been turned into a public dump, with a long line of the forbidden disease-breeding wooden boxes. The association wants to find "who it is that is above the law and prevents their removal."

WILL PROVIDE GRAIN SAMPLES.

Warehouse Commission Takes Action on Method to Aid Maintenance of Standard.

The Railroad and Warehouse commission took action yesterday whereby dealers and shippers of grain will be provided with samples, to be used as criterions for judging the quality of their receipts and deliveries, but with a standard at hand they will be able to determine the grade themselves, and the opportunity for comparison will remove a source of dissatisfaction.

It is the plan of the commission to establish a bureau at the Board of Trade, where samples may be obtained. An official will be placed in charge, and specimens of the various grades of grain will be furnished any and all dealers and shippers. The work will be pushed, and it is expected that within a few weeks the bureau will be in operation.

A second decision of equal importance was issued by the commission, to the effect that on the outgoing inspection a leeway of 1 per cent shall be given grain holders on account of the dust, dirt, and foreign particles that accumulate while the cereals are in storage for several months. The present standard for grains will still remain in effect when inspection is made prior to delivery, but so long as the grain comes within one per cent of the grade in which it was entered, it will be allowed to remain in that class.

NORTH SIDE LEVEE WAR BEGUN.

Warrant Sworn Out by Woman Crusader Is Served on a Well-Known Saloonkeeper.

The war between the saloonkeepers on North Clark street and the women of the North Side began in earnest yesterday morning when Constable Betz of Justice Woods' court served the warrant against Henry Darfler, 139 Clark street. The warrant was sworn out a month ago by Mrs. Nellie Wilson, 202 Ontario street, and was never served until yesterday. The charge is keeping a disorderly saloon. The women claim that Clark street, between Ohio and Ontario, is beginning to rival the levee in vice. Darfler will obtain a hearing before Justice Everett on Aug. 20.

BATH OR ELSE THE BRIDEWELL.

Justice Dooley Offers Thief Suspect Brief Punishment on Condition That He Bathes.

"Bathe or stay in the bridewell," was the dictum of Justice Dooley yesterday when Henry Fred was arraigned before him on a charge of attempting to steal a copper kettle. The prisoner's features were covered with grime, and in response to inquiries stated that he had never had a bath in his life, but that he had "occasionally washed his face." A $1 was imposed on the understanding that Fred should appear in court on Monday, clean, having had a thorough bath, and in this event he would escape further punishment.

HORNETS OCCUPY PATROL BOX.

Policemen Attached to the Summerdale Station Are Unable to Report Without Being Stung.

Policemen attached to the Summerdale station have refused to report from the patrol box at Grandville and Evanston avenues. The reason of this is that a swarm of hornets has taken possession of the box, and Sergeant F. Robinson, Policemen O'Connor and Alsterland have been badly stung. The swarm is large, and the insects resent any intrusion. Efforts will be made to smoke them out.

HILL ROADS TO RETRENCH.

WILL CONSOLIDATE AGENCIES AT LARGE CENTERS.

Passenger and Freight Offices in Chicago, New York, St. Paul, and Other Big Cities Will Be United to Economize in Expense—Guaranty by Great Northern and Northern Pacific of 8 Per Cent on Old Burlington Stock Given as One Cause for the Step.

It is learned that the Great Northern, Northern Pacific, and Burlington railroads will soon follow the example of the Union-Southern Pacific-Oregon Short Line combination and consolidate their freight and passenger agencies at all important business centers, including Chicago, St. Paul, and New York. These consolidations, it is claimed, will cut down expenses for the maintenance of agencies fully one-half.

Retrenchment will be the watchword on the Hill roads as well as on the Harriman lines hereafter. It is the only way by which they think they will be able to make up in a measure the decrease in revenue that is bound to result from the corn crop failure. The Burlington, it is said, is bound to be a heavy sufferer, as Nebraska, one of its principal sources of supply, will have scarcely any corn to send out of the State, as all that has been raised there this year will be needed for feeding cattle.

The Great Northern and Northern Pacific have guaranteed 8 per cent on the old Burlington stock. It is not believed that the road will be able under existing circumstances to earn more than 4 per cent. The balance has to be made good by the Hill roads, unless the contemplated retrenchment by consolidating traffic agencies will save enough to make good the deficiency.

Union Pacific Demands Sobriety.

The Union Pacific management has taken a pronounced stand for sobriety. General Manager Dickinson has just issued an edict notifying the employés of the road that either habitual drinking or the mere frequenting of saloons on their part would in the future be considered sufficient cause for their dismissal. The bulletin announcing the decision of the company reads as follows:

"It is reported that certain employés are indulging habitually in the use of intoxicating liquors, and that some are frequenters of saloons and places where such liquors are sold. It is a well-known fact that the habitual use of intoxicating liquors impairs the efficiency of a person addicted to such use. The duties of the employés of a railroad company, particularly those engaged in the transportation or mechanical departments, are most exacting, and necessarily demand clear judgment and a sound body.

"It is therefore deemed advisable to notify all employés that the habitual use of intoxicating liquors or the frequenting of saloons or places where such liquors are sold will be considered sufficient cause for dismissal from service."

Improving Baltimore and Ohio.

Rapid progress is being made in the conversion of the Pittsburg division of the Baltimore and Ohio into one of the safest and most even lines possible through a mountainous country. At half a dozen points old wooden bridges are being replaced by modern structures with double tracks. In some places in the narrow valleys it has been necessary to change the alignment of the road to find room for two tracks, and in such cases the opportunity has been seized to make the track more direct. The length of the division will be somewhat decreased and the grades and curves made much more favorable.

Transportation Notes.

Henry Baldwin, Foreign Freight Agent of the Illinois Central, who has just returned from a trip to Europe, says that by December next a tremendously increased vessel capacity will be coming to New Orleans to carry American commodities to England, Scotland, Germany, Holland, France, and to the Mediterranean ports.

Western roads have agreed to extend the return limit of tickets sold to Buffalo for the Pan-American Exposition to make them correspond with those recently adopted by the Central Passenger association.

The Chicago Terminal Transfer railroad company is building a subway under the tracks of the Elgin, Joliet and Eastern to extend its track line one mile south to reach the manufacturing property at Chicago Heights.

Track laying will be finished on the Burlington and Missouri River branch from Toluca, Mont., to Cody, Wyo., about Sept. 15. Surveys have been made for an early extension from Cody to the Yellowstone Park.

President Truesdale of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western denies the report that his road is seeking an entrance to Philadelphia, and George J. Gould says that an entrance to that city for the Wabash has never been considered.

T. M. Schumacher has been appointed Traffic Manager of the Oregon Short Line in place of S. W. Eccles, who resigned last March to become Traffic Manager of the American Smelting company at Salt Lake City. Mr. Schumacher has been General Agent of the Union Pacific freight department at San Francisco.

The work of double-tracking the Western division of the Grand Trunk between Chicago and Port Huron is being pushed. General Manager Reeve states that 120 of the 235 miles will be completed this year.

TO FEED NEW YORK CENTRAL.

Purchase of South Shore Railway by R. J. Campbell Believed to Be in Vanderbilt Interest.

New York, Aug. 15.—[Special.]—It is believed here that the purchase of a controlling interest in the South Shore railroad extending from St. Lambert, opposite Montreal, to Sorel, by Robert J. Campbell of this city, who is identified with Dr. W. Seward Webb, is a part of a scheme to give the New York Central several valuable feeders, one of which will be an entrance to Montreal.

The South Shore railroad is to be extended to Levis, opposite Quebec.

Chairman Roswell Miller of the St. Paul, who has been on a six weeks' trip to the Pacific coast and Alaska, returned to his office today.

REPORTED HAYS HAS RESIGNED.

President of Southern Pacific Said to Have Retired on Account of Curtailment of Powers.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 15.—It is reported here that C. M. Hays, President of the Southern Pacific, has resigned. The retirement of President Hays is said to be due to the curtailment of his powers since the transfer of the road to the Harriman interests by the Speyers was made. President Hays is under contract with the Southern Pacific for five years at a salary of $55,000 a year. He could not be seen today, and his secretary declined to affirm or deny the report.

"Frisco" Railway to Enter Lawton.

Lawton, Ok. T., Aug. 15.—Edward Dunn, General Passenger Agent of the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad company, announces that the "Frisco" will begin building from Oklahoma City within two months and make its temporary terminus for the extension at Lawton.

THEFTS AT HOSPITAL TRIFLING.

Warden Healy Says That Losses Are Not Sufficiently Large to Lead to Arrests.

Anonymous letters sent to Warden Healy of the County Hospital, calling his attention to petty pilferings by employés of the institution, were last week turned over to the police, and, although two detectives made an investigation of the matter, no arrests have been made or are expected. The total amounts stolen will not exceed $100, and the warden believes that further thefts will be prevented. "The report that the thefts will amount to a great sum, or that bulky articles, such as bags of flour, have been taken, is nonsensical," said Warden Healy yesterday. "The thefts have been confined to napkins, linen, cutlery, and other small and portable articles, which probably were concealed in the clothing of dishonest employés when leaving the building."

NEWS FROM INSURANCE FIELD.

Appeal Will Be Presented Today from Ruling on New Fireproof Mercantile Schedule.

The Executive committee of the Chicago Underwriters' association will today be presented an appeal from its ruling on the new fireproof mercantile schedule. There is less opposition to the change in rates than a question whether it is an association schedule. There are, however, many complaints as to its details, as it has failed to apply equitably in many cases and will make changes necessary. It was put out in a hurry, without sufficient time for testing by application.

The demoralizing effect on rates of the anti-compact law in Missouri is shown by the fact that in the last two years fifty-five stock companies have retired from Kansas City and sixty-one from St. Louis, twenty-four of them since the first of the year.

A special meeting of the Cleveland Fire Insurance Exchange has been called for today to take action on the troubles with Stafford, Goss & Co.

Complaints of violation of the commission rule in Chicago have been numerous, and some companies with salaried local managers are threatening to demand an investigation of the books, under the rules.

All but two of the local agents at Princeton, Ill., where a rate war has been in progress, have signed a pledge to observe the tariff rates unless in competition with a nonsigner, with whom all rates are off. The Northwestern National refused to allow its agents to sign.

Parker & Aleshire, Cook County managers of the National Union Fire, have been appointed its State agents.

The Northwestern Mutual Life has discontinued all non-participating policies.

President De Camp has appointed the following Committee on Order of Business for the union meeting next month: Eugene Cary, I. S. Blackwelder, Fred S. James, G. H. Lermit, P. D. McGregor,

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, OFFICE man; 12 years' experience, iron and machinery line. Address A 810, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN 22, FOUR years' clerical experience; first-class reference; bond if required. Address A 301, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF good family; fair penman; 3 years with one house; age, 22. Address A 191, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ASSISTANT IN OF-fice on books, etc.; well posted on sew. mchs. and mechanics; best of refs. A 198, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ASSISTANT BOOK-keeper or other office work; A1 references. Address A 161, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — SHIPPING CLERK; cash., competent, strong, active; salary moderate. Address A 279, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BOOKKEEPER; A1; 9 years' experience; references; salary moderate. Address A 278, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STOCK CLERK YOUNG man; exp., capable, careful; $7. A 280, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—AS TRAVELING salesman, collector, or correspondent; have some experience as ad. writer; prefer position in office. Address A 193, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—IN SASH FACTORY by man of long experience; salary reasonable for responsible position. Address A 192, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SHIRT CUTTER, young man, as assistant. A 204, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS cloak roofer; sober and reliable. A 206, Tribune.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED — AS COACHMAN AND private groom; English; no children; A1 city references. Address A 300, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — COACHMAN, ENG-lish; knows the business; city ref. A 308, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COACH-man, Dane; best Chicago refs. A 293, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN; FIRST-class; refs. from best people. A 160, Tribune.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED — FOR MEN, ALL lines. Stroup's Bureau, 199 Clark. Tel. Cen. 1305.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER, male, 4 mos. experience, good education, 8 years with last employer; $7. Address A 254, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—STENO.; BRIGHT, EN-ergetic, rapid, accurate; $8. A 291, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER, owning machine, understanding bookkeeping and general office work; reliable, steady; one firm 8 years; has many friends and can make agency or position good refs. Address A 189, Tribune office.

SITUATION WNTED—MIDDLE-AGED MAN with private family for house and garden and make himself generally useful. E. L., 161 W. Randolph-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—AS JANITOR; MAN and wife; first-class place. DANIEL B. DODGE, 207 Grand-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG COLORED man as porter in wholesale house or store; best of references. Address A 265, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN; COL-lege training; experienced coal chemist; will take any reasonable employment; refs. A 162, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS PRIVATE SECRE-tary or companion, after and before business hours; refs. given. Address A 220, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—PACKER, IN WHOLE-sale house; A1 refs.; exp. A 264, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED young lady as cashier or assistant bookkeeper; best of references. Address L E 152, Tribune.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG WOMAN, STU-dent, would like place to do light services for room, board and small compensation. Address A 306, Tribune office.

SITUATION (WANTED—SWEDISH WOMAN, for any kind of work by the day; South Side. Address A 296, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT girl in family of two; small flat. Address 976 S. Spaulding-av. Call for two days.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL, small family, South Side; modern flat. Call 4103 State-st., top flat.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GOOD GIRL; GEN-eral housework. 5010 Ada-st.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—DRESSMAKER WISH-es family sewing, day or week; reasonable. 3111 Indiana-av.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NURSE, COMPE-tent; best testimonials; from $7 a week. 518 Adams-st.

SITUATION WANTED — BY GERMAN LADY as nurse or care of sick. S 26th-pl.

Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—WASHING, IRONING, or by the day. 3260 Ingleside-av.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATION WANTED—BEST OF DOMESTICS; reference. Woman's Exchange, 3310 Cottage Grove-av.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER, bright beginner; Rem.; $5; good on dictation. Address A 277, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—NEAT APPEARING married woman desires position in reception-room of physician or dentist. Address G F 429, Tribune office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, STRAYED, OR STOLEN—EIGHT VERY valuable ponies; well bred, handsome, high-step-pers, well broken; last seen on Jackson-blvd., near Wabash-av. Information will be rewarded. Inquire concerning them at Room 1004 Masonic Temple.

LOST—LADY'S BLACK PURSE, CONTAINING photograph, Illinois Central ticket, and money; liberal reward. Address A 194, Tribune office.

LOST—OPERA GLASSES AT STUDEBAKER'S Hall, evening of 13th; liberal reward offered for return. MISS ROBION, 2006 Groveland-av.

LOST—TURQUOISE SCARFPIN, MATRIX WITH diamond setting; reward. Burl Cedarvet.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—ENTIRE DRIVING EFFECTS OF private stable, consisting of extension-top surrey, rubber-tired Eiffel trap, seats 4; top full-spring rubber-tired full-spring phaeton; pair handsome, about, single, gold-mounted surrey harness, light road harness and mare, used to city objects; will fully guarantee. Above sold separately or all together; owner is moving East; very low price will be asked to encourage immediate sale. Call at barn, 1 block west Ashland-blvd. on Lake-st.

FOR SALE—A YOUNG, SOUND, FINE DRIV-ing horse, 15 hands high; also a handsome rib-ber-tired runabout and harness; either one can be seen at 1 Ashland-blk. Call or address Indiana-av. Apply at stable, n. w. cor. of 33d and Forest-av.

PARTNERS WANTED.

LADY PARTNER WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN with capital and A1 standing; must have means to amount of $2,000 and take active interest in a first-class hotel proposition, finest city west of Chicago; bave option. Address A 411, Tribune office.

MAN—WITH CAPITAL AND ABILITY WANTS partner, competent and able to furnish half the cash necessary to establish investment and broker-age business; record must be A1. Address A 410, Tribune office.

HONEST YOUNG GERMAN WITH $2500 AS partner in old established real estate business; good opening for right party; North Side resident; cash necessary to establish investment and broker-age business; record must be A1. Address A 410, Tribune office.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

6-FT. HIGH ROLL DESK, $19; BOOKKEEPERS' desk, $7; press, $2.50; wall case, $12.50; flat desk, $6; $30 drawing desk, $22.50; safe, $52.50; fine office specialty. We furnish your office complete. Phone 3082 Cent. Chicago Safe & Mdse. Co., 49 Dearborn-st.

BEST FIREPROOF SAFES AT LOWEST PRICES for cash or easy payments; second hand safes. SABATH SAFE COMPANY, 158 Fifth-av.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF NATIONAL CASH registers and billiard and pool tables. H. TUCKHORN & CO., 171 E. Randolph-st.

PATENTS AND PATENT ATTORNEYS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, PATENT lawyers and solicitors, Washington, D. C. Guide book free. GEORGE E. WESSLER, Atty., Repre-sentative, 500-509 and 410, 115 Dearborn, Chicago.

FOR SALE—UNITED STATES PATENT, 655,503, improvement in billiard cushions. MOFFETT, P. O. Box 568.

MILO B. STEVENS & CO., 163 RANDOLPH-ST. Main office, Washington. Send for booklet.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND BILLIARD AND pool tables; we rent tables with privilege of buy-ing. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 263 and 265 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—POOL TABLE AND THE BALLS, Virginia Hotel.

ELEGANT BRUNSWICK POOL AND BILLIARD tables, sell, rent, reasonable. Fowler, 672 VanBuren.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE—20X48 CORLISS ENGINE, 10X6X10 duplex pump, 12x18 Ball auto. engine. The E. H. Ball Co., Indianapolis.

TWO STEEL BOILERS, 16 FT. LONG, 60 INCH diameter, with full fronts piece; $400. F. H. McALIFF, 84 Traders' Bldg.

LAWYERS.

LAWYER HANDLES CONFIDENTIAL CASES justly, cheaply; bankruptcy, $10; fees; con-sultation free. KINGSLEY, R. 709, 123 La Salle.

THE GREEN AGENCY COLLECTS ALL BAD debts on commission. 59 Dearborn-st.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

GOERZ, B. R. LENS AND SHUTTER, $14.25. Cameras rented and exchanged; developing and printing. Central Camera Co., 31 Adams-st.

COWS, BIRDS, DOGS, ETC.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE—A YOUNG BRIN-dle Great Dane dog; no fancy price. Room 1106, 103 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BILL CLERK—YOUNG MAN; GOOD PENMAN; $7. L. HOWARD, 324 Dearborn-st.

BILLER AND EXTENDER—BY LARGE wholesale grocery house, experienced biller and extender. Address, giving age, reference, and sal-ary expected. Address A 272, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER — Young man, about 20; as assistant; also general office work; Remington; state experience and sal-ary wanted. Address A 278, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—SALARY $10 PER WEEK; must write a rapid, plain hand; accuracy abso-lutely necessary. Apply 9 to 10 today, 19 E. 47th-st., up-stairs, room at end of hall.

BOOKKEEPER—FOR SMALL WHOLESALE house; must have some experience in collections and credits. Address A 303, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER — EXPERIENCED; STATE salary and positions held. LAVIN BROS., 108 Randolph-st.

BOOKKEEPER—EXPERIENCED, FOR AN IN-stallment house, in Englewood. A 169, Tribune.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN, AGE 30; 1ST-class; $18. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

CLERK—FOR LARGE CORPORATION; MUST understand accounts; be first-class at figures; references required. Address A 475, Tribune.

DRUG CLERK—REGISTERED ASSISTANT. 229 E. 55th-st.

ENTRY CLERK—FROM CALLER; EXPERI-enced; temporary; $15. 185 Dearborn-st., R. 911.

OFFICE MAN—GOOD, WHO HAS HAD EX-perience in patent medicine business; must have ability to write "ads." and booklets and be able to take charge of correspondence; a good opening for a man with the proper ability; state age, ex-perience had, and salary wanted. Address N H 102, Tribune office.

OFFICE CLERK, ASST. TIMEKEEPER—GOOD writer; W. Side; $6. R. 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

OFFICE CLERK AND TIMEKEEPER—GOOD penman; $40. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

SHIPPING CLERK—YOUNG MAN; POSITION out of town; $15. 740 Monon Bldg.

STENOG.—AND BKPR.; NEAT APPEARANCE; $10. J. MACDONALD, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

WHEN LOOKING FOR A POSITION FRIENDS help you; but their influence is limited, and they have other work to do. It is your business to find positions. See ad. under "Employment Agen-cies." EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT 21 YEARS OF AGE, AS general assistant in the accounting department of a large concern; must have had a few years' business experience, a good penman, and quick and accurate at figures; wages $8 per week; position open at once; bring letters at interview. Address N L 260, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—17 TO 20 YEARS OF AGE, WITH good common school education, to work in stock of merchandise department, by large mercantile house; salary $5 to $6. Address N H 223, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—GOOD, BRIGHT, ABOUT 19 OR 20, living on the South Side; one with some office experience preferred. Answer, stating salary ex-pected, references, etc. Address N H 301, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—WITH SOME KNOWLEDGE OF bookkeeping; state age and salary. Address A 157, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—GOOD PENMAN; BILL CLERK; office; $7. 403, 134 Monroe-st.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS—TWO, FIRST-class. STOREY, 140 W. Madison-st.

AMBITIOUS, ENERGETIC MEN OF GOOD CHARACTER WHO CAN FURNISH SATIS-FACTORY REFERENCES CAN SECURE EX-CEPTIONALLY ADVANTAGEOUS AGENCY RENEWAL CONTRACTS FROM THE ILLINOIS LIFE INS. CO., 134 MONROE-ST.

CANVASSERS — FOR THE WORLD'S ONLY DIRECTORY, $588 PER MONTH; household ar-ticle on the market; liberal terms. HOFFMANN, St. Charles Hotel, 15-17 S. Clark-st.

CANVASSERS—BOTH SEXES, CHICAGO OR country. Write or call JOHN B. GETZ, R. 28, 185 Washington-st.

CAPABLE MEN CAN EARN BIG MONEY BY selling New York Life's matchless 20th century political and fraternal campaign badge; sample agent, 30¢, 100 Washington-st.; 1-2; call in person.

CHANDELIER SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED. Address A 176, Tribune office.

GOOD SPECIALTY SALESMEN—IN CITY AND country, for "The Only Practical and Butchers' Computing Scales on Earth." Call 10:00 to 12:00 a. m., or write REID & CO., 17 to 21 Quincy-st., Suite 306, Chicago, Illinois.

INSURANCE SOLICITORS, GENERAL AGTS.— Best contract and compensation. Room 8, 260 Clark-st.

MACHINERY SALESMAN—FOR CITY; ONE acquainted with rope transmission preferred; permanent; good wages. A 183, Tribune office.

MAN—EXPERIENCED, FOR TEA AND COF-fee wagon route. 514 Madison-st.

MEN—4 EDUCATED, ENERGETIC MEN, CALL from 10 to 12. TODD, MEAD & CO., Stude-baker Bldg., 378 Wabash-av.

REPRESENTATIVES—LOCAL AND SPECIAL, in all States to sell staple goods; unusual at-tractive proposition; results large, remuneration excellent; an unusual opportunity for ambitious men; several good openings for Chicago men. Call or address General Manager, 510 New York Life Bldg., Chicago.

SALESMAN — A LIBERAL COMMISSION WILL be allowed a first-class salesman to sell my line of cravenette rain garments in Chicago; none but one fully acquainted with the cloak buyers in the best retail trade in house will be considered. CHAS. DOVE, 65 Franklin-st., Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN — RESPONSIBLE MAN OF SOME means to represent financial concern in his own city; give address and reference; $100 per month and an additional commission, dependent on work done. Address N A 201, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED GROCERY TRAV-elling salesman for well established house; good salary to a first-class, re-liable salesman and permanent position; state par-ticulars as to past record. Address A 197, Tribune.

SALESMAN—TO CARRY AS SIDE LINE OR exclusive our quick selling line of household specialties, sold to trade; liberal commissions. Makers and Sellers Co., 47 W. Lake-st.

SALESMAN—TRAVELING, FIRST-CLASS, TO sell cigars in Iowa; will pay a good salary and a steady position; reference required. Address Reed and Hairdon Co., Des Moines, Ia.

SALESMAN — $25 WEEKLY, INCLUDING traveling expenses; experience unnecessary; sell dealers only; permanency; position; elegant line. Neville Mfr. Co., Philadelphia.

SALESMAN—YOUNG MAN; EXPERIENCED IN retail stationery; $12. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

SALESMAN—TO TAKE OVERSLEEVES, SIDE line. Empire Oversleeve Co., 42 River-st.

SALESMAN—GOOD; EXP. IN STATIONERY line; $12. L. HOWARD, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

SALESMEN—IN WHOLESALE DRY GOODS, with established trade in Texas, Missouri, Ken-tucky, and Utah; state full particulars. Address N H 239, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—HOW DOES THIS OFFER STRIKE you? Agents wanted in every city of the nineteenth cen-tury, with all its great sensations, in THREE beautiful volumes, vellum cloth binding, illus-trated in fine style; a gold mine; volume containing nearly 2,000 pages. Absolutely free, with a sub-scription to Collier's Weekly; $50 to $75 weekly easily earned on the above proposition.

P. F. COLLIER & SON, I. P. ROBINSON, Manager. 524 Rand-McNally Building.

SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED, FOR CARPETS. Apply to Supt., THE FAIR.

SALESMEN—LARGE MANUFACTURING FIRM wants reliable salesman in every State to sell new brand of staple goods to general trade; must be competent, industrious, and sell at least $200 per week on commission; $40 weekly advance. LENOX CO., Suite 34, 182-184 Dearborn, Chicago.

SALESMEN — OF BUSINESS EXPERIENCE and good address; the right party will secure profitable employment and good pay. Apply be-tween 9 and 12 a. m. International Society (DAVIS), 131 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN—WE NEED 5 MORE GOOD MEN for the road, and two for office; bright, wide-awake men of good address only. Call for MR. RANKIN, Room 544 Marquette Bldg.

SALESMEN—FIRST-CLASS BOOK SALESMEN for a new and complete edition of Mark Twain at a popular price; liberal commissions on signa-ture. 1506 Fisher Bldg., Chicago.

SALESMEN — FOR PEN CARBON COPYING books and other office specialties; fine side lines; easy sellers; liberal terms; catalogue free. Model Mfg. Co., Dept. G, South Bend, Ind.

SEWING MACHINE SALESMAN—MUST BE sober, a hustler, and give bond. FAXON & BAKER CO., Hammond, Ind.

SOLICITOR OR SALESMAN—BY LARGE Chicago corporation, to present HIGH CLASS proposition (in New York State) to manufacturers and jobbers; demand already established; appear-ance and address, hardware, furniture or allied lines preferred; state age, experience and salary; ABOVE LINES makes sales sure. STATE AGE, REFERENCES AND REMUNERATION EX-PECTED OR DO NOT ANSWER. Address A 190, Tribune office.

SOLICITOR—FOR BUSINESS COLLEGE; FINE opportunity for high-grade worker, male or fe-male; refs. Address with confidence, N C 499 Tribune.

SOLICITORS—HIGH-CLASS, TO PRESENT A taking proposition to intelligent people. Ad-dress N C 500, Tribune office.

TRAVELING SALESMAN—AT ONCE; FOR general store trade; permanent position for good man; no other need apply; give references. Box 3, Detroit, Mich.

Boys.

BOY—BETWEEN 14 AND 16 YEARS OF AGE; must be bright and active; to such having good reference an excellent opportunity for advance-ment is offered; must live on the South Side. Ad-dress N H 130, Tribune office.

BOY—16 OR 17 YEARS OLD; APPLY DR. Reed's Cushion Shoe Store, 49 E. Monroe-st.

BOY—16; GOOD REFS.; OFFICE; $5. HOWARD POST, Dearborn Bldg.

BOY—BRIGHT, AGE 17, FOR OFFICE, ETC.; $4. 46, 92 La Salle-st.

BOYS—16 YEARS OLD, TO LEARN WHOLE-sale dry goods business; must live at home and come well recommended. Address A 250, Tribune office.

OFFICE AND ERRAND BOY—EXPERIENCED, well educated, about 15, by large machinery mfg. Co.; must speak German and English; live with parents. Address in own handwriting N H 226, Tribune office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Trades.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN—ONE CAPA-ble of making diagrams for stone and terra cotta work. Address A 205, Tribune office.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN—EXPERI-enced; also a tracer. Call at 5 p. m. Room 908, 116 Monroe-st.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMEN—2, COMPE-tent, and one tracer. S. A. Treat, Fisher Bldg.

BOILERMAKERS—FOR ROUNDHOUSE WORK out of city; must be competent. Apply Parlor O, Tremont House.

BRADLEY HAMMER MEN—STEADY WORK. Aermotor Co., Chicago Heights.

BUSHELING TAILOR—STEADY WORK. J. SIMON, 2104 State-st.

BUTCHER—KNIGHT BROS., 822 E. 47TH-st.

CARPENTERS — GOOD NON-UNION MEN. For information call at headquarters of Carpen-ters' society, Room 7, 85 E. Madison-st.

CIVIL ENGINEER—ON STRUCTURAL AND ornamental iron work; must be No. 1 man. Ad-dress A 287, Tribune office.

CUTTERS—EXPERIENCED, IN WHOLESALE tailoring to the trade house. Call at once. CARL JOSEPH & CO., 186-188 Fifth-av.

CYLINDER PRESSMAN—1ST-CLASS; UNION. Address A 177, Tribune office.

DRAFTSMEN—GOOD AT MAP WORK. CALL 1201 Michigan-av.

FOREMAN — FOR A LARGE HARNESS FAC-tory; one who has had experience in turning out large quantities of harness; references required. Address "HARNESS," N H 214, Tribune office.

JOINERS, CABINETMAKERS, AND COACH carpenters. Room 620, 225 Dearborn.

LACQUERERS—ON BRASS BEDS; ONLY 1ST-class amber lacquerers need apply. Call at 112 Ontario-st., THE ADAMS & WESTLAKE COM-PANY.

LATHERS — SIX FIRST-CLASS MEN. ROOM 904 Chicago Opera-House Building.

MACHINISTS — BOTH VISE AND MACHINE hands; good wages and steady jobs are offered to the right men. Address The Bucyrus Company, South Milwaukee, Wis.

MAN—EXPERIENCED, IN ELECTRICAL RE-pair shop; must be familiar with armature wind-ing. Address, with references and wages re-quired, F. ROBERTS & CO., 7 Harrison-st., Balti-more, Md.

MAN—COMPETENT TO EQUIP AND MANAGE brass foundry and plating plant. Address A 190, Tribune office.

MOLDERS—FIRST-CLASS MEN ON ARCHI-tectural and ornamental iron; steady work guar-anteed. Apply The Winslow Bros. company, 368 Carroll-av.

PATTERNMAKER—ALSO GOOD ALL-ROUND machine hand; experience and wages wanted. Address A 264, Tribune office.

SURFACE GRINDER — BY WHOLESALE OP-tical house; permanent to competent man. MAYER & CO., 124 S. 8th-st., Philadelphia, Pa.

TEMPLATEMAKERS, MACHINISTS, AND LA-borers—Chicago Bridge and Iron Co., Washington Heights, Ill.

YOUNG MAN—EXPERIENCED IN AMATEUR photography, to work in stock, by large mercan-tile house; state age and experience. Address N H 222, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT 18 YEARS OLD, IN EN-gineer's office for general work; some knowledge of mechanical drafting requisite. Address A 195, Tribune office.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

COACHMAN—FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN FOR private family; must have best of reference. Ad-dress A 430, Tribune office.

FURNITURE TEAMSTERS—SOBER; CITY EX-perience; wages $18 weekly. N W 505, Tribune.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS—WE CAN PROVE THAT YOU CAN earn $25.00 per day; we have the fastest selling summer specialties; you need no experience, our circulars teach you the business; if you are making less than $300 per month write to us, it won't cost you one cent to try, as we forfeit $50.00 to any per-son proving we don't send a free outfit of samples on receipt of your application; it will pay you hand-somely to write to us at once. The Braham Co., R. 450, Cincinnati, O.

PERMANENT POSITION FOR LIFE; COM-pensation $25 to $75 per week; the Policy Holders' National Union, an Illinois corporation, with $250,-000 paid capital, offers exclusive territory; 60 per cent commission to live, active, experienced local representatives in every city and town in the U. S.; our business, new and non-competitive and a posi-tive necessity to every corporation, and indi-vidual; no bond or investment, but first-class references required. Address Superintendent of Agencies, Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—$50 A WEEK AND EXPENSES GUAR-anteed good men selling chemical machines for cooling all kinds of refrigerators, ice boxes, soda fountains, etc.; guaranteed 75 per cent cheaper than ice; also our chemical ice cream freezer—re-quires no ice; sells at sight; 50 per cent cheaper than ice; write today for samples and agency. Chemical Refrig. and Freezer Co., Sta-tion U, Chicago.

SELLING GOODS BY MAIL IS A PROFITABLE and interesting business. Start in spare hours with as little money as you wish. No license re-quired. Many make $5 to $25 daily. We manu-facture useful articles—no trash—and supply a fascinating scheme that enables you to advertise and make a big profit; a good position open at once for free literature. MONTAGUE CO., 30 Pond Bldg., Boston, Mass.

AGENTS—FOR CITY AND COUNTRY, TO SELL to the trade the Fairo Hand and Automatic Printer"; the latest and most complete device for printing on flat and roll paper, cards, etc.; the only printing device on the market using mova-ble type and self-inker; big money for energetic workers. Call or send for circulars. W. R. PIERCE, 4810 Cottage Grove-av., Chicago.

AGENTS—ON SALARY OR COMMISSION; THE greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pens will buy it on sight; 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X 88, La Crosse, Wis.

AGENTS — EVERYWHERE — GUARANTEED monthly compensation weekly introducing meri-torious preparations; business permanent; experi-ence unnecessary; we furnish you with valuable making secrets, one dime. A. Wayvell-Chappell Co., 53 River-st., Chicago.

THIS IS OUR FIRST CALL FOR AGENTS (LA-dies and gentlemen) to handle our newest and exclusive territory given in and out of city. First applicants w coin money. The J. A. Peters Co., 1709, 56 5th.

WANTED—SOLICITORS AND AGENTS, CHI-cago and every county, State Illinois, to sell the best policy contracts, registered; for terms and in-formation address or call on CLARK, manager, 614 Marquette Bldg., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—EITHER SEX, TO HAN-DLE REGISTRY POLICIES; 189 LA SALLE-ST. ROOM 320. SOMETHING NEW. SELLS AT SIGHT; AGENTS MAKING FROM $15 TO $25 PER WEEK. CALL AT ONCE AND GET BUSY.

AGENTS—TO SELL NEW GASLIGHT BURNER; gives perfect light. 1400 CANDLE POWER. 3 cents per week to trim; outfit free. Enterprise Mfg. Co., A 14, Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS—TO SELL THE YORTY FRUIT JAR grip; 100 per cent profit; samples free, condi-tionally. Brubaker Specialty Co., 744 W. Madison-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—EITHER SEX, TO INTRODUCE OUR preserve and jelly labels for household use; quick seller, big profits; 100 assorted, 10c; particulars free. WEBB & MEDFORD, Box 1, Meadville, Pa.

WANTED—AGENTS—HUSTLERS, TO HANDLE Decapmos corn remedy; 100 per cent profit; every bottle guaranteed; write at once. The De-capmos Remedy Co., 203 Main-st., Peoria, Ill.

$50 MONTHLY AND EXPENSES GUARANTEED reliable agents at home or traveling handling novelty photo buttons and jewelry. Ludwick Co., Cincinnati, O.

WE PAY $20 A WEEK AND EXPENSES TO MEN with rigs to introduce our poultry compound. Send stamp. Javelle Mfg. Co., Dept. 140, Parsons, Kas.

AGENTS—FAIR WORKERS SELL "PARSONS' BILL;" the new surprise clown; sample 20c, with catalogue. Acme Specialty Co., 21 Quincy-st., Chi.

AGENTS FOR DAVIS' MECHANICS' SOAP; removes paint from hands, etc.; also toilet soaps; big profits. Davis Soap Co., Chicago.

AGENT—LIFE INSURANCE. EXPERIENCED in industrial business, can secure contract where he can double his income. H. BALDWIN, 92 State.

WELL DRESSED MEN—BEST REFERENCE; business getters can make money; drinkers and gamblers not wanted. N C 417, Tribune office.

$100 MONTHLY—NEW PATENT METALLIC bread boards; sample free. E. K. FORSHEE CO., Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS—STANDARD SHARPENER; EVERY-body buys; sample 10c. Lakeside Supply Co., Chicago.

Employment Agencies.

MANAGER FOR SHIPPING DEPT. $25
Stenographer, R. R. exp. 12
Stenographer, Rem. or S. P. ..... $5 to 12
Shipping and asst. shipping clerk ..... $10 and 15
Salesman, exp. in stationery 12
Young man to learn shipping 8
Boy to assist packer, age 18 7
Bill clerk, good writer and figurer 7
Porter and asst. shipping clerk 6
Shipping and stock clerk 6
Remington operator 5
Young man, good writer 5
Boys, clean and bright ..... $3 to 5
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
134 Monroe-st. 92 La Salle-st.
324 Dearborn-st.

MEN—CALL AT OUR OFFICE BEFORE AC-CEPTING SITUATIONS ELSEWHERE. Timekeepers, collectors, general office work, bill-ing, indexing, paging, entry clerks, receiving clerks, checkers, callers, stockkeepers, correspond-ents, department managers, credit men, account-ants, private secretaries, bookkeepers, assistant bookkeepers, shipping clerks, stenographers, teleg-raphers, floorwalkers, traveling salesmen, salesmen for dry goods, gents' furnishings, hats, clothing, shoes and shoes, hardware, furniture, agents for drugs, meats, etc., $9, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, and $25 per week. STROUP'S BUREAU, 199 and 201 Clark-st., second floor, between Monroe and Adams-sts. Tel. Central 1395.

AUDITOR—GOOD ACCOUNTANT $25
Extender, very rapid figurer 20
Office clerks, rolling mill experience ..... $15 and 20
Bookkeeper, ledger man 15
Stenographer, R. R. office 14
Office clerk, good penman 12
Entry clerk, temporary position 15
Office clerk, good penman 9
Office clerk, assistant timekeeper 6
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 Dearborn-st.

BRIDGE THE CHASM—
The employment agency is as natural a bridge between employer and employe as is the jobber between manufacturer and retailer. We do not fol-low old-fashioned lines. Our system is new and offers you the most satisfactory means of securing a position. Our specialty is high-class positions—the kind hardest to get.
THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY,
1007 Journal Bldg., 169 Washington-st.

IF YOU DESIRE WORK WE INVITE YOU TO call and see us; we make no registration charges and take no fees unless we place you.
During the last six months we have found posi-tions for
2,080 males.
2,993 females.
MORRELL'S, 146 State-st.

MEN—WHO WOULD LIKE TO BE BARBERS, will teach the work in two months, give outfit and pay $12 weekly when competent. Call or write today. Moler Barber College, 435 Wa-bash-av.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Stenographers.

BILL CLERK—FOR MACHINE WORK; MUST write a good hand, rapid at figures, and come ex-ceptionally well recommended; a man with experi-ence in leaf tobacco preferred. Address A 269, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER — AND CORRESPONDENT, first-class, wide-awake, experienced in machinery and metal line, capable of answering mail without dictation; must speak German and English; perma-nent position; salary $75 per month, with liberal increase if competent. Address, giving full partic-ulars, age, and outline of experience, L 8 865, Tri-bune office.

STENOGRAPHER — REMINGTON; YOUNG man; experienced in railroad office; $35. Suite 46, 94 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—UNDERWOOD; RAILROAD exp.; young man; $50. 740 Monon Bldg.

YOUNG MAN—NEAT APPEARANCE; GOOD refs.; steno. and office work; $50 month. J. C. BAYNE, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

YOUNG MAN—TO DO TYPEWRITING AND bookkeeping; South Side; state wages. Address A 207, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—EXP. STENOGRAPHER; REM-ington; salary $50; prospects good. A 194, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

CLOTHING PACKER—MUST HAVE SOME EX-perience. KUH, NATHAN & FISCHER CO., 276-278 Franklin-st.

CORRESPONDENT—GOOD, FOR MERCANTILE house; energetic, able man; state age, salary, and experience. Address N H 204, Tribune office.

LABORERS—
20th and Prairie.

MAN—AND WIFE—MIDDLE-AGED, WITH NO children; man to do general farm work; wife must be good cook and do general housework. Ad-dress J. R. HARRIS, Momence, Ill.

MAN—TO TRAVEL; SALARY $75 PER MONTH and expenses; must have $300 in cash. Address A 205, Tribune office.

MANAGER AND BUYER—FOR CARPET, CUR-tain, and upholstery departments of large de-partment store. Only such as have had lengthy experience in the same capacity and can point to a successful record need apply. First-class salary and position for a first-class party. Answer, stat-ing names of houses where previously employed and salary wanted. Address F N 23, Tribune office.

MEN AND WOMEN—IN EVERY TOWN WHO write a plain hand, to copy letters for us at home. Our work can be done with ink, typewriter, mimeo-graph, or carbon; if now employed, an hour or so evenings will add $5 to $6 to your weekly earnings; work sent any distance; inclose stamp; particulars and all necessary information mailed on application. Address Union Advertising Co., Toledo, O.

MEN—RELIABLE, EVERYWHERE, TO TACK up advertising signs; $20 EARNED WEEKLY; working for us; those meaning business inclose 10c for postage, sample, etc.
CARLSON CHEMICAL CO., Tyrone, Pa.

MEN—AND WOMEN, TO DO COPYING AT home; must write a fair hand; $5 to $12 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., Quincy-st., Chicago.

OFFICE MANAGER FOR CHICAGO — $18 weekly and expenses guaranteed; no canvassing; experience unnecessary; inclose addressed stamped envelope. Standard Silverware Co., 881 West 26th-st., New York City.

WE STILL HAVE ROOM FOR A FEW well-dressed, energetic house-to-house canvassers, capable of presenting our savings bank proposition to the people in Chicago and suburbs; our men make $3 to $6 per day.
WE HAVE NOTHING TO SELL.
If you can furnish first-class reference as to hon-esty, and are looking for a steady position, apply Room 62, 70 La Salle-st.

WINDOW DRESSER—FOR TOBACCO AND cigar stores, who can do lettering and make original designs from other materials; state age, salary. Address A 416, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED in the insurance business, as assistant to the in-surance department of large manufacturing com-pany; must have acquaintance with insurance people in Chicago. Address, stating experience, age, and general qualifications, A 150, Tribune.

YOUNG MEN HAVING A LARGE CIRCLE OF friends exerting their influence can obtain their fall clothes free of charge. Address A 175, Tri-bune office.

YOUNG MEN HAVING A LARGE CIRCLE OF friends exerting their influence can obtain their fall clothes free of charge. Address O 203, Tri-bune office.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

WOMEN ONLY—
THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE OFFICE FOR WOMEN
DR. E. J. DENNIS, DR. E. J. DENNIS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
1115 MASONIC TEMPLE.
The only physician in Chicago who devotes the whole of his time to the treatment of diseases of women.
SKILLFUL AND SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN by improved and painless methods. Prompt relief guaranteed in every case undertaken WITHOUT OPERATION. $5 TO $10 per cent more by correspon-dence and advice free. Private home if desired for ladies remaining under my care. Lady physician in attendance if desired. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sunday, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

RELIABLE HOME SANITARIUM—
OFFICE, 99 MADISON-ST., COR. DEARBORN, SUITE 511. HOURS, 9 TO 5; SUNDAY, 10 TO 2.
DR. BIGELOW, CHICAGO'S OLDEST SPECIAL-IST, treats all diseases and complications of wom-en no matter what form or gravity, without opera-tion, pain, or danger; when others fail to cure you don't be discouraged; call on us; we guarantee posi-tive cure or no pay wanted.

The Reliable Home Sanitarium has been before the public for many years and is comfortably ar-ranged for ladies before and during confinement, and home for infants; lady and gent physicians in attendance; moderate terms; will accept two to work for service. Elegant private accommoda-tions for ladies in need of personal care. Consul-tation and examination free.

DR. KINGST

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
GIVEN AWAY.
GIVEN AWAY.
GIVEN AWAY.

On receipt of a postal I will send you plans of 150 new houses located on the South, West, and North sides and in suburbs; for sale on monthly payments of from $5 to $25, same as rent; very small cash payment; prices $1,175 to $5,000; let your rent. WRITE AT ONCE.
WRITE AT ONCE.
CALL AT ONCE.

S. E. GROSS.
6th Floor Masonic Temple, State and Randolph-sts.
11,963 HOMES SOLD ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS IN 22 YEARS.

FOR SALE—FINE NEW MANFG. BLDG. NEAR elevated station, 2 miles from Union Loop; 40,000 ft. floor space; steam heat, 2 elevators, 25 H.P. engine; adapted for book binding, printing or light manufacturing; $35,000.
HILTON, SEELYE & MOONEY, 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—4 STORES INSIDE THE LOOP, cheap; Dickey and Chicago acres; 10 years; steam heat; corn on Wash. Park; no one can undersell us. NELSON THOMASSON, 85 Dearborn-st.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAINS—
IN KENWOOD and HYDE PARK PROPERTY.
$18,000—Frame house and barn; hot water heat; lot 65x180, fine homes on either side, ground is worth $250 a foot.
$12,500—10-room gray stone front modern residence, detached, 29-ft. lot, convenient to Kenwood depot, $5,500 cash, mortg. $8,000, 5 years at 5 per cent.
$12,000—Beautiful 11-room stone residence, elegant interior, close to Kenwood depot; $5,000 cash, mtg. $7,000, 5 years at 5 per cent.
$14,000—Cost $20,000; 3-flat bldg., all finished in hardwood, rented for $1,560 a yr., elegant location; between Drexel and Ellis-aves.
$ 9,000—Fine modern stone front residence at 4445 Ellis-av.; owner leaving the city; a complete modern home in every respect; get permit.
$ 125—a foot, worth $200, 66x200, east of Drexel-av., south side, 47th.
W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE—
elegant brick and stone modern residence, 25 ft. by 75 at 3245 Groveland-av.; cost $14,000; price, $9,000; terms, $2,000 cash; mtg. $6,000, 5 years, 5½ per cent. Keys for inspection.
W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ONLY ONE OF THESE GREAT bargains left; 4624 State-st., within 250 ft. of 47th-st., which corners are worth $500 ft.; this lot is 24x100, including frame cottage; price for quick sale $11,000.
MATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—WINDSOR PARK—NORTH 76TH-st., nice 8-room detached house, in good order; hardwood floors, bath, furnace, etc.; fine view of lake; $4,800.
HILTON, SEELYE & MOONEY, 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvards or in Kenwood district go to MATSON & CO., 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—DAVIS & HALL, 84 WASH.-ST.
Hill Springfield-av. cor. Iowa, beautiful flat bldg.; renters every way; 82 feet; want offer.
Elevated station, 2 miles from Union Loop; 40,000 ft. floor space; steam heat, 2 elevators, 25 H.P. engine; adapted for book binding, printing or light manufacturing; $35,000.
HILTON, SEELYE & MOONEY, 204 Dearborn-st.

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WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—DAVIS & HALL, 84 WASH.-ST.
Hill Springfield-av. cor. Iowa, beautiful flat bldg.; renters every way; 82 feet; want offer.

FOR SALE—MODERN-FLATS, 7 AND 8 rooms; modern house. See janitor, near Monroe and Garfield Park.

MADISON-ST., 2D FLOOR, 6 rooms; $30; water. 115 Dearborn-st.
E & CO., 86 Washington-st.

North Side.

HOUGHTON, 584 DEARBORN-om apartment; sunlight every ry convenience.
T. MASSEY, 108 Rialto Bldg.

608 E. DIVISION, NEAR handsome 8-room apartments; enience; $25.
& SCOTT, 115 Dearborn-st.

MODERN 5 AND 6 ROOM enience; $30 to $35. 1731 Oak- and Evanston-av.

...cellaneous.

AND HOUSES ALL OVER ...ed for our printed list. ...ONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

...TED—FLATS.

...T BY FAMILY OF 3, FUR-...mber to spring, reasonable; best ...e A 861, Tribune office.

...NT—8-ROOM WELL FUR-...months; near lake; give par-...A 434, Tribune office.

...ENT—STORES.

South Side.

...E AND BASEMENT, 197 E. ...pply to J. S. MEYER, Room 205, 86 Fifth-av.

...OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

...LEGANT OFFICES, VAULT; ...light and janitor service. Boyd-...earborn-st.

...LE OR PART SUITE. 118, 140

...turing Property.

...JEFFERSON-ST.; LARGE ... 20,000 SQ. FT.; ALL LIGHT. ...ST & CO., 155 LA SALLE-ST.

...T—MISCELLANEOUS.

...E GREENHOUSE, COTTAGE, ...ted on Bond-av., near 70th-st. ...d of land. Apply to JEREMIAH ...th-st. and Torrence-av.

...DINGS, STORES, AND FLOORS ...the city. Send for list. ...KENSTEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

...L PROPERTY LOANS.

...MONEY? IF SO, CALL ON

...ITH, INVESTMENT BANKER, ...INGTON-ST., ROOM 901.

...ow any amount you want on

...MS AT LOWEST RATES.

...E, PIANOS, HORSES, CAR-

...TC., WITHOUT REMOVAL.

...ARIED PEOPLE WITHOUT

...MORTGAGE.

...ged to suit convenience of bor-...yments can be made at any time, ...scontinue. ...me out in advance. You get the ...e loan in cash. ...ed quickly, privately, satis-...fidentially. ...our advantage to call at my office ...t elsewhere.

...ITH, INVESTMENT BANKER, ...INGTON-ST., ROOM 901. ...ONE CENTRAL 2721.

MONEY.

...U IN NEED OF MONEY? ...CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT ...OM $30 TO $1,000 ON YOUR OWN ...UITH OUT PUBLICITY ANYWHERE ...T YOU. ...OUT REMOVAL OR PUBLICITY. ...AVE WAREHOUSE RE-...ONAL SECURITY. ...NO DISTURBING ...SESSION; YOU CAN GET THE ...AY YOU MAKE APPLICATION ...ANY INSTALLMENTS THAT ...ROWED, AND EACH PAYMENT ...REDUCES THE DEBT. ...E ARE NO RESTRICTIONS ON ...NG WHEN YOU WISH. NO ...ST IN TAKING OUT OR RE-...CEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT ...CASH. ...MAIN OFFICE OF ...AGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO., ...ARBORN-st. 3D FLOOR. ...OOMS 216 AND 217. ...AGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO., ...MADISON-ST. ROOM 702.

...VANCES, WITHOUT DELAY, ON

...S, HORSES, WAGONS, ... CARRIAGES, ETC. ...AL PROPERTY AND SALARIED, ...THOUT REMOVAL. ...O MORT FAVORABLE TERMS. ...ONFIDENTIAL ARRANGEMENT ...THE OFFICES OF

...T MORTGAGE LOAN CO., ...ROE-ST., FIFTH FLOOR, ...ERAL CUSTOM. ...ST.

...T.—COR. WENTWORTH-AV., ...other security; household goods, and ...ness. E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—AT LAKE GENEVA, THE NEW-...port of the West, the choicest of west front shore lots; select neighborhood surroundings; ten minutes' transit; pyrenet water, electric lights, lowest prices two syndicates will be formed to develop 40 acres each, and one of four individual shares, 2 lots each, and one of four individual shares, 1 lot each. Plats, books, etc. Inquire of A. BUCKINGHAM CLARK, 1819 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE— ...FINE COUNTRY HOME, LAKE ...ounty, with 20 acres in city limits. Address ...Lake Geneva, Wis.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A MOST BEAUTIFUL LOCATION, ...20 acres well developed fruit farm. Lake Michigan front; good house, barn, shade, and soil; $2,500 ...ust be sold for only $2,500.
HAUKE, Saugatuck, Mich.

FOR SALE—160-ACRE FARM, LANCASTER County, Wisconsin; 45 cleared; balance hardwood timber; splendid buildings; cheap at $5,000; terms. Send for list; excursions daily.
WEBSTER & CO., Security Building.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES LEVEL, BLACK LAND, 6 miles from Winamac, Ind., 90 mi. from Chicago; no stone; no better corn land in Illinois; will sell cheap; terms to suit.
MATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BUYERS OF COUNTRY REAL ESTATE, ...ate offerings under my ...New ...CHARLES A. STARKWEATHER, Hartford, Conn.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

WILL TRADE TWO CLEAR CORNERS, 41X160, in Conway Park, Englewood, Grandale, worth $1,600; trade for equity in flat building or other property on North Side. Address A 211, Tribune office.

WHAT HAVE YOU FOR $50,000 EQUITY FINE apartments; rents, $9,000; mortgages, $40,000? Want offers for clear acres, $25,000, and $5,000 cash; will loan on acres. Address A 211, Tribune office.

FOR EXCHANGE—MODERN HOUSE, CLEAR, in Kenwood, for California ranch. What have you got? Address A 112, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION ON Chicago and suburban property at 5 and 5½ per cent, according to security! Liberal prepayment privileges if desired.

Building loans a specialty.
Prompt attention given to applications.
ROSE & COMPANY, 108 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay all or part before maturity, and stop interest thereon. Building loans made.
ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS ON IMPROVED AND VACANT PROPERTY.
BUILDING LOANS MADE.
PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO.,
164 DEARBORN-ST.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO real estate at current rates. Building loans made.
GOLD MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
CANNELL & McCLURE, 101 Dearborn-st.

Lake View office, 1806 Clark-st., near Robson.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES
ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.

R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY-BANK.
MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

MONEY TO LOAN—
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY,
from 4 to 6 per cent,
according to amount of security.
MEAD & CODE, 100 Washington-st.

5% —REAL ESTATE LOANS— 5½%
No commission—no attorney's fees.
BUILDING LOANS—PROMPT INSPECTION.
WM. C. HEINEMAN & CO.,
MORTGAGE BANKERS, 99 LA SALLE-ST.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE $50,000 IN FIRST mortgages on Illinois real estate; city or farm; will pay for them in 12 monthly installments; give particulars to insure reply; owners only. Address A 248, Tribune office.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—
GRAHAM & CONE, Real Estate, Insurance, and Steamship Agents, 134 W. Madison-st. Open evenings.

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

WHY NOT BUILD A HOME ON THAT LOT OF yours? We put it up complete and furnish the money; 100 sets of plans; payments like rent.
GAGE & PADDOCK, Contractors, 115 Dearborn-st.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS
80 and 82 Dearborn-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

REAL ESTATE LOANS IN ANY AMOUNT AT lowest rates on approved real estate security; prepayment privileges.
BARNES & PARISH, 304, 145 La Salle-st.

McLANE & GUNN, 100 WASHINGTON-ST.—Real estate loans; we pass on security; no delay; small expense; building loans made.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE at 5 and 6 per cent interest. WALTER T. DWIGHT & CO., 95 Washington-st.

JOHN E. COLNON & CO., 90 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on real estate; no delay; we pass on security; building loans a specialty.

SIDNEY LOEB & CO., 125 LA SALLE-ST., LOAN MONEY ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES; NO DELAY.

E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 8 W. CORNER DEARborn and Washington-sts.—Loans on Chicago real estate.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—PAYable in your own office.
DUNLAP SMITH & CO., 100 Dearborn-st.

J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., MONEY loaned on Chicago real estate at lowest rates; immediate inspection. Room 302, 95 Dearborn-st.

HART & FRANK, 128 AND 130 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest market rates. No delay.

FOR SALE — SIX PER CENT GOLD MORTgages. Send for list. SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN Chicago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., Dearborn and Madison-sts.

INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT: WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made. KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, bankers, 73 Dearborn.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE in the Disbrow Building.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON approved Chicago real estate security.
KNIGHT & MARSHALL, 95 Clark-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

WESTERN STATE BANK—
N. W. cor. Clark and Washington-sts.
Loans made on Chicago real estate.

BAIRD & WARNER, 90 LA SALLE-ST. MAKE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE; LOWEST RATES; QUICK ACTION.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBurban real estate, repayable monthly.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—$1,500 FIRST GOLD MORTGAGE; 5 yrs.; 6% int.; Brick property, worth double. Address O 190, Tribune office.

TO LOAN—5 PER CENT. ANY SUM; BUILDing loans; we pass on security; no delay.
EDWIN W. FOSS, 79 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE $5,000 1ST GOLD 6% MORTgage; improved; worth $12,500.
HABERER & DELFOSSE, 95 Washington-st.

BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY—CALL BEfore arranging loan; no delay; no fees.
JOHN P. MARSH & CO., 115 Monroe-st.

MONEY LOANED AT LOWEST RATES—
Building loans.
HENRY A. KNOTT & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—MORTGAGES AND MASTERS' CERtificates for sale. Apply to WILLIAM W. WEARE, 290, 84 Van Buren-st.

WANTED—A LOAN OF $7,000 WITH WHICH to improve a large unincumbered corner in Kenwood; no agents. Address A 202, Tribune.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS OF $500 AND UP on vacant and improved. Building loans made.
WHITEHOUSE & WHITEHOUSE, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON VACANT AND IMP.; lowest rates. O. F. GIBBS & CO., 125 La Salle.

FINANCIAL.

MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM
WE
LOAN
MONEY
ON YOUR PLAIN NOTE,
without any other
indorser, at just
half the rates of
other concerns.
OPEN EVERY EVENING.
LOUIS WEINER & CO.,
Clark and Harrison-sts.
MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM

LIFE INS. POLICIES PURCHASED—LOANS on same, 6%; endowment, tontine, and distribution policies discounted at 6%; give higher cash values than companies; real estate loans, 4 to 6 per cent. JOHN V. FOX, 108 Dearborn-st.

$29 UPWARD LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE without security; everything strictly private; quick service; lowest rates; easy payments. 218 La Salle-st., Suite 306. Telephone Main 4564. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.

SALARY LOANS QUICK.
No indorser or chattel security.
Confidential and courteous treatment.
Best terms and easy payments.
J. A. BREWER & CO., 84 Adams-st., Suite 33.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED—Loans on same, 6 per cent per annum. Give largest cash and loan values than companies.
RICHARD HERZFELD, 171 La Salle-st., R. 812. Established 1874.

LOANS TO ALL CLASSES OF SALARIED PEOple; low rates and easy payments; strictly confidential; call or write. Railway Employes' Supply Co., R. 501, 305 Dearborn-st.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE HOLDing permanent positions with responsible concerns on their own names at half rates; amounts and payments to suit. Lutz & Co., 301 Atwood Bldg.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED EMPLOYES without mortgage. Also indorser; quickly; quietly; easy payments.
E. M. BENNETT & CO., Suite 21, 84 Adams-st.

SALARIED PEOPLE, RETAIL MERCHANTS, teamsters, boarding-house keepers, etc., can get money without security; easy payments. TOLMAN, 1622 Masonic Temple.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—$5,000 SHARES, value $10 each, being the controlling stock in a valuable producing copper mine; Arizona.
LOUDENBACK & CO., 95 Dearborn-st.

I BUY GOOD NOTES. ALSO
advance money to pay taxes and interest.
HOPPER, 805 Tacoma Bldg.

YOU CAN GET ALL THE MONEY YOU NEED by asking for it; quick and WAY DOWN COST, if employed. PECK, 31 Dearborn-st.

PRIVATE PARTY LOANS MONEY TO HONEST salaried people, shop and factory hands, railroad employes, etc. R. 840, 125 La Salle-st.

WANTED—USE OF $200 BY YOUNG MAN; LIBeral percentage and commission; educational; established. Address A 235, Tribune office.

$1,500 WANTED—CAN USE THIS AMOUNT 2 OR 3 years; give 7% and good security; no sharks. Address A 182, Tribune office.

MONEY—FOR A VENTRILOQUIST. ADDRESS Lock Box 202, Leavenworth, Kas.

MINES AND MINING.

ANY PERSONS OF RESPONSIBILITY DESIRing to become interested in forming a company to acquire and operate an exceptionally good gold mine will have an opportunity of learning all about same by calling at the Auditorium Annex Sunday, Aug. 18, for one day and asking for MR. J. L. HENRY of Butte, Mont. The proposition is one of the highest order and will stand the minutest examination.

TIN, THE NEW AMERICAN INDUSTRY—ORE in sight, $300,000; stock for mill at 25 cents per share; will pay double in 30 days and three times first year. Send for prospectus. E. JOHNSON, Sec'y, Suite 12, 77 Clark-st.

J. DUNRAVEN YOUNG, ANAL. CHEMIST AND assayer, 1733 Monadnock. 'Phone Har. 2458.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

INCOMPARABLE BARGAINS IN PIANOS.

NEW YORK PIANO CO. UPRIGHT, $85.
Ebonized case, 7 1-3 octaves, a very satisfactory instrument; good value for the money.

IVERS & POND UPRIGHT, $100.
7 1-3 octaves, 4 feet 4 inches in height, ebonized case, adjustable desk; good condition and excellent tone.

HAZLETON UPRIGHT, $150.
Large size, powerful tone; exceptionally fine value.

SMALL OAK FISCHER, $180.

HAINES BROS. UPRIGHT, $175.
Medium size, fret panels, ebonized case, excellent condition.

STERLING UPRIGHT, $140.
Ebonized case, entirely modern.

HALLET & DAVIS UPRIGHT, $175.
Large size, highly ornamental, and in perfect condition.

STEINWAY UPRIGHT, $200.
Small, plain parlor upright that has been the recipient of numerous testimonials of extraordinary quality for a piano of this price.

LUDWIG UPRIGHT, $215.
Medium size, modern in every respect; would pass for new; a choice bargain.

KRAKAUER UPRIGHT, $260.
An artistic upright cabinet grand in mahogany case of style fully abreast of the times. Perfect in every respect; would pass for new.

LARGE FISCHER UPRIGHT, $275.
In beautiful San Domingo mahogany. Only the least trifle used; altogether as good as new.

LARGE ESTEY UPRIGHT, $285.
Medium size, modern in every respect; in elegant mahogany case, special design, highly ornamented, thoroughly renovated.

CHICKERING UPRIGHT, $350.
Mahogany case, nearly new; largest size. In perfect order in the Chickering warerooms, before shipment. Will be guaranteed exactly as represented.

SMALL STEINWAY CONCERT GRAND, $850.
6 feet long, rosewood case, 7 1-3 octaves; has been entirely rebuilt. May be depended upon as in good condition. To close, marked at

ONE HUNDRED OTHER BARGAINS
in special new pianos, slightly used pianos, and second-hand pianos. New pianos from $125 up. Pianos to rent: $5.50 month and upward.
EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.
Handsome scarf and modern stool included with pianos. Buyers at a distance should write for special bargain list and our schedules of freight rates on pianos. We ship pianos everywhere.
Inexpensive pianos bought from us may be exchanged later toward purchase of a Steinway or Knabe. Steinway and Knabes are sold only by us.
LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.
P. S.—In summer we close Saturdays at 1 p. m.

VOSE PIANOS—

VOSE PIANOS.

GREAT AUGUST BARGAINS.

ORGANS.

Jewett & Goodman	$110
Beatty	10
Estey	15
Wilcox & White	20
Mason & Hamlin	40
W. W. Kimball	50
New England	60
Burdett	75

SQUARE PIANOS.

Dunham	$25
United Makers	30
F. G. Lighte	35
Decker Bros	40
Chickering	45
Vose & Sons	75

UPRIGHT PIANOS.

Kirkman	$ 60
Iron & Healy	110
Harry Newton	115
Shoninger	120
Adam Schaaf	130
Reed	140
Schuman	145
Jewett	150
Ludwig	160
Vose	180

AND FIFTY OTHERS.

Don't fail to look over our bargains and compare prices before buying.

EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.
VOSE & SONS PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. 246 WABASH-AV.

AUGUST SALE OF PIANOS—

Until September first we shall offer SPECIAL PRICE CONCESSIONS in pianos, both new and used.

Take advantage of these midsummer prices if you are looking for a piano or organ.

Square pianos at $12 and upwards. $3 per mo.
Used uprights, at $50 and upwards. $5 per mo.
New Eastern made pianos at $125, $5 per mo.
New Scale Kimballs from $250 to $800.
Used Reed Organs, $10 to $20.
New Reed Organs, $37 to $150.

A reduction has also been made in quite a number of slightly used Kimball pianos, and buying a Kimball piano means buying a piano that is Kimball from case to action.

Back of the buying is a guaranty which admits of no disappointment. We know what we are guaranteeing. We KNOW that an equal amount of money cannot be used on a piano elsewhere. We want YOU to know it, too.

Every instrument marked in plain figures. One price to all. Easy payments.

W. W. KIMBALL CO. (Established 1857).
S. W. Cor. Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.
We close Saturdays at 1 o'clock until September.

20 PER CENT REDUCTION ON PIANOS until Sept. 1.
In order to close broken lines, returned rentals, shopworn, second-hand, etc.

HERE IS A PARTIAL LIST:

Kranich & Bach	reg. $400, at	$320
Bauer	reg. $350, at	$120
Colby	reg. $350, at	$140
Krell	reg. $185, at	$145
Gunstsen & Fuller	reg. $160, at	$128

and other pianos accordingly.

THE MANY-TONE "CROWN" PIANO returned rentals—limited number only:
1 Cr. Wal. reg. $450, at $360.
1 Gol. Oak. reg. $375, at $300.
1 Mahog. reg. $420, at $340.
and several others dropped from catalogue styles at corresponding prices.

EASY PAYMENTS on everything.
Pianos to rent, tuned, and repaired.
GEO. P. BENT, Manufacturer.
Salesrooms: 200 Wabash Ave.
Factory 240 Washington Boul.

A GREAT OFFER—

18 PIANOS—$125 EACH.

On easy payments to make room for our new fall stock arriving. No such pianos ever offered before at the price. They are in a fine variety of case work and almost new. This is a rare opportunity for a select few. Steinway, Chickering, Knabe, Decker, Hallet & Davis, and other standard makes from $100 upwards. Call early to get one of these bargains.

J. O. TWICHELL.
221 Wabash-av.

MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM
WE
LOAN
MONEY
ON YOUR PLAIN NOTE,
without any other
indorser, at just
half the rates of
other concerns.
OPEN EVERY EVENING.
LOUIS WEINER & CO.,
Clark and Harrison-sts.
MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM

PIANOS. PIANOS. PIANOS.
We are offering a number of bargains in used pianos at the following prices:
1 Mason and Hamlin, like new.... $250
1 Bauer, medium size, walnut finish, rare bargain 225
1 Chickering, medium size, rosewood case..... 190
1 Marshall & Wendell, mahogany finish (simple style) 190
1 Bradford, large size, walnut case..... 178
1 Adam Schaaf, largest size, walnut case..... 160
Also a number of new Bauers that we have dropped from our catalogue at greatly reduced prices.
Sold on easy monthly payments if desired. Correspondence solicited.
JULIUS BAUER & CO.,
250-252 Wabash-av.
Established 1857.

AUGUST PIANO BARGAINS—
Oak upright, fine organ tone..... $110
Mahogany upright, slightly used..... 125
Walnut upright, large size..... 90
Ebony upright, good order..... 75
Walnut upright, like new..... 170
Oak upright, largest size..... 155
OTHER UPRIGHTS, $60, $85, $90.
SQUARE PIANOS, $12, $20, $35, $40.
ORGANS, $6, $8, $10.
STORY & CLARK PIANOS, $150 TO $1,000.
STORY & CLARK, 255 Wabash-av.

D. H. BALDWIN & CO., MFGS. PIANOS, ORgans, wholesale and retail. Warerooms 257 Wabash-av.

BALDWIN PIANOS, Grand Prix, Paris, 1900.
HAMILTON PIANOS, Silver Medal, Paris, 1900.
HAMILTON ORGANS, Silver Medal, Paris, 1900.
Renting, $2.50 and up; tuning, repairing, etc. Installments. A slightly used Apollo piano player, good as new, very cheap. Peerless electrical pianos; great bargains.

150 PIANOS FOR SALE ON EASY PAYMENTS; Wegman, Haines & Co., Foster, Bryant, Holmes, and others; easy payments, $5, $6, and $7 per month; rent, $3 and $4 month; second-hand pianos, $90 and up.
J. A. BRYANT, 144 and 146 Wabash-av., 2d floor, near Madison.

CAUTION—STEINWAY PIANOS—BEWARE OF bogus instruments offered as genuine Steinway pianos. A few stool covers used Steinway uprights at very low prices may be found at LYON & HEALY'S, Wabash-av. and Adams-st., and they are the only authorized Steinway agents in Chicago.

UPRIGHT PIANOS TO RENT AT LOWEST possible terms, with privilege of applying one year's rent to purchase of an "EVERETT" piano.
THE JOHN CHURCH CO.,
200 to 206 Wabash-av.

$145. $155 EACH—FINE TONE NEW UPRIGHT pianos, slightly marred on vanish only; latest improved lightwood cases; warranted for 10 years; call and select one; we sell on monthly payments. Established 1872.
147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.
ADAM SCHAAF.

A BEAUTIFUL NEW UPRIGHT PIANO, $125, IN mahogany; special bargain. Melville Clark Piano Co., 396-405 W. Madison-st.

NEW AND 2D-HAND PIANOS SOLD ON EASY payments; special bargains this week; open evenings. 3263 Milwaukee-av.

THOMPSON PIANOS. KRANICH & BACH pianos, Shoninger Pianos and Estey organs. Sold only by THOMPSON & CO., 360 Wabash-av.

GOOD SQUARE PIANOS, $25, $35, $45 TO $75 each. ADAM SCHAAF.
147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

CHASE BROTHERS, HACKLEY & CARLISLE PIANOS, the finest line on the market; don't fail to see them before buying at 220 Wabash-av.

BOARDMAN & GRAY PIANOS; EST. 1837; THE highest grade; sold only by NELSON & CRANE, 288 Wabash-av.

CLAYTON F. SUMMY CO., 220 WABASH-AV.—Chickering and Cable pianos. Rent for second-hand list. Compare prices before buying.

GENUINE NEW STEINWAY AND NEW Knabe pianos are sold only by Lyon & Healy.

LEGAL, NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

NORTH-WESTERN ELEVATED RAILROAD COMPANY.

STOCK TRUST CERTIFICATE HOLDERS.
The stockholders of the Northwestern Elevated Railroad Company are hereby authorized the issuance of certain "First Refunding and Extension Five Per Cent Convertible Gold Bonds" of the Company to the amount of $2,000,000, which bonds are to be secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on the Elevated Railroad of the Company and the real estate connected therewith, to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company and the Union Trust Company of Chicago, and at the office of Blair & Co. in the City of New York, and to which mortgage reference is hereby made for the form of the proposed bonds, the mortgages to secure the same, and the terms and conditions upon which said bonds are to be issued. Of the said bonds $1,000,000 are offered for subscription at the rate of 110 per cent in cash for the par value thereof, TO SUCH HOLDERS OF THE PRESENT OUTSTANDING CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT OF THE SHARES OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF THE NORTH-WESTERN ELEVATED RAILROAD COMPANY AS SHALL PRESENT THE SAME FOR EXCHANGE FOR SUCH CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, AND TO SUCH HOLDERS OF SUCH STOCK AS SHALL WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF THE PUBLICATION OF THIS NOTICE EXERCISE THE PRIVILEGE OF SUBSCRIBING FOR ONE ($1) SHARE OF SUCH STOCK FOR EVERY ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS ($1,000) OF SUCH BONDS SO OFFERED IN EXCHANGE, AS REPRESENTED BY THE STOCK TRUST CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, OF WHICH HE SHALL BE SUCH REGISTERED HOLDER. Subscriptions for bonds must be received by the Northwestern Elevated Railroad Company on and after August 16th and before August 31st, 1901, at which time proposals will be opened at the office of the ILLINOIS TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK IN THE CITY OF CHICAGO, accompanied by a certified check upon the Chicago Bank or Trust Company, or by a bank draft on Chicago payable at the office of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, for the amount of the subscription for one (1) BOND WILL BE RECEIVED. Subscription blanks including SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT CERTIFICATES FOR LESS THAN TEN (10) SHARES OF STOCK may be bought or sold and may be assigned and transferred by the Company will not buy or sell such rights. Subscriptions for bonds in the form of one thousand dollars ($1,000), or multiples thereof, will be received by virtue of subscription rights appertaining to the aggregate to ten (10) shares of stock, or multiples thereof, from persons presenting assignments or subscription rights. Subscription blanks and assignment blanks may be obtained upon application at the office of the Northwestern Elevated Railroad Company, the office of Blair & Co. and the office of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank. NO SUBSCRIPTION AND NO ASSIGNMENT OF SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS EXCEPT ON SUCH BLANKS WILL BE RECOGNIZED; and no will such subscription be received before August 16, 1901, OR AFTER 3 P. M. OF OCTOBER 1, 1901, OR AFTER 3 P. M. OF AUGUST 29, 1901. A certificate will be issued by the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank for each bond so subscribed for, which will certify that the holder thereof, on the surrender of such certificate at the office of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, is entitled to receive such bond as soon after September 1, 1901, as said bonds shall be issued by said bank for delivery by it. Delivery will be made as soon as the bonds can be engraved and executed, due notice of which will be given by publication or otherwise.
The attention of Stock Trust Certificate Holders is particularly called to the conditions of this offer, and that it is made to the Stock Trust Certificate Holders who shall be registered as such at the closing of the registry and transfer books of such Stock Trust Certificates AT THREE (3) O'CLOCK P. M. OF AUGUST 17, 1901, and that all subscriptions must be received before that time. The registry and transfer books for the Stock Trust Certificates will be closed at THREE (3) O'CLOCK P. M. OF AUGUST 17, 1901, and will remain closed until the morning of AUGUST 29, 1901.
NORTH-WESTERN ELEVATED RAILROAD COMPANY.
CLARENCE BUCKINGHAM, President.
Approved:
JOHN MITCHELL,
LYMAN J. GAGE,
JAMES A. BLAIR,
Voting Trustees.

NOTICE OF SALE OF REFUNDING COUPON BONDS.
The Board of County Commissioners of the County of Laramie, State of Wyoming, hereby gives notice of its intention to issue and negotiate refunding coupon bonds of said county and to invite bidders therefor, said bonds amounting to $400,000 par value, of the denominations of one thousand dollars ($1,000), five hundred dollars ($500), or one hundred dollars ($100), or all or either of such denominations, payable at the option of the county ten years after their date, and absolutely due and payable twenty years after their date.
The principal and interest of the said bonds shall be payable in the gold coin of the United States at the office of the county treasurer of the County of Laramie, in the City of Cheyenne, State of Wyoming, or at The Union Trust Company in the City of New York.
The said bonds are to be issued to refund and in exchange for outstanding bonds of this county to the amount in par value of $400,000, and the said refunding bonds shall be issued unless at the same time at least an equal amount of the indebtedness to be redeemed shall be canceled; it being the intention that at no time shall the sum total of the refunding bonds disposed of and the outstanding indebtedness un

POSTAL THEFTS MUST BE REPAID

Attorney General Knox Renders the Opinion in a New York Case.

BLOW TO BOND CONCERNS.

Declares Dishonest Employes Sureties Must Pay Mail Losses in Full.

GENERAL CAPITAL NEWS.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C., Aug. 15.

Attorney General Knox has rendered an opinion which will be of interest to the entire country, inasmuch as he holds the government is bound to recover mail matter lost through negligence or dishonesty on the part of its employés and to restore the same to its owners. The Attorney General also decided that when a mail clerk or carrier steals a registered letter containing money he is responsible for the amount stolen.

Holds Government Is Responsible for Employes' Thefts.

The Attorney General's decision was called forth by the fact that some time ago a letter carrier in New York City stole two letters containing something over $2,000. The postoffice inspectors recovered about $1,500 of the money and called upon the Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, which was on the bond of the carrier, for the remainder. They tendered the department $20 for each letter, stating that was all the government was liable for and that the company could not be held for a greater amount than the government was required to pay the owners of the letters. The department contended that since the surety company by virtue of the conditions of the bond guaranteed that the carrier would faithfully and honestly perform his duties, that in the stealing of the letters he violated the provisions of his bond, and the company, therefore, liable for loss up to the amount for which the company had bonded him and declined to accept the $20 tendered. The company then persistently maintained that the decision of the department was not within the law, and agreed to submit a statement of the facts to the Attorney General of the United States, and whatever his decision, to abide by it.

The Attorney General further held that in this case the surety company guaranteed that the employé would faithfully and honestly discharge his duties, and therefore when he committed theft of mail which was intrusted to him he had violated his bond and the surety company was held responsible under its contract for the amount of money stolen, provided it did not exceed the amount for which the bond was given.

Every officer of the army will be compelled to study his text books by a general order issued by the War department today. The order reëstablishes the post-lyceum system in the army, under which officers will be compelled to study up on military subjects and perfect themselves in the art of war. Weekly meetings will be held at which past and essays will be read and discussed. These lyceum sessions have not been held since war was declared with Spain, and the new appointees to the service have been practically without instruction or intellectual practice of any kind.

All Army Officers Ordered to Resume Their Text Books.

The issue of the order which revives the post lyceum will be received with a variety of emotions by army officers. Some of the older officers will not relish the idea, and the younger ones will probably find it rather severe after their two or three years of freedom from such work. The Secretary of War, however, has taken a keen interest in the matter, and proposes to have the order enforced. He will detail inspectors, whose duty it will be to visit the various posts and see that the lyceums are in complete working order.

In addition to this General Miles, who drafted the order, points out the essential of a good soldier, specifically mentioning patriotism, discipline, physical development, self-respect, self-reliance, and resourcefulness, as well as professional knowledge, necessary at all times. "Of these principals," says the order, "patriotism is of the first and paramount importance. An absolute and unqualified devotion to the welfare of their country, of all in the military service, is an indispensable requisite that constitutes the soul of an efficient army. It is essential that the army shall fully understand the character of our government, shall realize the benefits and prerogatives granted by our constitution, and shall be familiar with the brilliant achievement of our arms as recorded in our past military history."

"The second principle, discipline," continues the order, "distinguishes thoroughly trained and instructed troops from an irresponsible, unwieldly, and disorderly aggregation of men. Respect for and implicit obedience to superior authority are its essential characteristics. Its vital importance must be thoroughly impressed upon all in the military service. Officers will always be exemplary in deportment, will exercise justice and impartiality, and will be considerate in their conduct toward all subordinates. Cheerful, earnest, and loyal obedience will be promptly paid by all subordinates to lawful orders of superiors. No order will be issued without the provision for or power of execution and enforcement. Recent reports indicate the existence of marked unsoldierly deportment on the part of some of the troops, a condition apparently cultivated recently under the mistaken idea that a certain uncouthness of exterior and laxity of manners are the essential characteristics of a soldier. As they are most subversive of discipline and efficiency, offenses of this nature must neither be ignored nor condoned.

Strict Enforcement of Discipline Is Strongly Urged.

"Commanding officers are strictly accountable for the general appearance of their troops, whether they be in garrison, in camp, on the march, off duty, or on brief furlough.

"Soldiers are as much responsible for their conduct while off the military reservations or out of camp as when in garrison.

"The exchange canteen, recreation, or amusement-room, as it was originally called, will be made as attractive as possible, and the recent law covering it will be faithfully and loyally observed."

"The third principle to be observed is the highest possible physical development that will render the soldier capable of the greatest endurance on the march and on the field of battle. To this end athletic games are superior to prescribed gymnastics that require special apparatus, and marches of increasing length at 'attention,' to those at route step with shambling gait and irregular cadence.

Athletic Games Favored to Increase Physical Endurance

"The fourth principle of importance comprises self-respect, self-reliance, and resourcefulness. These qualities making up a man's individuality are in a large measure inherent in the American soldier.

"The fifth principle is that of greatest efficiency in professional knowledge. The art of war is the application of its principles to actual practice and of more importance than the science.

"Military problems will be carefully and timely prepared for solution during important military drills and maneuvers.

"Troops will be frequently occupied in extended field exercises, such as scouting, reconnoitering, and mapmaking expeditions and other practical field work. The officers and men will be required to apply the principles of security and information to the accidents of the terrain over which they may be engaged. Wherever practicable, extensive military maneuvers will be practiced by detachments simulating larger bodies of troops, but all under a well-defined system.

"The long established reputation of the army demands that nothing short of perfect proficiency in active service shall be accepted. To the accomplishment of this all officers are required to conscientiously and faithfully execute the requirements of this and similar orders from these headquarters."

It is expected that on Sept. 1 all the women employed in the government printing office will become members of an organized labor organization. A short time ago a great effort was begun by some of the women employed there to organize the female employés in the bookbinders' department so that no woman not a member of the organization should be able to obtain employment in that department. This organization, now perfected, is a member of the Federation of Labor. The movement was vigorously opposed by some of the women who said they did not believe in labor organizations, but their opposition was without success except to stir up ill feeling. The success of this organization has started a similar movement among the press feeders of the government printing office, of which there are about 150. The press feeders expect to perfect their organization by Sept. 1.

Government Printing Office Women Organizing.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow has received a cablegram from M. C. Fosnes, Director General of Posts of Cuba, stating that the trial of E. P. Thompson, formerly postmaster at Havana, has been concluded and Thompson convicted. He has been sentenced to pay a fine of $400 or serve six months in prison.

Thompson, Former Postmaster of Havana, Convicted.

In September, 1899, Thompson, while postmaster at Havana, caused to be issued in his own behalf four money orders for $100 each, and instead of depositing the money therefor he placed his due bill in the drawer for $400. Some time afterwards an inspection of the office was made. Thompson being informed in advance placed $400 in the drawer from remittances he had received that morning, postponing the entry of these remittances until after the inspection was finished. Then he withdrew the $400, replaced his due bill, and entered up the remittances.

Commissioner General of Immigration Powderly in his forthcoming annual report will probably not only recommend reënactment of the Chinese exclusion law, but will propose some new and more stringent regulations to prevent the entrance into the United States of Chinese persons by way of Mexico. Many Chinese are annually landed at San Francisco under contract to work on plantations in Mexico. These are allowed to pass through the country, but the immigration officials are satisfied that not more than one-tenth of the whole number reach the destination for which they are ostensibly bound. They leave the trains at stations along the Mexican border and cross surreptitiously to the United States.

More Stringent Chinese Exclusion Laws Are Urged.

Lieutenant General Miles left Washington tonight for Buffalo, N. Y. He will remain in that city for two weeks, and in that time will attend the meetings of various military organizations which will hold sessions in that city. On Aug. 30 the Board of Ordnance and Fortification, of which General Miles is President, will hold a meeting in Buffalo. General Miles was accompanied by Lieutenant Colonel H. R. Whitney, his senior aid, and Mrs. Miles was of the party. Following the trip to Buffalo General Miles will make his annual transcontinental inspection tour and visit the principal military posts and stations and go as far West as the Pacific coast. On this trip he will probably be accompanied by Lieutenant Colonel M. P. Maus, one of his aids.

Gen. Miles and Party Leave for Exposition City.

SICILIANS CELEBRATE THE ASSUMPTION OF THE VIRGIN.

Altars to the Madonna Are Erected in the Open Street and Hundreds Worship at Brilliantly Lighted Shrines.

The Sicilians of the Nineteenth Ward celebrated the Assumption of the Virgin last night. On Polk street, near Halsted, the largest of the altars was built. Five large arches were put up covered with green branches and vines, and Sicilian and American flags were swung above the arches. At the end of the bower-like avenue was the altar in a high, broad inclosure. Tiers of lighted candles flickered and flared in front of the image of the Virgin, which had been brought from Sicily and set up in the open air according to the old custom.

Two blocks of Ewing street were hung with lanterns suspended above the sidewalks on green-covered lines, while on Jefferson street the green arches were so close together that they made almost a perfect bower.

There are at least 1,100 Sicilians in Chicago, and, with few exceptions, they live in the Nineteenth Ward. They were all out, wearing the national costumes and full of the spirit of the holiday. The Italian headdresses and scarfs, and the soft Italian voices made this religious ceremony as foreign in appearance as though it had been celebrated in Sicily itself. Tonight and tomorrow night the candles will be lit again before the altars, and the crowds will fill the streets—for once beautiful. On Sunday there will be a parade.

ROOSEVELT IS IN THE CITY.

Vice President Passes Through Chicago on His Way Home from Colorado Silver Jubilee.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, Vice President of the United States, passed through Chicago yesterday morning. He did not stop long enough to even greet his friends, but whirled from one depot to another and proceeded on his way to Oyster Bay. He is on his return from a long trip through Colorado, where he delivered an address at the quarter centennial celebration of that State's entrance to the union. He did a little hunting, but did not seek big game. Mr. Roosevelt is suffering from a bad cold and is anxious to get back to Oyster Bay as soon as possible. He expects to go to Washington as soon as his health permits, but declined to state what is the immediate cause of his visit.

MAKES WAR ON BILLBOARDS.

Mayor Wells of St. Louis Proposes to Have the More Unsightly Ones Torn Down.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Mayor Wells has inaugurated a crusade against unsightly billboards. He has called the attention of the City Counselor to them, and proposes to have them removed. The ordinances regulating billboards is being constantly violated, and it is the intention to have the objectionable billboards torn down and especially to prevent their use for suggestive or "loud" lithographs and paintings. The Mayor said today: "There is no question but that many of the billboards are unsightly and should be removed, and I will endeavor to see that they are condemned and removed."

HEARING FOR SMYSER TODAY.

Former Member of State Dental Board to Be Arraigned on Charge of Forgery.

The first of what may prove to be a number of trials in connection with alleged frauds in issuing licenses to dentists will begin before Judge Kavanagh this afternoon when Dr. Jacob H. Smyser will be given a preliminary hearing on the charge of forgery. No new warrants were taken out yesterday and Consul Worman and his attorney contented themselves with perfecting, with Attorney General Hamlin, the cases against dental colleges which are said to have issued "fake" diplomas.

$15.55 Duluth and Return.

Chicago and Northwestern Railway, Aug. 15 to 31. Fast train, 10 p. m. daily. Quickest time to head of lakes. Best service. Ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells street station.

SCHLEY RETURNS TO WASHINGTON.

Rear Admiral and Counsel Begin Final Preparations for Trial Today.

SAMPSON TO BE CALLED.

Apparently Gives Up Idea of Keeping Off the Witness Stand.

BUYING HOME AT CAPITAL.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Rear Admiral Schley will reach here tomorrow to confer with his attorneys, Jeremiah M. Wilson, Isidor Rayner, Attorney General of Maryland, and Captain James Parker of New Jersey. This will be the first time Admiral Schley has been in Washington since the controversy was renewed, as a result of the attacks made upon him by E. S. Maclay in his "history" of the Santiago engagement. The Admiral will meet his counsel at the Shoreham, and the entire case will be gone over in all its phases.

When Admiral Schley asked for the court of inquiry he decided to have an attorney of the Maryland bar to represent him, and accordingly he asked Attorney General Rayner to become one of his counsel.

Mr. Rayner complied with the Admiral's request. He is one of the ablest lawyers in Maryland and is a warm friend and admirer of Admiral Schley, whose friends are greatly pleased over the acceptance by Mr. Rayner.

Captain Parker has the data relating to the case well in hand, and will be able to lay it before his associates when they meet here, so that Judge Wilson and Attorney General Rayner will be enabled to formulate an outline of their plans without delay.

They have just four weeks before the court convenes, but this is considered ample time, in view of the progress which has thus far been made.

Sampson to Be Summoned.

It is now quite likely that Admiral Sampson will be summoned before the court, and that he will testify instead of submitting a deposition. For some days there has been a growing belief that Admiral Sampson would not appear, but as there has been so much criticism of this proposed action it is realized that the opponents of Admiral Schley would immediately be charged with the fear of the consequences of Admiral Sampson's being cross-questioned.

Admiral Sampson is to remain quiet and at rest from all work and away from all excitement in order that he may gain health and strength. It is settled that he will not go abroad until after the case is concluded. He is arranging to buy the residence in New Hampshire avenue which was his home prior to the outbreak of the Spanish war. The house is at the northeast corner of New Hampshire avenue and Corcoran street, and is the property of Commander Folger.

Seeking New Courtroom.

It is now more than probable that the court of equity will be held at the Washington navy yard instead of the reception-room in the Navy department, adjoining the office of the Secretary. In looking over the situation it was found there was no adjoining room in which the court could retire for executive session, and if the court met in this room the general public would have no opportunity of witnessing the proceedings of the trial.

J. R. B. VAN CLEAVE UNDER ARREST AT SPRINGFIELD.

Former Insurance Commissioner Is Charged with Abstracting State Papers from His Department.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Former Insurance Commissioner J. R. B. Van Cleave was arrested at his home in this city this evening on a State warrant sworn out by H. H. Klayer charging him with abstracting from the Insurance department State papers. Van Cleave gave bond in the sum of $100 for his appearance before Justice Connolly in this city next Wednesday afternoon.

Klayer was formerly an employé of the Ætna Fire Insurance company at Cincinnati, but for some reason left the company. Since then he has devoted his time to hunting up violations of the insurance laws of Illinois alleged to have been committed by the Ætna. One of his first efforts was to unearth violations of the laws in relation to taxes and agents' certificates. Experts examined the Ætna's books and reported that it owed the State $20,000. The Ætna paid this money, admitting all but $8,000, which was protested and which the company decided to sue for.

Van Cleave, knowing that he had this suit to defend, says that he ordered one of the clerks in the department to get together all the papers relating to the Ætna and deposit them in the safety vaults of the Marine Bank. This was done. After using them he says he gave instructions that they all be taken back to the department. When he arrived home he found a constable with the warrant.

Court Orders Coal Mines Sold.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 15.—In the suits of Lionel Doherty against the Big Muddy Coal and Washing company, De Soto, Jackson County, Ill., Judge Humphrey, in the United States Circuit Court, today entered a decree of foreclosure and ordered the sale of the mines and other property of the defendant, by Walter W. Allen, master in chancery.

Over $50,000 Invested

DIRECTORS PUT UP THEIR OWN MONEY.

The best guarantee of good faith an investor can ask of the directors of a company is that the latter put their money in, too. The directors of the Buffalo Oil Co. have done this. More than that, they have reserved one-half of the entire capitalization for treasury purposes—set it aside for the benefit of all the stockholders. That is an assurance of honest policy stronger than words. The fact is the directors expect to make their profits out of dividends, not out of the sale of stock. The properties of the Buffalo Company will certainly pay some sort of dividend, and the directors are acting in accordance with their belief that these dividends will be very large. The preparations they are making to handle oil are a third guarantee of their good faith. They have bought a 42,000-gallon steel tank, made contracts for pipe line service and tank cars, negotiated for a barge line, and made arrangements to supply oil to customers. This activity indicates that the directors expect to be handling large quantities of oil. You may be quite sure they would not be spending money for pipe and tanks if they were not certain that the Buffalo wells would prove big gushers.

Judge for yourself; we own in FEE SIMPLE enough land to support four wells on Spindletop Heights; four of the biggest wells in the world, flowing from thirty to fifty thousand barrels a day, surround our land. We are putting down a well on this land that is now two hundred feet deep. It will be a gusher. Oil will be struck about September 1st. These four wells will make the Buffalo Oil Co. one of the largest oil producers in Beaumont.

We have a controlling interest in 8,500 acres of land in Jack Co., that will make as much or more money for us than the Beaumont wells. There are two flowing wells on this land now. The oil is worth $6.00 a barrel. Sept. 1, twenty and possibly 100, wells will be put down. The contracts are made now. Figuring from the yield of the two wells, one hundred would produce a gross income of $1,250,000 a year. Finally we control 240 acres of oil land in Louisiana, near Vinton. Four wells are going down on this property now. You can judge whether there is oil there or not from the fact that the drillers are firing their boilers with oil that was struck forty-five feet below the surface. We have three different properties, each carrying oil. We will guarantee and make affidavit to all of these statements. The Directors are above suspicion, honorable and reputable business men whose intention it is to make the Buffalo company a dividend payer—one of the largest in the Beaumont field.

The capitalization is small, $300,000. The shares are par-ten cents. They were never less than par. Act now. Call or write Chicago office.

BUFFALO OIL CO.,
1501 Marquette Bldg., Chicago.

SCHLESINGER MAYER

50% off sheer white waists.

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$5.00 waists, 50% discount, $2½.
$6.00 waists, 50% discount, $3.
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$8.00 shirt waists, 50% discount, $4.
$10.00 shirt waists, 50% discount, $5.

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$5 for $10 dinner sets.

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9.00 AM MENOMINEE EX. Fox River points, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee.
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6.30 PM OVERLAND LIMITED. California in Three Days. All points on Union Pacific, Omaha, Salt Lake City, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles.
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8.00 PM PENINSULA EXPRESS. Fox River points, Green Bay, Ishpeming, Marquette, Copper Country.
10.00 PM DULUTH AND ST. PAUL FAST MAIL. Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth.
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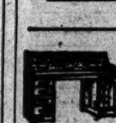

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